

**Series 4000
Policy 4001
Personnel**

**REPORTS OF SUSPECTED ABUSE OR NEGLECT OF ADULTS WITH AN
INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY OR AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER**

Section 46a-11b of the Connecticut General Statutes requires that certain school personnel report any suspected abuse or neglect of persons between eighteen (18) and sixty (60) years of age who: 1) have an intellectual disability or 2) receive funding or services from the Department of Social Services' ("DSS") Division of Autism Spectrum Disorder Services. In furtherance of this statute and its purpose, it is the policy of the Norfolk Board of Education to require ALL EMPLOYEES of the Board of Education to comply with the following procedures in the event that, in the ordinary course of their employment or profession, they have reasonable cause to suspect that a person with an intellectual disability or an individual receiving funding or services from DSS' Division of Autism Spectrum Disorder Services between eighteen (18) and sixty (60) years of age has been abused or neglected.

1. Scope of Policy

This policy applies not only to employees who are required by law to report suspected abuse and/or neglect of adults with intellectual disabilities, but also to ALL EMPLOYEES of the Board of Education.

2. Definitions

For the purposes of this policy:

"Abuse" means the willful infliction of physical pain or injury or the willful deprivation by a caretaker of services which are necessary to the person's health or safety.

"Neglect" means a situation where a person with an intellectual disability either is living alone and is not able to provide for himself or herself the services which are necessary to maintain his or her physical and mental health, or is not receiving such necessary services from the caretaker.

"Statutory Mandated Reporter" means an individual required by Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 46a-11b to report suspected abuse and/or neglect of adults with intellectual disabilities. In the public school context, the term "statutory mandated reporter" includes teachers, school administrators, school guidance counselors, paraprofessionals, licensed behavior analysts, registered or licensed practical nurses, psychologists, social workers, licensed or certified substance abuse counselors, mental health professionals, physical therapists, occupational

therapists, dental hygienists, speech pathologists, and licensed professional counselors.

3. Reporting Procedures for Statutory Mandated Reporters

If a statutory mandated reporter has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that any person with an intellectual disability, or any individual who receives funding or services from DSS' Division of Autism Spectrum Disorder Services, between eighteen (18) and sixty (60) years of age has been abused or neglected, the mandated reporter shall, as soon as practicable, but not later than forty-eight (48) hours after having reasonable cause to suspect abuse or neglect, make an oral report to:

Abuse Investigation Division
Department of Developmental Services ("DDS")
460 Capitol Avenue
Hartford, Connecticut 06106
Telephone: 1-844-878-8923

An unsuccessful attempt to make an initial report to DDS on the weekend, holiday, or after business hours shall not be construed as a violation of this policy or applicable law if the mandatory reporter makes reasonable attempts to make such report as soon as practicable after the initial attempt. For purposes of this policy, "reasonable attempts" means documented efforts to contact DDS by phone, electronic mail or in person.

The statutory mandated reporter shall also immediately notify the Superintendent.

Such initial oral report shall be followed by a written report to the Abuse Investigation Division of DDS not later than five calendar days after the initial oral report was made, and a copy of any written report shall be given to the Superintendent.

4. Reporting Procedures for Non-Statutory Mandated Reporters

The following procedures apply only to employees who are not statutory mandated reporters, as set forth above.

- a) If an employee who is not a statutory mandated reporter has reasonable cause to suspect that any person with an intellectual disability, or any individual who receives funding or services from the DSS' Division of Autism Spectrum Disorder Services, between eighteen (18) and sixty (60) years of age has been abused or neglected, the following steps shall be taken.

- (1) The employee shall as soon as practicable, but not later than forty-eight (48) hours after having reasonable cause to suspect abuse or neglect, make an oral report by telephone or in person to the Superintendent of Schools or his/her designee, to be followed by an immediate written report to the Superintendent or his/her designee.
 - (2) If the Superintendent or his/her designee determines that there is reasonable cause to suspect or believe that any person with an intellectual disability, or any individual who receives funding or services from the DSS' Division of Autism Spectrum Disorder Services, between eighteen (18) and sixty (60) years has been abused or neglected, the Superintendent or designee shall cause reports to be made in accordance with the procedures set forth for statutory mandated reporters, set forth above.
- b) Nothing in this policy shall be construed to preclude an employee from reporting suspected abuse and/or neglect of adults with intellectual disabilities, or any individual who receives funding or services from the DSS' Division of Autism Spectrum Disorder Services, directly to the Abuse Investigation Division of DDS.

5. Contents of Report

Any oral or written report made pursuant to this policy shall contain the following information, if known:

- a) the name and address of the allegedly abused or neglected person;
- b) a statement from the reporter indicating a belief that the person is intellectually disabled or receives funding or services from the DSS' Division of Autism Spectrum Disorder Services, together with information indicating that the person is unable to protect himself or herself from abuse or neglect;
- c) information concerning the nature and extent of the abuse or neglect; and,
- d) any additional information that the reporter believes would be helpful in investigating the report or in protecting the person with an intellectual disability or who receives funding or services from the DSS' Division of Autism Spectrum Disorder Services.

6. Investigation of the Report

If the suspected abuser is a school employee, the Superintendent shall thoroughly investigate the report, and shall, to the extent feasible, endeavor to coordinate any

such investigation with the investigation conducted by the Abuse Investigation Division of DDS.

The Superintendent's investigation shall include an opportunity for the suspected abuser to be heard with respect to the allegations contained within the report. During the course of an investigation of suspected abuse by a school employee, the Superintendent may suspend the employee with pay or may place the employee on administrative leave with pay, pending the outcome of the investigation.

If the investigation by the Superintendent and/or the Abuse Investigation Division of DDS produces evidence that a person with an intellectual disability, or any individual who receives funding or services from the DSS' Division of Autism Spectrum Disorder Services, has been abused by a school employee, the Superintendent and/or the Board, as appropriate, may take disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

7. Delegation of Authority by Superintendent

The Superintendent may appoint a designee for the purposes of receiving and making reports, notifying and receiving notification, or investigating reports pursuant to this policy.

8. Disciplinary Action for Failure to Follow Policy

Any employee who fails to comply with the requirements of this policy shall be subject to discipline, up to and including termination of employment.

9. Non-discrimination Policy

The Board of Education shall not discharge or in any manner discriminate or retaliate against any employee who, in good faith, makes a report pursuant to this policy, or testifies or is about to testify in any proceeding involving abuse or neglect.

Legal References:

Connecticut General Statutes:

Section 46a-11a

Section 46a-11b et seq.

Public Act 18-96, "An Act Concerning Reports of Abuse or Neglect of Persons with Intellectual Disability or Autism Spectrum Disorder"

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

**Series 4000
Policy 4002
Personnel**

ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE

PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish a workplace that is free of the effects of alcohol and second-hand smoke, and free from drug abuse. By accomplishing this purpose, the Board also seeks to promote a safe, healthy working environment for all employees and to reduce absenteeism, tardiness, and other job performance problems which may be caused by alcohol and/or drug abuse. This policy is adopted in accordance with state law and the Drug Free Workplace Act.

STATEMENT OF POLICY

Employees shall not be involved with the unlawful manufacture, distribution, possession, or use of an illegal drug, controlled substance, or alcohol and shall not be under the influence of such substances while on school property or while conducting Board business on or off school property. Any employee who discovers illegal drugs, a controlled substance, or alcohol on school property shall notify the Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee who shall investigate the matter.

An employee must report any conviction under a criminal drug statute for violations occurring on or off school property while on Board business to the Superintendent or his/her designee within five (5) days after the conviction. The Board will notify any agency awarding a grant to the Board of such conviction within ten (10) days thereafter.

Employees shall only use prescription drugs on school property, or during the conduct of Board business, that have been prescribed to them by a licensed medical practitioner, and such drugs shall be used only as prescribed. However, in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. § 21a-408a through 408q, the Board specifically prohibits the palliative use of marijuana on school property, at a school-sponsored activity, or during the conduct of Board business, and specifically prohibits employees from being under the influence of intoxicating substances, including marijuana used for palliative purposes, during work hours.

The Board prohibits smoking, including smoking using an electronic nicotine delivery system (e.g. e-cigarettes), electronic cannabis delivery system, or vapor product, and the use of tobacco products in any area of a school building, on school property, including property owned, leased, contracted for, or utilized by the Board, or at any school-sponsored activity.

While Connecticut law allows for the legal use of marijuana under certain circumstances, because marijuana use is still prohibited under federal law, the use of marijuana at work, or

outside of work if it impairs an employee's ability to perform their job, constitutes a violation of this policy.

Violations of this policy may result in disciplinary action, up to and including possible termination of employment.

DEFINITIONS

“Any area” means the interior of a school building and the outside area within twenty-five feet of any doorway, operable window or air intake vent of a school building.

“Cannabis” means marijuana, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 21a-240.

“Controlled substance” means a controlled substance in schedules I through V of section 202 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970 ([21 U.S.C. 812](#)), including marijuana.

“Electronic cannabis delivery system” means an electronic device that may be used to simulate smoking in the delivery of cannabis to a person inhaling the device and includes, but is not limited to, a vaporizer, electronic pipe, electronic hookah and any related device and any cartridge or other component of such device.

“Electronic nicotine delivery system” means an electronic device used in the delivery of nicotine to a person inhaling from the device, and includes, but is not limited to, an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe or electronic hookah and any related device and any cartridge or other component of such device, including, but not limited to, electronic cigarette liquid or synthetic nicotine.

“School property” means any land and all temporary and permanent structures comprising the district's school and administrative office buildings and includes, but is not limited to, classrooms, hallways, storage facilities, theatres, gymnasiums, fields, and parking lots.

“School-sponsored activity” means any activity sponsored, recognized, or authorized by a board of education and includes activities conducted on or off school property.

“Smoke” or “smoking” means the burning of a lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe or any other similar device, whether containing, wholly or in part, tobacco, cannabis or hemp.

“Vapor product” means any product that employs a heating element, power source, electronic circuit or other electronic, chemical or mechanical means, regardless of shape or size, to produce a vapor that may or may not include nicotine or cannabis and is inhaled by the user of such product.

EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE

In appropriate circumstances, the Board shall provide an employee with an opportunity for rehabilitation in overcoming addiction to, dependence upon or other problem with alcohol or drugs.

Employees who feel they have developed an addiction to, dependence upon, or other problem with alcohol or drugs are encouraged to seek assistance. Certain benefits for alcoholism or drug addiction are provided under the Board's group medical insurance plan. An employee may be given an opportunity to participate in a rehabilitation program which requires absence from work for bona fide treatment. Such absence may be charged to the employee's accrued and unused sick leave, subject to the provisions of the employee's collective bargaining agreement and/or any applicable Board policies and regulations.

Any request for assistance with a drug or alcohol problem will be treated as confidential and only those persons "needing to know" will be made aware of such request.

Legal References:

Connecticut General Statutes:

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-233a(h) (definition of school-sponsored activity)

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 19a-342

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 19a-342a

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 21a-408a through 408q (palliative use of marijuana)

June Special Session, Public Act No. 21-1

United States Code:

Pro-Children Act of 2001, 20 U.S.C. § 7973, as amended by the Every Student Succeeds Act, Public Law 114-95, § 4001

Drug Free Workplace Act, 41 U.S.C. § 8101 et seq.

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

Series 4000
Policy 4004
Personnel

**ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS REGARDING BLOODBORNE
PATHOGENS**

The Norfolk Board of Education is committed to promoting a safe and healthful work environment for its staff. In pursuit of this goal and in accordance with the United States Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations dealing with “Safe Workplace” standards relating to exposure to Bloodborne Pathogens, the following will be the procedures of the Norfolk Board of Education for at risk personnel.

The Norfolk Board of Education shall establish a written exposure control plan in accordance with the federal standards for dealing with potentially infectious materials in the workplace to protect employees from possible infection due to contact with Bloodborne pathogens. Pursuant to these procedures, the school will take reasonably necessary actions to protect its employees from infectious disease and in particular H.I.V. and H.B.V. infection.

The school will provide the training and protective equipment to those persons who are at risk by virtue of their job performance and may come in contact with infectious disease. Furthermore, all Norfolk Board of Education personnel defined by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration and the school who may come in contact with blood and body fluids will be offered the vaccine for the Hepatitis B Virus which is a life threatening Bloodborne pathogen. The vaccination will be done at no cost to the personnel and is provided as a precaution for personnel safety.

Legal References:

29 C.F.R. § 1910.1030 OSHA Bloodborne pathogens standards

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**Series 4000
Policy 4004
Personnel**

EXPOSURE CONTROL PLAN FOR BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS

I. Definitions

- A. **Contaminated Sharps:** any contaminated object that can penetrate the skin including, but not limited to, needles, scalpels, broken glass, broken capillary tubes, and exposed ends of dental wires.
- B. **Engineering Controls:** controls (e.g., sharps disposal containers, self-sheathing needles, safer medical devices, such as sharps with engineered sharps injury protections and needless systems) that isolate or remove the bloodborne pathogens hazard from the workplace.
- C. **Work Practice Controls:** controls that reduce the likelihood of exposure by altering the manner in which a task is performed (e.g., prohibiting recapping of needles by a two-handed technique).

II. Exposure Determination

[Note: The exposure determination plan need only identify classes of employees that, as a product of their job duties, have some level of occupational exposure. This is merely one example of a way to classify such employees]

- A. Category I: Those personnel who come in direct contact with blood and body fluids for which precautions must be taken
- B. Category II: Personnel who participate in activities without blood exposure but exposure may occur in an emergency
- C. Category III: Personnel performing tasks that do not entail predictable or unpredictable exposure to blood
 - 1. School nurses or nurse practitioners assisting and treating injured students may come in contact with blood and other bodily fluids (Category I).
 - 2. School staff, including physical education teachers, OT, PT, general aides, technical instructors, athletic coaches and principals may come in contact with blood and other bodily fluids in the performance of their jobs in treating injured students (Category I).

3. Special education teachers and aides in self-contained and behavioral programs, nursing program students, and custodial staff, and other staff who substitute for them, may have to clean up after injured persons where they may come in contact with blood and other bodily fluids (Category I).
4. All staff certified in first aid may have contact with blood in an emergency (Category II)

III. Methods of Compliance

- A. Avoid direct contact with blood, bodily fluids or other potentially infectious materials - use gloves.
- B. Contaminated needles and other contaminated sharps shall not be bent, recapped or removed. Shearing or breaking of contaminated needles is prohibited.
- C. Contaminated reusable sharps shall be placed in containers that are puncture resistant, leakproof, color-coded or labeled in accordance with Section X of this plan and shall not require employees to reach by hand into the container.
- D. Protective gloves will be worn if you have any open wounds on your hands. If there is any doubt in your mind regarding some contact with blood or bodily fluids - use gloves.
- E. Wash hands immediately or as soon as feasible after removal of gloves or other personal protective equipment.
- F. If you become contaminated, wash that area immediately with a strong antiseptic soap or solution.
- G. If clothing becomes contaminated with blood or body fluids, it should be placed in a bag labeled in accordance with Section X of this plan and placed in a contaminated clothing container for proper cleaning and/or discarding.
- H. Any areas of the school that may become contaminated will be washed with a strong solution of bleach and water or other appropriate disinfectant; rubber gloves, sanitary suit, face and eye protection, and long handled scrub utensils should be used.
- I. All locker rooms, restrooms, and nurses' offices will be cleaned daily using disinfectant. Custodial staff members are required to wear rubber gloves and use long- handled scrubbing utensils during these cleaning procedures at these locations.

- J. When a spill occurs, the building administrator or his/her designee will limit access to areas of potential exposure and notify the staff and students. The janitorial staff will be notified to immediately clean the area.
- K. All procedures involving blood or other potentially infectious materials shall be performed in such a manner as to minimize splashing, spraying, spattering and generation of droplets of these substances.
- L. Mouth pipetting/suctioning of blood or other potentially infectious materials is prohibited.
- M. Specimens of blood or other potentially infectious materials shall be placed in a container labeled in accordance with Section X of this plan, which prevents leakage during collection, handling, processing, storage, transport, or shipping.

IV. Preventative Measures

- A. The Superintendent or his/her designee shall use engineering and work practice controls to eliminate or minimize employee exposure, and shall regularly examine and update controls to ensure their effectiveness.

V. Hepatitis B Vaccination

- A. The hepatitis B vaccination series shall be made available at no cost to all Category I employees. The hepatitis B vaccination shall be made available after an employee with occupational exposure has received the required training and within 10 working days of initial assignment, unless the employee has previously received the complete hepatitis B vaccination series, or antibody testing has revealed that the employee is immune, or vaccination is contraindicated by medical reasons.
- B. Employees who decline to accept the vaccination shall sign the hepatitis B vaccination declination statement.

VI. Training for Exposure Control

- A. Each year, all at risk personnel will be supplied with written materials relating to precautions, risks, and actions to take if contaminated by blood or other body fluids containing the following:

- (1) An accessible copy of the regulatory text of the OSHA standards regarding bloodborne pathogens and an explanation of its contents;
- (2) A general explanation of the epidemiology and symptoms of bloodborne diseases;
- (3) An explanation of the modes of transmission of bloodborne pathogens;
- (4) An explanation of the employer's exposure control plan and the means by which the employee can obtain a copy of the written plan;
- (5) An explanation of the appropriate methods for recognizing tasks and other activities that may involve exposure to blood and other potentially infectious materials;
- (6) An explanation of the use and limitations of methods that will prevent or reduce exposure including appropriate engineering controls, work practices, and personal protective equipment;
- (7) Information on the types, proper use, location, removal, handling, decontamination and disposal of personal protective equipment;
- (8) An explanation of the basis for selection of personal protective equipment;
- (9) Information on the hepatitis B vaccine, including information on its efficacy, safety, method of administration, the benefits of being vaccinated, and that the vaccine and vaccination will be offered free of charge;
- (10) Information on the appropriate actions to take and persons to contact in an emergency involving blood or other potentially infectious materials;
- (11) An explanation of the procedure to follow if an exposure incident occurs, including the method of reporting the incident and the medical follow-up that will be made available;
- (12) Information on the post-exposure evaluation and follow-up that the employer is required to provide for the employee following an exposure incident;
- (13) An explanation of the signs and labels and/or color coding; and
- (14) An opportunity for interactive questions and answers with the person conducting the training session.

VII. Reporting Incidents

- A. All exposure incidents shall be reported as soon as possible to school nurse.
- B. All at risk personnel who come in contact with blood and body fluids in the performance of their duties will take steps to safeguard their health.

VIII. Post-Exposure Evaluation and Follow-up

Following a report of an exposure incident, the Superintendent or his/her designee shall immediately make available to the exposed employee, at no cost, a confidential medical evaluation, post-exposure evaluation and follow-up. He or she shall at a minimum:

- A. Document the route(s) of exposure and the circumstances under which the exposure incident occurred;
- B. Identify and document the source individual, unless that identification is infeasible or prohibited by law;
- C. Provide for the collection and testing of the employee's blood for HBV and HIV serological status;
- D. Provide for post-exposure prophylaxis, when medically indicated as recommended by the U.S. Public Health service;
- E. Counseling and Evaluation of reported illnesses;
- F. The Superintendent or designee shall provide the health care professional with a copy of the OSHA regulation; a description of the employee's duties as they relate to the exposure incident; documentation of the route(s) of exposure and circumstances under which exposure occurred; results of the source individual's blood testing, if available; and all medical records maintained by the school relevant to the appropriate treatment of the employee, including vaccination status; and
- G. The school shall maintain the confidentiality of the affected employee and the exposure source during all phases of the post-exposure evaluation.

IX. Records

- A. Upon an employee's initial employment and at least annually thereafter, the Superintendent or his/her designee shall inform employees with occupational exposure of the existence, location and availability of related records; the person responsible for maintaining and providing access to records; and the employee's right of access to these records.

- B. Medical records for each employee with occupational exposure shall be kept confidential and not disclosed or reported without the employee's written consent to any person within or outside the workplace except as required by law.
- C. Upon request by an employee, or a designated representative with the employee's written consent, the Superintendent or designee shall provide access to a record in a reasonable time, place and manner, no later than 15 days after the request is made.
- D. Records shall be maintained as follows:
 - 1. Medical records shall be maintained for the duration of employment plus 30 years.
 - 2. Training records shall be maintained for three years from the date of training.
 - 3. The sharps injury log shall be maintained five years from the date the exposure incident occurred.
 - 4. Exposure records shall be maintained for 30 years.
 - 5. Each analysis using medical or exposure records shall be maintained for at least 30 years.

X. Labels

- A. Warning labels shall be affixed to containers used to store, transport or ship blood or other potentially infectious material.
- B. Labels shall include the following:



BIOHAZARD

- C. The labels shall be fluorescent orange or orange-red or predominantly so, with lettering and symbols in a contrasting color.
- D. Labels shall be affixed as close as feasible to the container by string, wire, adhesive, or other method that prevents their loss or unintentional removal.

- E. Labels required for contaminated equipment shall be in accordance with this paragraph and shall also state which portions of the equipment remain contaminated.

Legal References:

29 C.F.R. § 1910.1030 OSHA Bloodborne pathogens standards

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**Series 4000
Policy 4004
Personnel**

HEPATITIS B VACCINATION DECLINATION STATEMENT (MANDATORY)

I understand that due to my occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials I may be at risk of acquiring the hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection. I have been given the opportunity to be vaccinated with hepatitis B vaccine, at no charge to myself. However, I decline hepatitis B vaccination at this time. I understand that by declining this vaccine, I continue to be at risk of acquiring hepatitis B, a serious disease. If in the future I continue to have occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials and I want to be vaccinated with hepatitis B vaccine, I can receive the vaccination series at no charge to me.

EMPLOYEE SIGNATURE

By: _____

Date: _____

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

**Series 4000
Policy 4005
Personnel**

**REPORTS OF SUSPECTED ABUSE OR NEGLECT OF CHILDREN OR
SEXUAL ASSAULT OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES**

Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 17a-101 et seq. requires school employees who have reasonable cause to suspect or believe (1) that any child under eighteen has been abused or neglected, has had a nonaccidental physical injury, or injury which is at variance with the history given of such injury, or has been placed at imminent risk of serious harm, or (2) that any person who is being educated by the technical high school system or a local or regional board of education, other than as part of an adult education program, is a victim of sexual assault, and the perpetrator is a school employee, to report such suspicions to the appropriate authority. In furtherance of this statute and its purpose, it is the policy of the Norfolk Board of Education ("Board") to require ALL EMPLOYEES of the Board of Education to report suspected abuse and/or neglect, nonaccidental physical injury, imminent risk of serious harm, or sexual assault of a student by a school employee, in accordance with the procedures set forth below.

1. Scope of Policy

This policy applies not only to school employees who are required by law to report suspected child abuse and/or neglect, nonaccidental physical injury, imminent risk of serious harm, or sexual assault of a student by a school employee, but to ALL EMPLOYEES of the Board of Education.

2. Definitions

For the purposes of this policy:

"Abused" means that a child (a) has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon the child other than by accidental means, or (b) has injuries which are at variance with the history given of them, or (c) is in a condition which is the result of maltreatment, such as, but not limited to, malnutrition, sexual molestation or exploitation, deprivation of necessities, emotional maltreatment or cruel punishment.

"Neglected" means that a child (a) has been abandoned, or (b) is being denied proper care and attention, physically, educationally, emotionally or morally, or (c) is being permitted to live under conditions, circumstances or associations injurious to the child's well-being, or (d) has been abused.

"School employee" means (a) a teacher, substitute teacher, school administrator, school superintendent, guidance counselor, school counselor, psychologist, social worker, nurse, physician, school paraprofessional or coach employed by the

Board or who is working in a Board elementary, middle or high school; or (b) any other person who, in the performance of that person's duties, has regular contact with students and who provides services to or on behalf of students enrolled in the Norfolk Public Schools ("District"), pursuant to a contract with the Board.

"Sexual assault" means, for the purposes of the mandatory reporting laws and this policy, a violation of Sections 53a-70, 53a-70a, 53a-71, 53a-72a, 53a-72b or 53a-73a of the Connecticut General Statutes. Please see Appendix A of this policy for the relevant statutory definitions of sexual assault laws and related terms covered by the mandatory reporting laws and this policy.

"Statutory mandated reporter" means an individual required by Conn. Gen. Stat. Section 17a-101 et seq. to report suspected abuse and/or neglect of children or the sexual assault of a student by a school employee. The term "statutory mandated reporter" includes all school employees, as defined above, any person who is a licensed behavior analyst, and any person who holds or is issued a coaching permit by the State Board of Education, is a coach of intramural or interscholastic athletics, and is eighteen years of age or older.

3. What Must Be Reported

- a) A report must be made when any employee of the Board of Education in the ordinary course of such person's employment or profession has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that any child under the age of eighteen years:
 - i) has been abused or neglected;
 - ii) has had nonaccidental physical injury, or injury which is at variance with the history given for such injury, inflicted upon the child;
 - iii) is placed at imminent risk of serious harm; or
- b) A report must be made when any employee of the Board of Education in the ordinary course of such person's employment or profession has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that any person, regardless of age, who is being educated by the technical high school system or a local or regional board of education, other than as part of an adult education program, is a victim of the following sexual assault crimes, and the perpetrator is a school employee:
 - i) sexual assault in first degree;
 - ii) aggravated sexual assault in the first degree;

- iii) sexual assault in the second degree;
- iv) sexual assault in the third degree;
- v) sexual assault in the third degree with a firearm; or
- vi) sexual assault in the fourth degree.

Please see Appendix A of this policy for the relevant statutory definitions of sexual assault laws and related terms covered by the mandatory reporting laws and this policy.

- c) The suspicion or belief of a Board employee may be based on factors including, but not limited to, observations, allegations, facts or statements by a child or victim, as described above, or a third party. Such suspicion or belief does not require certainty or probable cause.

4. Reporting Procedures for Statutory Mandated Reporters

The following procedures apply only to statutory mandated reporters, as defined above.

When an employee of the Board of Education who is a statutory mandated reporter and who, in the ordinary course of the person's employment, has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a child has been abused or neglected or placed at imminent risk of serious harm, or is a victim of sexual assault by a school employee, as described in Paragraph 3, above, the following steps shall be taken.

- (1) The employee shall make an oral or electronic report as soon as practicable, but not later than twelve (12) hours after having reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a child has been abused or neglected or placed at imminent risk of serious harm, or is a victim of sexual assault by a school employee.
 - (a) An oral report shall be made by telephone or in person to the Commissioner of the Department of Children and Families ("DCF") or the local law enforcement agency. DCF has established a 24 hour Child Abuse and Neglect Careline at 1-800-842-2288 for the purpose of making such oral reports.
 - (b) An electronic report shall be made in the manner prescribed by the Commissioner of DCF. An employee making an electronic report shall respond to further inquiries from the Commissioner of DCF or Commissioner's designee made within twenty-four (24) hours. Such employee shall inform the Superintendent or

Superintendent's designee as soon as possible as to the nature of the further communication with the Commissioner or Commissioner's designee.

- (2) The employee shall also make an oral report as soon as practicable to the Building Principal or Building Principal's designee, and/or the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee. If the Building Principal is the alleged perpetrator of the abuse/neglect or sexual assault of a student, then the employee shall notify the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee directly.
- (3) In cases involving suspected or believed abuse, neglect, or sexual assault of a student by a school employee, the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee shall immediately notify the child's parent or guardian that such a report has been made.
- (4) Not later than forty-eight (48) hours after making an oral report, the employee shall submit a written or electronic report to the Commissioner of DCF or the Commissioner's designee containing all of the required information. The written or electronic report should be submitted in the manner prescribed by the Commissioner of DCF. When such report is submitted electronically, the employee shall respond to further inquiries from the Commissioner of DCF or Commissioner's designee made within twenty-four (24) hours. Such employee shall inform the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee as soon as possible as to the nature of the further communication with the Commissioner or Commissioner's designee.
- (5) The employee shall immediately submit a copy of the written or electronic report to the Building Principal Building Principal's designee and to the Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee.
- (6) If the report concerns suspected abuse, neglect, or sexual assault of a student by a school employee holding a certificate, authorization or permit issued by the State Department of Education, the Commissioner of DCF (or Commissioner of DCF's designee) shall submit a copy of the written or electronic report to the Commissioner of Education (or Commissioner of Education's designee).

5. Reporting Procedures for Employees Other Than Statutory Mandated Reporters

The following procedures apply only to employees who are not statutory mandated reporters, as defined above.

- a) When an employee who is not a statutory mandated reporter and who, in the ordinary course of the person's employment or profession, has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a child has been abused or neglected or placed at imminent risk of serious harm, or is a victim of sexual assault by a school employee, as described in Paragraph 3, above, the following steps shall be taken.
 - (1) The employee shall make an oral report as soon as practicable, but not later than twelve (12) hours after the employee has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a child has been abused or neglected, placed at imminent risk of serious harm or is a victim of sexual assault by a school employee. Such oral report shall be made by telephone or in person to the Superintendent of Schools or Superintendent's designee, to be followed by an immediate written report to the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee.
 - (2) If the Superintendent or Superintendent's designee determines that there is reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a child has been abused or neglected or placed at imminent risk of serious harm or is a victim of sexual assault by school employee, the Superintendent shall cause reports to be made in accordance with the procedures set forth for statutory mandated reporters.
- b) Nothing in this policy shall be construed to preclude an employee reporting suspected child abuse, neglect or sexual assault by a school employee from reporting the same directly to the Commissioner of DCF.

6. Contents of Reports

Any report made pursuant to this policy shall contain the following information, if known:

- a) The names and addresses of the child* and the child's parents or other person responsible for the child's care;
- b) the age of the child;
- c) the gender of the child;
- d) the nature and extent of the child's injury or injuries, maltreatment or neglect;
- e) the approximate date and time the injury or injuries, maltreatment or neglect occurred;

- f) information concerning any previous injury or injuries to, or maltreatment or neglect of the child or the child's siblings;
- g) the circumstances in which the injury or injuries, maltreatment or neglect came to be known to the reporter;
- h) the name of the person or persons suspected to be responsible for causing such injury or injuries, maltreatment or neglect;
- i) the reasons such person or persons are suspected of causing such injury or injuries, maltreatment or neglect;
- j) any information concerning any prior cases in which such person or persons have been suspected of causing an injury, maltreatment or neglect of a child; and
- k) whatever action, if any, was taken to treat, provide shelter or otherwise assist the child.

*For purposes of this Paragraph, the term "child" includes any victim of sexual assault by a school employee, as described in Paragraph 2, above.

7. Investigation of the Report

- a) The Superintendent or Superintendent's designee shall thoroughly investigate reports of suspected abuse, neglect or sexual assault if/when such report involves an employee of the Board of Education or other individual under the control of the Board, provided the procedures in subparagraph (b), below are followed. In all other cases, DCF shall be responsible for conducting the investigation with the cooperation and collaboration of the Board, as appropriate.
- b) Recognizing that DCF is the lead agency for the investigation of child abuse and neglect reports and reports of a student's sexual assault by school employees, the Superintendent's investigation shall permit and give priority to any investigation conducted by the Commissioner of DCF or the appropriate local law enforcement agency. The Superintendent shall conduct the District's investigation and take any disciplinary action, consistent with state law, upon notice from the Commissioner of DCF or the appropriate local law enforcement agency that the District's investigation will not interfere with the investigation of the Commissioner of DCF or the local law enforcement agency.
- c) The Superintendent shall coordinate investigatory activities in order to minimize the number of interviews of any child or student victim of sexual

assault and share information with other persons authorized to conduct an investigation of child abuse or neglect, as appropriate.

- d) Any person reporting child abuse or neglect or the sexual assault of a student by a school employee, or having any information relevant to alleged abuse or neglect or of the sexual assault of a student by a school employee, shall provide the Superintendent with all information related to the investigation that is in the possession or control of such person, except as expressly prohibited by state or federal law.
- e) When the school district is conducting an investigation involving suspected abuse or neglect or sexual assault of a student by an employee of the Board or other individual under the control of the Board, the Superintendent's investigation shall include an opportunity for the individual suspected of abuse, neglect or sexual assault to be heard with respect to the allegations contained within the report. During the course of such investigation, the Superintendent may suspend a Board employee with pay or may place the employee on administrative leave with pay, pending the outcome of the investigation. If the individual is one who provides services to or on behalf of students enrolled in the District, pursuant to a contract with the Board of Education, the Superintendent may suspend the provision of such services, and direct the individual to refrain from any contact with students enrolled in the District, pending the outcome of the investigation.

8. Evidence of Abuse, Neglect or Sexual Assault by a School Employee

- a) If, upon completion of the investigation by the Commissioner of DCF ("Commissioner"), the Superintendent has received a report from the Commissioner that the Commissioner has reasonable cause to believe that (1) a child has been abused or neglected by a school employee, as defined above, and the Commissioner has recommended that such employee be placed on the DCF child abuse and neglect registry, or (2) a student is a victim of sexual assault by a school employee, the Superintendent shall request (and the law provides) that DCF notify the Superintendent not later than five (5) working days after such finding, and provide the Superintendent with records, whether or not created by DCF, concerning such investigation. The Superintendent shall suspend such school employee. Such suspension shall be with pay and shall not result in the diminution or termination of benefits to such employee.
- b) Not later than seventy-two (72) hours after such suspension, the Superintendent shall notify the Board of Education and the Commissioner of Education, or the Commissioner of Education's representative, of the reasons for and the conditions of the suspension. The Superintendent shall disclose such records to the Commissioner of Education and the Board of

Education or its attorney for purposes of review of employment status or the status of such employee's certificate, permit or authorization, if any.

- c) The suspension of a school employee employed in a position requiring a certificate shall remain in effect until the Superintendent and/or Board of Education acts pursuant to the provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. §10-151. If the contract of employment of such certified school employee is terminated, or such certified school employee resigns such employment, the Superintendent shall notify the Commissioner of Education, or the Commissioner of Education's representative, within seventy-two (72) hours after such termination or resignation.
 - d) The suspension of a school employee employed in a position requiring an authorization or permit shall remain in effect until the Superintendent and/or Board of Education acts pursuant to any applicable termination provisions. If the contract of employment of a school employee holding an authorization or permit from the State Department of Education is terminated, or such school employee resigns such employment, the Superintendent shall notify the Commissioner of Education, or the Commissioner of Education's representative, within seventy-two (72) hours after such termination or resignation.
 - e) Regardless of the outcome of any investigation by the Commissioner of DCF and/or the police, the Superintendent and/or the Board, as appropriate, may take disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment, in accordance with the provisions of any applicable statute, if the Superintendent's investigation produces evidence that a child has been abused or neglected by a school employee or that a student has been a victim of sexual assault by a school employee.
 - f) The District shall not employ a person whose employment contract is terminated or who resigned from employment following a suspension pursuant to Paragraph 8(a) of this policy and Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17a-101i, if such person is convicted of a crime involving an act of child abuse or neglect or an act of sexual assault of a student, as described in Paragraph 2 of this policy.
9. Evidence of Abuse, Neglect or Sexual Assault by An Independent Contractor of the Board of Education

If the investigation by the Superintendent and/or the Commissioner of DCF produces evidence that a child has been abused or neglected, or a student has been sexually assaulted, by any individual who provides services to or on behalf of students enrolled in the District, pursuant to a contract with the Board, the Superintendent shall permanently suspend the provision of such services, and

direct the individual to refrain from any contact with students enrolled in the District.

10. Delegation of Authority by Superintendent

The Superintendent may appoint a designee for the purposes of receiving and making reports, notifying and receiving notification, or investigating reports pursuant to this policy.

11. Confidential Rapid Response Team

The Superintendent shall establish a confidential rapid response team to coordinate with DCF to (1) ensure prompt reporting of suspected abuse or neglect or sexual assault of a student by a school employee, as described in Paragraph 2, above, and (2) provide immediate access to information and individuals relevant to the department's investigation. The confidential rapid response team shall consist of a teacher and the Superintendent, a local police officer and any other person the Board of Education, acting through its Superintendent, deems appropriate.

12. Disciplinary Action for Failure to Follow Policy

Except as provided in Section 14 below, any employee who fails to comply with the requirements of this policy shall be subject to discipline, up to and including termination of employment.

13. The District shall not hire any person whose employment contract was previously terminated by a board of education or who resigned from such employment, if such person has been convicted of a violation of Section 17a-101a of the Connecticut General Statutes, as amended, relating to mandatory reporting, when an allegation of abuse or neglect or sexual assault has been substantiated.

14. Non-Discrimination Policy/Prohibition Against Retaliation

The Board of Education expressly prohibits retaliation against individuals reporting child abuse or neglect or the sexual assault of a student by a school employee and shall not discharge or in any manner discriminate or retaliate against any employee who, in good faith makes a report pursuant to this policy, or testifies or is about to testify in any proceeding involving abuse or neglect or sexual assault by a school employee. The Board of Education also prohibits any employee from hindering or preventing or attempting to hinder or prevent any employee from making a report pursuant to this policy or state law concerning suspected child abuse or neglect or the sexual assault of a student by a school employee or testifying in any proceeding involving child abuse or neglect or the sexual assault of a student by a school employee.

15. Distribution of Policy, Guidelines and Posting of Careline Information

This policy shall annually be distributed electronically to all school employees employed by the Board. The Board shall document that all such school employees have received this written policy and completed the training and refresher training programs required by in Section 16, below. Guidelines regarding identifying and reporting child sexual abuse developed by the Governor's task force on justice for abused children shall annually be distributed electronically to all school employees, Board members, and the parents or guardians of students enrolled in the schools under the jurisdiction of the Board. The Board shall post the Internet web site address and telephone number for the DCF Child Abuse and Neglect Careline in a conspicuous location frequented by students in each school under the jurisdiction of the Board.

16. Training

- a) All new school employees, as defined above, shall be required to complete an educational training program for the accurate and prompt identification and reporting of child abuse and neglect. Such training program shall be developed and approved by the Commissioner of DCF.
- b) All school employees, as defined above, shall take a refresher training course developed and approved by the Commissioner of DCF at least once every three years.
- c) The principal for each school shall annually certify to the Superintendent that each school employee, as defined above, working at such school, is in compliance with the training provisions in this policy and as required by state law. The Superintendent shall certify such compliance to the State Board of Education.
- d) Beginning July 1, 2023, all school employees, as defined above, shall complete the (1) training regarding the prevention and identification of, and response to, child sexual abuse and assault; (2) bystander training program; and (3) appropriate interaction with children training program. Each employee must repeat these trainings at least once every three years. Such trainings shall be identified or developed by DCF.

17. Records

- a) The Board shall maintain in a central location all records of allegations, investigations, and reports that a child has been abused or neglected by a school employee employed by the Board or that a student has been a victim of sexual assault by a school employee employed by the Board, as defined above, and conducted in accordance with this policy. Such records shall include any reports made to the DCF. The State Department of Education shall have access to such records upon request.

- b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. §10-151c, the Board shall provide the Commissioner of DCF, upon request and for the purposes of an investigation by the Commissioner of DCF of suspected child abuse or neglect by a teacher employed by the Board, any records maintained or kept on file by the Board. Such records shall include, but not be limited to, supervisory records, reports of competence, personal character and efficiency maintained in such teacher's personnel file with reference to evaluation of performance as a professional employee of the Board, and records of the personal misconduct of such teacher. For purposes of this section, "teacher" includes each certified professional employee below the rank of superintendent employed by the Board in a position requiring a certificate issued by the State Board of Education.

18. Child Sexual Abuse and/or Sexual Assault Response Policy and Reporting Procedure

The Board has adopted a uniform child sexual abuse and/or sexual assault response policy and reporting procedure in connection with the implementation of the sexual assault and abuse prevention and awareness program identified or developed by DCF, as outlined in **Board Policy #5005, Child Sexual Abuse and/or Sexual Assault Response Policy and Reporting Procedure**. Upon receipt of any report of child sexual abuse and/or sexual assault from any source, a school employee shall report such suspicion to the Safe School Climate Coordinator in addition to complying with the school employee's obligations under this Policy and the law regarding mandatory reporting of abuse, neglect and sexual assault.

Beginning July 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, information regarding the sexual abuse and assault awareness and prevention program identified or developed by DCF shall be distributed electronically to all school employees, Board members, and the parents or guardians of enrolled students.

Legal References:

Connecticut General Statutes:

Section 10-151

Section 10-221s

Section 17a-101 et seq.

Section 17a-101q, Statewide Sexual Abuse and Assault Awareness and Prevention Program

Section 17a-103

Section 46b-120

Section 53a-65

Public Act No. 22-87, “An Act Concerning the Identification and Prevention of and Response to Adult Sexual Misconduct Against Children. ”

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

Appendix A

RELEVANT EXCERPTS OF STATUTORY DEFINITIONS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT AND RELATED TERMS COVERED BY MANDATORY REPORTING LAWS AND THIS POLICY

An employee of the Board of Education must make a report in accordance with this policy when the employee of the Board of Education in the ordinary course of such person's employment or profession has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that any person, regardless of age, who is being educated by the technical high school system or a local or regional board of education, other than as part of an adult education program, is a victim of the following sexual assault crimes, and the perpetrator is a school employee. The following are relevant excerpts of the sexual assault laws and related terms covered by mandatory reporting laws and this policy.

"Intimate Parts" (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-65)

"Intimate parts" means the genital area or any substance emitted therefrom, groin, anus or any substance emitted therefrom, inner thighs, buttocks or breasts.

"Sexual Intercourse" (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-65)

"Sexual intercourse" means vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse, fellatio or cunnilingus between persons regardless of sex. Its meaning is limited to persons not married to each other. Penetration, however slight, is sufficient to complete vaginal intercourse, anal intercourse or fellatio and does not require emission of semen. Penetration may be committed by an object manipulated by the actor into the genital or anal opening of the victim's body.

"Sexual Contact" (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-65)

"Sexual contact" means any contact with the intimate parts of a person not married to the actor for the purpose of sexual gratification of the actor or for the purpose of degrading or humiliating such person or any contact of the intimate parts of the actor with a person not married to the actor for the purpose of sexual gratification of the actor or for the purpose of degrading or humiliating such person.

Sexual Assault in First Degree (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-70)

A person is guilty of sexual assault in the first degree when such person (1) compels another person to engage in sexual intercourse by the use of force against such other person or a third person, or by the threat of use of force against such other person or against a third person which reasonably causes such person to fear physical injury to such person or a third person, or (2) engages in sexual intercourse with another person and such other person is under thirteen years of age and the actor is more than two years older than such person, or (3) commits sexual assault in the second degree as provided in

section 53a-71 and in the commission of such offense is aided by two or more other persons actually present, or (4) engages in sexual intercourse with another person and such other person is mentally incapacitated to the extent that such other person is unable to consent to such sexual intercourse.

Aggravated Sexual Assault in the First Degree (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-70a)

A person is guilty of aggravated sexual assault in the first degree when such person commits sexual assault in the first degree as provided in section 53a-70 and in the commission of such offense (1) such person uses or is armed with and threatens the use of or displays or represents by such person's words or conduct that such person possesses a deadly weapon, (2) with intent to disfigure the victim seriously and permanently, or to destroy, amputate or disable permanently a member or organ of the victim's body, such person causes such injury to such victim, (3) under circumstances evincing an extreme indifference to human life such person recklessly engages in conduct which creates a risk of death to the victim, and thereby causes serious physical injury to such victim, or (4) such person is aided by two or more other persons actually present. No person shall be convicted of sexual assault in the first degree and aggravated sexual assault in the first degree upon the same transaction but such person may be charged and prosecuted for both such offenses upon the same information.

Sexual Assault in the Second Degree (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-71)

A person is guilty of sexual assault in the second degree when such person engages in sexual intercourse with another person and: (1) Such other person is thirteen years of age or older but under sixteen years of age and the actor is more than three years older than such other person; or (2) such other person is impaired because of mental disability or disease to the extent that such other person is unable to consent to such sexual intercourse; or (3) such other person is physically helpless; or (4) such other person is less than eighteen years old and the actor is such person's guardian or otherwise responsible for the general supervision of such person's welfare; or (5) such other person is in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person; or (6) the actor is a psychotherapist and such other person is (A) a patient of the actor and the sexual intercourse occurs during the psychotherapy session, (B) a patient or former patient of the actor and such patient or former patient is emotionally dependent upon the actor, or (C) a patient or former patient of the actor and the sexual intercourse occurs by means of therapeutic deception; or (7) the actor accomplishes the sexual intercourse by means of false representation that the sexual intercourse is for a bona fide medical purpose by a health care professional; or (8) the actor is a school employee and such other person is a student enrolled in a school in which the actor works or a school under the jurisdiction of the local or regional board of education which employs the actor; or (9) the actor is a coach in an athletic activity or a person who provides intensive, ongoing instruction and such other person is a recipient of coaching or instruction from the actor and (A) is a secondary school student and receives such coaching or instruction in a secondary school setting, or (B) is under eighteen years of age; or (10) the actor is twenty years of age or

older and stands in a position of power, authority or supervision over such other person by virtue of the actor's professional, legal, occupational or volunteer status and such other person's participation in a program or activity, and such other person is under eighteen years of age; or (11) such other person is placed or receiving services under the direction of the Commissioner of Developmental Services in any public or private facility or program and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person.

Sexual Assault in the Third Degree (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-72a)

A person is guilty of sexual assault in the third degree when such person (1) compels another person to submit to sexual contact (A) by the use of force against such other person or a third person, or (B) by the threat of use of force against such other person or against a third person, which reasonably causes such other person to fear physical injury to himself or herself or a third person, or (2) engages in sexual intercourse with another person whom the actor knows to be related to him or her within any of the degrees of kindred specified in section 46b-21.

Sexual Assault in the Third Degree with a Firearm (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-72b)

A person is guilty of sexual assault in the third degree with a firearm when such person commits sexual assault in the third degree as provided in section 53a-72a, and in the commission of such offense, such person uses or is armed with and threatens the use of or displays or represents by such person's words or conduct that such person possesses a pistol, revolver, machine gun, rifle, shotgun or other firearm. No person shall be convicted of sexual assault in the third degree and sexual assault in the third degree with a firearm upon the same transaction but such person may be charged and prosecuted for both such offenses upon the same information.

Sexual Assault in the Fourth Degree (Conn. Gen. Stat. § 53a-73a)

A person is guilty of sexual assault in the fourth degree when: (1) Such person subjects another person to sexual contact who is (A) under thirteen years of age and the actor is more than two years older than such other person, or (B) thirteen years of age or older but under fifteen years of age and the actor is more than three years older than such other person, or (C) mentally incapacitated or impaired because of mental disability or disease to the extent that such other person is unable to consent to such sexual contact, or (D) physically helpless, or (E) less than eighteen years old and the actor is such other person's guardian or otherwise responsible for the general supervision of such other person's welfare, or (F) in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person; or (2) such person subjects another person to sexual contact without such other person's consent; or (3) such person engages in sexual contact with an animal or dead body; or (4) such person is a psychotherapist and subjects another person to sexual contact who is (A) a patient of the actor and the sexual contact occurs during the psychotherapy session, or (B) a patient or former patient of the actor and such patient or former patient is emotionally dependent upon the actor, or (C) a patient or former patient of the actor and the sexual contact occurs by means of therapeutic deception; or (5) such person subjects another person to

sexual contact and accomplishes the sexual contact by means of false representation that the sexual contact is for a bona fide medical purpose by a health care professional; or (6) such person is a school employee and subjects another person to sexual contact who is a student enrolled in a school in which the actor works or a school under the jurisdiction of the local or regional board of education which employs the actor; or (7) such person is a coach in an athletic activity or a person who provides intensive, ongoing instruction and subjects another person to sexual contact who is a recipient of coaching or instruction from the actor and (A) is a secondary school student and receives such coaching or instruction in a secondary school setting, or (B) is under eighteen years of age; or (8) such person subjects another person to sexual contact and (A) the actor is twenty years of age or older and stands in a position of power, authority or supervision over such other person by virtue of the actor's professional, legal, occupational or volunteer status and such other person's participation in a program or activity, and (B) such other person is under eighteen years of age; or (9) such person subjects another person to sexual contact who is placed or receiving services under the direction of the Commissioner of Developmental Services in any public or private facility or program and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over such other person.

APPENDIX B

Operational Definitions of Child Abuse and Neglect

The purpose of this policy is to provide consistency for staff in defining and identifying operational definitions, evidence of abuse and/or neglect and examples of adverse impact indicators.

The following operational definitions are working definitions and examples of child abuse and neglect as used by the Connecticut DCF.

For the purposes of these operational definitions,

- a person responsible for a child's health, welfare or care means:
 - the child's parent, guardian, foster parent, an employee of a public or private residential home, agency or institution or other person legally responsible under State law for the child's welfare in a residential setting; or any staff person providing out-of-home care, including center-based child day care, family day care, or group day care.
- a person given access to a child is a person who is permitted to have personal interaction with a child by the person responsible for the child's health, welfare or care or by a person entrusted with the care of a child.
- a person entrusted with the care of a child is a person who is given access to a child by a person responsible for the health, welfare or care of a child for the purpose of providing education, child care, counseling, spiritual guidance, coaching, training, instruction, tutoring or mentoring.
- **Note:** Only a "child" as defined above may be classified as a victim of child abuse and/or neglect; only a "person responsible", "person given access", or "person entrusted" as defined above may be classified as a perpetrator of child abuse and/or neglect.
 - While only a child under eighteen may be a victim of child abuse or neglect, a report under mandatory reporting laws and this policy is required if an employee of the Board of Education in the ordinary course of such person's employment or profession has reasonable cause to suspect or believe that any person, regardless of age, who is being educated by the technical high school system or a local or regional board of education, other than as part of an adult education program, is a victim of sexual assault, as set forth in this policy, and the perpetrator is a school employee.

Physical Abuse

A child may be found to have been physically abused who:

has been inflicted with physical injury or injuries other than by accidental means,

is in a condition which is the result of maltreatment such as, but not limited to, malnutrition, sexual molestation, deprivation of necessities, emotional maltreatment or cruel punishment, and/or

has injuries at variance with the history given of them.

Evidence of physical abuse includes:

excessive physical punishment

bruises, scratches, lacerations

burns, and/or scalds

reddening or blistering of the tissue through application of heat by fire, chemical substances, cigarettes, matches, electricity, scalding water, friction, etc.

injuries to bone, muscle, cartilage, ligaments:

fractures, dislocations, sprains, strains, displacements, hematomas, etc.

head injuries

internal injuries

death

misuse of medical treatments or therapies

malnutrition related to acts of commission or omission by an established caregiver

resulting in a child's malnourished state that can be supported by professional medical opinion

deprivation of necessities acts of commission or omission by an established caregiver resulting in physical harm to child

cruel punishment.

Sexual Abuse/Exploitation Sexual Abuse/Exploitation

Sexual Abuse/Exploitation is any incident involving a child's non-accidental exposure to sexual behavior.

Evidence of sexual abuse includes, but is not limited to the following:

rape

penetration: digital, penile, or foreign objects

oral / genital contact

indecent exposure for the purpose of sexual gratification of the offender, or for purposes of shaming, humiliating, shocking or exerting control over the victim

incest

fondling, including kissing, for the purpose of sexual gratification of the offender, or for purposes of shaming, humiliating, shocking or exerting control over the victim sexual exploitation, including possession, manufacture, or distribution of child pornography. online enticement of a child for sexual acts, child prostitution, child-sex tourism, unsolicited obscene material sent to a child, or misleading domain name likely to attract a child to an inappropriate website
coercing or forcing a child to participate in, or be negligently exposed to, pornography and/or sexual behavior
disease or condition that arises from sexual transmission
other verbal, written or physical behavior not overtly sexual but likely designed to “groom” a child for future sexual abuse.

Legal References: Federal Law 18 U.S.C. 2215 Sexual Exploitation of Children.

Emotional Maltreatment-Abuse

Emotional Maltreatment-Abuse is:

act(s), statement(s), or threat(s), which

has had, or is likely to have an adverse impact on the child; and/or

interferes with a child’s positive emotional development.

Evidence of emotional maltreatment-abuse includes, but is not limited to, the following:

rejecting;
degrading;
isolating and/or victimizing a child by means of cruel, unusual, or excessive methods of discipline; and
exposing the child to brutal or intimidating acts or statements.

Indicators of Adverse Impact of emotional maltreatment-abuse may include, but are not limited to, the following:

depression;
withdrawal;
low self-esteem;
anxiety;
fear;
aggression/ passivity;
emotional instability;
sleep disturbances;
somatic complaints with no medical basis;
inappropriate behavior for age or development;

suicidal ideations or attempts;
extreme dependence;
academic regression;
and/or trust issues.

Physical Neglect

A child may be found neglected who:

has been abandoned;
is being denied proper care and attention physically, educationally, emotionally, or morally;
is being permitted to live under conditions, circumstances or associations injurious to the child's well-being; and/or
has been abused.

Evidence of physical neglect includes, but is not limited to:

inadequate food;

malnutrition;

inadequate clothing;

inadequate housing or shelter;

erratic, deviant, or impaired behavior by the person responsible for the child's health, welfare or care; by a person given access to the child; or by a person entrusted with the child's care which adversely impacts the child;

permitting the child to live under conditions, circumstances or associations injurious to the child's well-being including, but not limited to, the following:

substance abuse by caregiver, which adversely impacts the child physically

substance abuse by the mother of a newborn child and the newborn has a positive urine or meconium toxicology for drugs

psychiatric problem of the caregiver which adversely impacts the child physically

exposure to family violence which adversely impacts the child physically
exposure to violent events, situations, or persons that would be reasonably judged to compromise a child's physical safety
non-accidental, negligent exposure to drug trafficking and/or individuals engaged in the active abuse of illegal substances

voluntarily and knowingly entrusting the care of a child to individuals who may be disqualified to provide safe care, e.g. persons who are subject to active protective or restraining orders; persons with past history of violent/drug/sex crimes; persons appearing on the Central Registry
non-accidental or negligent exposure to pornography or sexual acts
inability to consistently provide the minimum of child-caring tasks
inability to provide or maintain a safe living environment;

action/inaction resulting in death

abandonment

action/inaction resulting in the child's failure to thrive

transience

inadequate supervision:
creating or allowing a circumstance in which a child is alone for an excessive period of time given the child's age and cognitive abilities

holding the child responsible for the care of siblings or others beyond the child's ability

failure to provide reasonable and proper supervision of a child given the child's age and cognitive abilities.

Note:

- Inadequate food, clothing, or shelter or transience finding must be related to caregiver acts of omission or commission and not simply a function of poverty alone.
- Whether or not the adverse impact has to be demonstrated is a function of the child's age, cognitive abilities, verbal ability and developmental level.
- Adverse impact may not be required if the action/inaction is a single incident that demonstrates a serious disregard for the child's welfare.

Medical Neglect

Medical Neglect is the unreasonable delay, refusal or failure on the part of the person responsible for the child's health, welfare or care or the person entrusted with the child's care to seek, obtain, and/or maintain those services for necessary medical, dental or mental health care when such person knows, or should reasonably be expected to know, that such actions may have an adverse impact on the child.

Evidence of medical neglect includes, but is not limited to:

frequently missed appointments, therapies or other necessary medical and/or mental health treatments;

withholding or failing to obtain or maintain medically necessary treatment from a child with life-threatening, acute or chronic medical or mental health conditions;

withholding medically indicated treatment from disabled infants with life threatening conditions.

Note: Failure to provide the child with immunizations or routine well child care in and of itself does not constitute medical neglect.

Educational Neglect

Except as noted below, **Educational Neglect** occurs when a school-aged child has excessive absences from school through the intent or neglect of the parent or caregiver.

Definition of School-Aged Child: Except as noted below, a school-aged child is a child five years of age and older and under 18 years of age who is not a high school graduate.

Note: Excessive absenteeism and school avoidance may be presenting symptoms of a failure to meet the physical, emotional or medical needs of a child. Careline staff shall consider these potential additional allegations at the time of referral.

Criteria:

- **For children school-aged to age 12, excessive absenteeism** may be indicative of the parent's or caregiver's failure to meet the educational needs of a student.
- **For children older than age 12, excessive absenteeism**, coupled with a failure by the parent or caregiver to engage in efforts to improve the child's attendance, may be indicative of educational neglect.
 - For children older than age 12, excessive absenteeism through the child's own intent, despite the parent's or caregiver's efforts, is not educational neglect. Rather, this is truancy, which is handled through the school district.

Child's Characteristics. In determining the criteria for excessive absenteeism, the following characteristics of the child shall be considered by the social worker:

- Age;
- Health;
- Level of functioning;
- Academic standing; and
- Dependency on parent or caregiver

Parent or Caregiver's Characteristics. In determining the criteria for excessive absenteeism, the following characteristics of the parent or caregiver shall be considered by the social worker:

- Rationale provided for the absences;
- Efforts to communicate and engage with the educational provider; and
- Failure to enroll a school-aged child in appropriate educational programming (including homeschooling)

Exceptions (in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-184):

1. A parent or person having control of a child may exercise the option of not sending the child to school at age five (5) or age six (6) years by personally appearing at the school district office and signing an option form. In these cases, educational neglect occurs if the parent or person having control of the child has registered the child at age five (5) or age (6) years and then does not allow the child to attend school or receive home instruction.
2. A parent or person having control of a child seventeen (17) years of age may consent to such child's withdrawal from school. Such parent or person shall personally appear at the school district office and sign a withdrawal form.

Note: Failure to sign a registration option form for such child is not in and of itself educational neglect.

Emotional Neglect

Emotional Neglect is the denial of proper care and attention, or failure to respond, to a child's affective needs by the person responsible for the child's health, welfare or care; by the person given access to the child; or by the person entrusted with the child's care which has an adverse impact on the child or seriously interferes with a child's positive emotional development.

Note: Whether or not the adverse impact has to be demonstrated is a function of the child's age, cognitive abilities, verbal ability and developmental level. Adverse impact is not required if the action/inaction is a single incident which demonstrates a serious disregard for the child's welfare

Note: The adverse impact may result from a single event and/or from a consistent pattern of behavior and may be currently observed or predicted as supported by evidenced based practice.

Evidence of emotional neglect includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- inappropriate expectations of the child given the child's developmental level;
- failure to provide the child with appropriate support, attention and affection;

- permitting the child to live under conditions, circumstances or associations; injurious to his well-being including, but not limited to, the following:
 - substance abuse by caregiver, which adversely impacts the child emotionally;
 - psychiatric problem of the caregiver, which adversely impacts the child emotionally;
 - and
 - exposure to family violence which adversely impacts the child emotionally.

Indicators may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- depression;
- withdrawal;
- low self-esteem;
- anxiety;
- fear;
- aggression/ passivity;
- emotional instability;
- sleep disturbances;
- somatic complaints with no medical basis;
- inappropriate behavior for age or development;
- suicidal ideations or attempts;
- extreme dependence;
- academic regression;
- trust issues.

Moral Neglect

Moral Neglect: Exposing, allowing, or encouraging the child to engage in illegal or reprehensible activities by the person responsible for the child's health, welfare or care or person given access or person entrusted with the child's care.

Evidence of Moral Neglect includes but is not limited to:

stealing;

using drugs and/or alcohol;

and involving a child in the commission of a crime, directly or by caregiver indifference.

Appendix C

INDICATORS OF CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

Indicators of Physical Abuse HISTORICAL

Delay in seeking appropriate care after injury.

No witnesses.

Inconsistent or changing descriptions of accident by child and/or parent.

Child's developmental level inconsistent with history.

History of prior "accidents".

Absence of parental concern.

Child is handicapped (physically, mentally, developmentally) or otherwise perceived as "different" by parent.

Unexplained school absenteeism.

History of precipitating crisis

PHYSICAL

Soft tissue injuries on face, lips, mouth, back, buttocks, thighs or large areas of the torso;

Clusters of skin lesions; regular patterns consistent with an implement;

Shape of lesions inconsistent with accidental bruise;

Bruises/welts in various stages of healing;

Burn pattern consistent with an implement on soles, palms, back, buttocks and genitalia; symmetrical and/or sharply demarcated edges;

Fractures/dislocations inconsistent with history;

Laceration of mouth, lips, gums or eyes;

Bald patches on scalp;

Abdominal swelling or vomiting;
Adult-size human bite mark(s);
Fading cutaneous lesions noted after weekends or absences;
Rope marks.

BEHAVIORAL

Wary of physical contact with adults;
Affection inappropriate for age
Extremes in behavior, aggressiveness/withdrawal;
Expresses fear of parents;
Reports injury by parent;
Reluctance to go home;
Feels responsible (punishment "deserved");
Poor self-esteem;
Clothing covers arms and legs even in hot weather.

Indicators of Sexual Abuse HISTORICAL

Vague somatic complaint;
Excessive school absences;
Inadequate supervision at home;
History of urinary tract infection or vaginitis;
Complaint of pain; genital, anal or lower back/abdominal;
Complaint of genital itching;
Any disclosure of sexual activity, even if contradictory.

PHYSICAL

Discomfort in walking, sitting;

Evidence of trauma or lesions in and around mouth;

Vaginal discharge/vaginitis;

Vaginal or rectal bleeding;

Bruises, swelling or lacerations around genitalia, inner thighs;

Dysuria;

Vulvitis;

Any other signs or symptoms of sexually transmitted disease;

Pregnancy.

BEHAVIORAL

Low self-esteem;

Change in eating pattern;

Unusual new fears;

Regressive behaviors;

Personality changes (hostile/aggressive or extreme compliance);

Depression;

Decline in school achievement;

Social withdrawal; poor peer relationship;

Indicates sophisticated or unusual sexual knowledge for age;

Seductive behavior, promiscuity or prostitution;

Substance abuse;

Suicide ideation or attempt;

Runaway.

Indicators of Emotional Abuse

HISTORICAL

Parent ignores/isolates/belittles/rejects/scapegoats child

Parent's expectations inappropriate to child's development

Prior episode(s) of physical abuse

Parent perceives child as "different"

PHYSICAL

(Frequently none);

Failure to thrive;

Speech disorder;

Lag in physical development;

Signs/symptoms of physical abuse.

BEHAVIORAL

Poor self-esteem

Regressive behavior (sucking, rocking, enuresis)

Sleep disorders

Adult behaviors (parenting sibling)

Antisocial behavior;

Emotional or cognitive developmental delay;

Extremes in behavior - overly aggressive/compliant;

Depression;

Suicide ideation/attempt.

Indicators of Physical Neglect

HISTORICAL

High rate of school absenteeism;

Frequent visits to school nurse with nonspecific complaints;

Inadequate supervision, especially for long periods and for dangerous activities;

Child frequently unattended; locked out of house;

Parental inattention to recommended medical care

No food intake for 24 hours;

Home substandard (no windows, doors, heat), dirty, infested, obvious hazards;

Family member addicted to drugs/alcohol.

PHYSICAL

Hunger, dehydration;

Poor personal hygiene, unkempt, dirty;

Dental cavities/poor oral hygiene;

Inappropriate clothing for weather/size of child, clothing dirty; wears same clothes day after day;

Constant fatigue or listlessness;

Unattended physical or health care needs;

Infestations;

Multiple skin lesions/sores from infection.

BEHAVIORAL

Comes to school early, leaves late;

Frequent sleeping in class;

Begging for/stealing food;

Adult behavior/maturity (parenting siblings);

Delinquent behaviors;

Drug/alcohol use/abuse.

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

Series 4000
Policy 4006
Personnel

**POLICY REGARDING EMPLOYEE USE OF
THE DISTRICT'S COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND ELECTRONIC
COMMUNICATIONS**

Computers, computer networks, electronic devices, Internet access, and electronic messaging systems are effective and important technological resources. The Norfolk Board of Education (the "Board") has installed computers, a computer network(s), including Internet access and electronic messaging systems, on Board premises and may provide other electronic devices that access the networks and/or have the ability to send and receive messages with an operating system or network communication framework. Devices include but are not limited to, personal computing devices, cellular phones, Smartphones, network access devices, radios, personal cassette players, CD players, tablets, walkie-talkies, personal gaming systems, Bluetooth speakers, personal data assistants, and other electronic signaling devices. Electronic messaging systems include mobile, chat, and instant message; cloud collaboration platforms, including internal chat, peer-to-peer messaging systems, and draft email message transfer; and products that have the ability to create duration-based or subjective removal of content, such as Snapchat, and security focused platforms, such as Signal. The Board's computers, computer networks, electronic devices, Internet access, and electronic messaging systems are referred to collectively as "the computer systems" and are provided in order to enhance both the educational opportunities for our students and the business operations of the district.

These computer systems are business and educational tools. As such, they are made available to Board employees for business and education related uses. The Administration shall develop regulations setting forth procedures to be used by the Administration in an effort to ensure that such computer systems are used for appropriate business and education related purposes.

In accordance with applicable laws and the Administrative Regulations associated with this Policy, the system administrator and others managing the computer systems may access electronic messaging systems (including email) or monitor activity on the computer system or electronic devices accessing the computer systems at any time and for any reason or no reason. Typical examples include when there is reason to suspect inappropriate conduct or there is a problem with the computer systems needing correction. Further, the system administrator and others managing the computer systems can access or monitor activity on the systems despite the use of passwords by individual users, and can bypass such passwords. In addition, review of electronic messaging systems (including email), messages or information stored on the computer systems, which can be forensically retrieved, includes those messages and/or electronic data sent,

posted and/or retrieved using social networking sites, including but not limited to, Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, Instagram, and YouTube.

Incidental personal use of the computer systems may be permitted solely for the purpose of email transmissions and access to the Internet on a limited, occasional basis. Such incidental personal use of the computer systems, however, is subject to all rules, including monitoring of all such use, as the Superintendent may establish through regulation. Moreover, any such incidental personal use shall not interfere in any manner with work responsibilities.

Users should not have any expectation of personal privacy in the use of the computer system or other electronic devices that access the computer system. Use of the computer system represents an employee's acknowledgement that the employee has read and understands this policy and any applicable regulations in their entirety, including the provisions regarding monitoring and review of computer activity.

Legal References:

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-40x
Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-48d
Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 53a-182; 53a-183; 53a-250

Electronic Communication Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. §§ 2510 through 2520

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

**Series 4000
Policy 4006
Personnel**

**ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS REGARDING EMPLOYEE USE OF
THE DISTRICT'S COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND ELECTRONIC
COMMUNICATIONS**

Introduction

Computers, computer networks, electronic devices, Internet access, and electronic messaging systems are effective and important technological resources. The Board of Education (the "Board") has installed computers, a computer network(s), including Internet access and electronic messaging systems, on Board premises and may provide electronic devices that can access the network(s) and/or have the ability to send and receive messages with an operating system or network communication framework. Devices include but are not limited to personal computing devices, cellular phones, Smartphones, network access devices, radios, personal cassette players, CD players, tablets, walkie-talkies, personal gaming systems, Bluetooth speakers, personal data assistants, and other electronic signaling devices. Electronic messaging systems include mobile, chat, and instant message; cloud collaboration platforms, including internal chat, peer-to-peer messaging systems, and draft email message transfer; and products that have the ability to create duration-based or subjective removal of content, such as Snapchat, and security focused platforms, such as Signal. The Board's computers, computer networks, electronic devices, Internet access, and electronic messaging systems are referred to collectively as "the computer systems" and are provided in order electronic devices, to enhance the educational and business operations of the district. In these regulations, the computers, computer network, electronic devices, Internet access and email system are referred to collectively as "the computer systems."

These computer systems are business and educational tools. As such, they are being made available to employees of the district for district-related educational and business purposes. *All users of the computer systems must restrict themselves to appropriate district-related educational and business purposes.* Incidental personal use of the computer systems may be permitted solely for the purpose of email transmissions and similar communications, including access to the Internet on a limited, occasional basis. Such incidental personal use of the computer systems is subject to all rules, including monitoring of all such use, set out in these regulations. Moreover, any such incidental personal use shall not interfere in any manner with work responsibilities.

These computer systems are expensive to install, own and maintain. Unfortunately, these computer systems can be misused in a variety of ways, some of which are innocent and others deliberate. Therefore, in order to maximize the benefits of

these technologies to the district, our employees and all our students, this regulation shall govern *all* use of these computer systems.

Monitoring

It is important for all users of these computer systems to understand that the Board, as the owner of the computer systems, reserves the right to monitor the use of the computer systems to ensure that they are being used in accordance with these regulations. The Board intends to monitor in a limited fashion, but will do so as needed to ensure that the systems are being used appropriately for district-related educational and business purposes and to maximize utilization of the systems for such business and educational purposes. The Superintendent reserves the right to eliminate personal use of the district's computer systems by any or all employees at any time.

The system administrator and others managing the computer systems may access electronic messaging systems (including email) or monitor activity on the computer system or electronic devices accessing the computer systems at any time and for any reason or no reason. Typical examples include when there is reason to suspect inappropriate conduct or there is a problem with the computer systems needing correction. Further, the system administrator and others managing the computer systems can access or monitor activity on the systems despite the use of passwords by individual users, and can bypass such passwords. In addition, review of emails, messages or information stored on the computer systems, which can be forensically retrieved, includes those messages and/or electronic data sent, posted and/or retrieved using social networking sites, including, but not limited to, Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, Instagram, and YouTube.

Notwithstanding the above and in accordance with state law, the Board may not: (1) request or require that an employee provide the Board with a user name and password, password or any other authentication means for accessing a personal online account; (2) request or require that an employee authenticate or access a personal online account in the presence of the Board; or (3) require that an employee invite a supervisor employed by the Board or accept an invitation from a supervisor employed by the Board to join a group affiliated with any personal online account of the employee. However, the Board may request or require that an employee provide the Board with a user name and password, password or any other authentication means for accessing (1) any account or service provided by the Board or by virtue of the employee's employment relationship with the Board or that the employee uses for the Board's business purposes, or (2) any electronic communications device supplied or paid for, in whole or in part, by the Board.

In accordance with applicable law, the Board maintains the right to require an employee to allow the Board to access the employee's personal online account, without disclosing the user name and password, password or other authentication means for accessing such personal online account, for the purpose of:

- (A) Conducting an investigation for the purpose of ensuring compliance with applicable state or federal laws, regulatory requirements or prohibitions against work-related employee misconduct based on the receipt of specific information about activity on an employee's personal online account; or
- (B) Conducting an investigation based on the receipt of specific information about an employee's unauthorized transfer of the Board's proprietary information, confidential information or financial data to or from a personal online account operated by an employee or other source.

For purposes of these Administrative Regulations, "personal online account" means any online account that is used by an employee exclusively for personal purposes and unrelated to any business purpose of the Board, including, but not limited to, electronic mail, social media and retail-based Internet web sites. "Personal online account" does not include any account created, maintained, used or accessed by an employee for a business purpose of the Board.

Why Monitor?

The computer systems are expensive for the Board to install, operate and maintain. For that reason alone it is necessary to prevent misuse of the computer systems. However, there are other equally important reasons why the Board intends to monitor the use of these computer systems, reasons that support its efforts to maintain a comfortable and pleasant work environment for all employees.

These computer systems can be used for improper, and even illegal, purposes. Experience by other operators of such computer systems has shown that they can be used for such wrongful purposes as sexual harassment, intimidation of co-workers, threatening of co-workers, breaches of confidentiality, copyright infringement and the like.

Monitoring will also allow the Board to continually reassess the utility of the computer systems, and whenever appropriate, make such changes to the computer systems as it deems fit. Thus, the Board monitoring should serve to increase the value of the system to the district on an ongoing basis.

Privacy Issues

Employees must understand that the Board has reserved the right to conduct monitoring of these computer systems and can do so *despite* the assignment to individual employees of passwords for system security. Any password systems implemented by the district are designed solely to provide system security from unauthorized users, not to provide privacy to the individual system user.

The system's security aspects, message delete function and personal passwords can be bypassed for monitoring purposes.

Therefore, employees must be aware that they should not have any expectation of personal privacy in the use of these computer systems. This provision applies to any and all uses of the district's computer systems and electronic devices that access same, including any incidental personal use permitted in accordance with these regulations.

Use of the computer system represents an employee's acknowledgement that the employee has read and understands these regulations and any applicable policy in their entirety, including the provisions regarding monitoring and review of computer activity.

Prohibited Uses

Inappropriate use of district computer systems is expressly prohibited, including, but not limited to, the following:

- ◆ Sending any form of solicitation not directly related to the business of the Board of Education;
- ◆ Sending any form of slanderous, harassing, threatening, or intimidating message, at any time, to any person (such communications *may* also be a *crime*);
- ◆ Gaining or seeking to gain unauthorized access to computer systems;
- ◆ Downloading or modifying computer software of the district in violation of the district's licensure agreement(s) and/or without authorization from supervisory personnel;
- ◆ Sending any message that breaches the Board confidentiality requirements, including the confidentiality rights of students;
- ◆ Sending any copyrighted material over the system;
- ◆ Sending messages for any purpose prohibited by law;
- ◆ Transmission or receipt of inappropriate e-mail communications or accessing inappropriate information on the Internet, including vulgar, lewd or obscene words or pictures;
- ◆ Using computer systems for any purposes, or in any manner, other than those permitted under these regulations;

- ◆ Using social networking sites such as Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, Instagram and YouTube in a manner that violates the Board's Social Networking policy.

[If the Board does not have a formal social networking policy, the last bullet may be revised as follows:

- ◆ Using social networking sites such as Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, Instagram and YouTube in a manner that disrupts or undermines the effective operation of the school district; is used to engage in harassing, defamatory, obscene, abusive, discriminatory or threatening or similarly inappropriate communications; creates a hostile work environment; breaches confidentiality obligations of school district employees; or violates the law, Board policies and/or the other school rules and regulations.]

In addition, if a particular behavior or activity is generally prohibited by law and/or Board policy, use of these computer systems for the purpose of carrying out such activity and/or behavior is also prohibited.

Electronic Communications

The Board expects that all employees will comply with all applicable Board policies and standards of professional conduct when engaging in any form of electronic communication, including texting, using the district's computer system, or through the use of any electronic messaging system or electronic device or mobile device owned, leased, or used by the Board. As with any form of communication, the Board expects district personnel to exercise caution and appropriate judgment when using electronic communications with students, colleagues and other individuals in the context of fulfilling an employee's job-related responsibilities.

Disciplinary Action

Misuse of these computer systems will not be tolerated and will result in disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment. Because no two situations are identical, the Board reserves the right to determine the appropriate discipline for any particular set of circumstances.

Complaints of Problems or Misuse

Anyone who is aware of problems with or misuse of these computer systems, or has a question regarding the appropriate use of the computer systems, should report this to a district administrator, or supervisor.

Most importantly, the Board urges *any* employee who receives *any* harassing, threatening, intimidating or other improper message through the computer systems to report this immediately. It is the Board's policy that no employee should be required to tolerate such treatment, regardless of the identity of the sender of the message. *Please report these events!*

Implementation

This regulation is effective as of 9/13/2021.

Legal References:

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-40x

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-48d

Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 53a-182; 53a-183; 53a-250

Electronic Communication Privacy Act, 18 U.S.C. §§ 2510 through 2520

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

NOTICE REGARDING ELECTRONIC MONITORING

In accordance with the provisions of Connecticut General Statutes Section 31-48d, the Board of Education hereby gives notice to all its employees of the potential use of electronic monitoring in its workplace. While the Board may not actually engage in the use of electronic monitoring, it reserves the right to do so as the Board and/or the Administration deem appropriate in their discretion, consistent with the provisions set forth in this Notice.

“Electronic monitoring,” as defined by Connecticut General Statutes Section 31-48d, means the collection of information on the Board’s premises concerning employees’ activities or communications, by any means other than direct observation of the employees. Electronic monitoring includes the use of a computer, telephone, wire, radio, camera, electromagnetic, photoelectronic or photo-optical systems. The law does not cover the collection of information (A) for security purposes in any common areas of the Board’s premises which are open to the public, or (B) which is prohibited under other state or federal law.

The following specific types of electronic monitoring may be used by the Board in its workplaces:

- Monitoring of electronic messaging systems (including email) and other components of the Board’s computer systems, including monitoring of electronic devices such as personal computing devices, cellular phones, Smartphones, cassette players, CD players, tablets, walkie-talkies, personal gaming systems, Bluetooth speakers, personal data assistants, and other electronic signaling devices that access the computer systems, for compliance with the Board’s policies and regulations concerning use of such systems.
- Video and/or audio surveillance within school buildings (other than in restrooms, locker rooms, lounges and other areas designed for the health or personal comfort of employees or for the safeguarding of their possessions), on school grounds and on school buses and other vehicles providing transportation to students and/or employees of the school system.
- Monitoring of employee usage of the school district’s telephone systems.

The law also provides that, where electronic monitoring may produce evidence of misconduct, the Board may use electronic monitoring without any prior notice when the Board has reasonable grounds to believe employees are engaged in conduct that (i) violates the law, (ii) violates the legal rights of the Board or other employees, or (iii) creates a hostile work environment.

Questions about electronic monitoring in the workplace should be directed to the Superintendent.

Legal References:

Connecticut General Statutes:
Section 31-48b
Section 31-48d

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

**Policy 4007
Personnel**

EMPLOYMENT AND STUDENT TEACHER CHECKS

As set forth below, each applicant for a position with the district, and each student who is enrolled in a teacher preparation program, as defined in section 10-10a of the Connecticut General Statutes, and completing his or her student teaching experience in the district, shall be asked to provide in writing: (1) whether he/she has ever been convicted of a crime; (2) whether there are any criminal charges pending against him/her at the time of the application and, if charges are pending, to state the charges and the court in which such charges are pending; and (3) whether the applicant is included on the Abuse and Neglect Registry of the Connecticut Department of Children and Families (“DCF”) (the “Registry”). Applicants shall not be required to disclose any arrest, criminal charge or conviction that has been erased.

In addition, the district shall conduct an employment history check for each applicant for a position, as set forth below.

For the purposes of this policy:

“Sexual misconduct means” any verbal, nonverbal, written, or electronic communication, or any other act directed toward or with a student that is designed to establish a sexual relationship with the student, including a sexual invitation, dating or soliciting a date, engaging in sexual dialog, making sexually suggestive comments, self-disclosure or physical exposure of a sexual or erotic nature, and any other sexual, indecent, or erotic contact with a student.

“Abuse or neglect” means abuse or neglect as described in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 46b-120, and includes any violation of Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 53a-70 (sexual assault in the first degree), 53a-70a (aggravated sexual assault in the first degree), 53a-71 (sexual assault in the second degree), 53a-72a (sexual assault in the third degree), 53a-72b (sexual assault in the third degree with a firearm), or 53a-73a (sexual assault in the fourth degree).

“Former employer” means any person, firm, business, educational institution, nonprofit agency, corporation, limited liability company, the state, any political subdivision of the state, any governmental agency, or any other entity that such applicant was employed by during any of the previous twenty years prior to applying for a position with a local or regional board of education.

I. Employment History Check Procedures

A. The district shall not offer employment to an applicant for a position, including any position that is contracted for, if such applicant would have direct student contact, prior to the district:

1. Requiring the applicant:

a. to list the name, address, and telephone number of each current employer or former employer (please note the definition of “former employer” above, including the applicable twenty year reporting period) during any of the previous twenty years, if:

- (i) such current or former employer is/was a local or regional board of education, council of a state or local charter school, interdistrict magnet school operator, or a supervisory agent of a nonpublic school, and/or
 - (ii) the applicant's employment with such current or former employer caused the applicant to have contact with children.
- b. to submit a written authorization that
 - (i) consents to and authorizes disclosure by the employers listed under paragraph I.A.1.a of this policy of the information requested under paragraph I.A.2 of this policy and the release of related records by such employers,
 - (ii) consents to and authorizes disclosure by the Department of Education of the information requested under paragraph I.A.3 of this policy and the release of related records by the department, and
 - (iii) releases those employers and the Department of Education from liability that may arise from such disclosure or release of records pursuant to paragraphs I.A.2 or I.A.3 of this policy; and
- c. to submit a written statement of whether the applicant
 - (i) has been the subject of an abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct investigation by any employer, state agency or municipal police department, unless the investigation resulted in a finding that all allegations were unsubstantiated,
 - (ii) has ever been disciplined or asked to resign from employment or resigned from or otherwise separated from any employment while an allegation of abuse or neglect was pending or under investigation by DCF, or an allegation of sexual misconduct was pending or under investigation or due to an allegation substantiated pursuant to Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17a-101g or abuse or neglect, or of sexual misconduct or a conviction for abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct, or
 - (iii) has ever had a professional or occupational license or certificate suspended or revoked or has ever surrendered such a license or certificate while an allegation of abuse or neglect was pending or under investigation by DCF or an investigation of sexual misconduct was pending or under investigation, or due to an allegation substantiated by DCF of abuse or neglect or of sexual misconduct or a conviction for abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct;

2. Conducting a review of the employment history of the applicant by contacting those employers listed by the applicant under paragraph I.A.1.a of this policy. Such review shall be conducted using a form developed by the Department of Education, which shall request the following:
 - a. the dates employment of the applicant, and
 - b. a statement as to whether the employer has knowledge that the applicant:
 - (i) was the subject of an allegation of abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct for which there is an investigation pending with any employer, state agency, or municipal police department or which has been substantiated;
 - (ii) was disciplined or asked to resign from employment or resigned from or otherwise separated from any employment while an allegation of abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct was pending or under investigation, or due to a substantiation of abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct; or
 - (iii) has ever had a professional or occupational license, certificate, authorization or permit suspended or revoked or has ever surrendered such a license, certificate, authorization or permit while an allegation of abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct was pending or under investigation, or due to a substantiation of abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct. Such review may be conducted telephonically or through written communication. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (f) of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51i, not later than five (5) business days after the district receives a request for such information about an employee or former employee, the district shall respond with such information. The district may request more information concerning any response made by a current or former employer for information about an applicant, and, notwithstanding subsection (f), such employer shall respond not later than five (5) business days after receiving such request.
3. Requesting information from the Department of Education concerning:
 - a. the eligibility status for employment of any applicant for a position requiring a certificate, authorization or permit,
 - b. whether the Department of Education has knowledge that a finding has been substantiated by DCF pursuant to Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17a-101g of abuse or neglect or of sexual misconduct against the applicant and any information concerning such a finding, and
 - c. whether the Department of Education has received notification that the applicant has been convicted of a crime or of criminal charges pending against the applicant and any information concerning such charges.

- B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (f) of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51i, if the district receives information that an applicant for a position with or an employee of the board has been disciplined for a finding of abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct, it shall notify the Department of Education of such information.
- C. The district shall not employ an applicant for a position involving direct student contact who does not comply with the provisions of paragraph I.A.1 of this policy.
- D. The district may employ or contract with an applicant on a temporary basis for a period not to exceed ninety (90) calendar days, pending the district's review of information received under this section, provided:
 - 1. The applicant complied with paragraph I.A.1 of this policy;
 - 2. The district has no knowledge of information pertaining to the applicant that would disqualify the applicant from employment with the district; and
 - 3. The applicant affirms that the applicant is not disqualified from employment with the district.
- E. The district shall not enter into a collective bargaining agreement, an employment contract, an agreement for resignation or termination, a severance agreement, or any other contract or agreement or take any action that:
 - 1. Has the effect of suppressing information relating to an investigation of a report of suspected abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct by a current or former employee;
 - 2. Affects the ability of the district to report suspected abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct to appropriate authorities; or
 - 3. Requires the district to expunge information about an allegation or a finding of suspected abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct from any documents maintained by the district, unless, after investigation, such allegation is dismissed or found to be false.
- F. The district shall not offer employment to a person as a substitute teacher, unless such person and the district comply with the provisions of paragraph I.A.1 of this policy. The district shall determine which such persons are employable as substitute teachers and maintain a list of such persons. The district shall not hire any person as a substitute teacher who is not on such list. Such person shall remain on such list as long as such person is continuously employed by the district as a substitute teacher as described in paragraph III.B.2 of this policy, provided the district does not have any knowledge of a reason that such person should be removed from such list.
- G. In the case of an applicant who is a contractor, the contractor shall require any employee with such contractor who would be in a position involving direct student contact to supply to such

contractor all the information required of an applicant under paragraphs I.A.1.a and I.A.1.c of this policy and a written authorization under paragraph I.A.1.b of this policy. Such contractor shall contact any current or former employer (please note the definition of “former employer” above, including the applicable twenty year reporting period) of such employee that was a local or regional board of education, council of a state or local charter school, interdistrict magnet school operator, or a supervisory agent of a nonpublic school, or if the employee’s employment with such current or former employer caused the employee to have contact with children, and request, either telephonically or through written communication, any information concerning whether there was a finding of abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct against such employee. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (f) of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51i, such employer shall report to the contractor any such finding, either telephonically or through written communication. If the contractor receives any information indicating such a finding or otherwise receives any information indicating such a finding or otherwise has knowledge of such a finding, the contractor shall, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (f) of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51i, immediately forward such information to the district, either telephonically or through written communication. If the district receives such information, it shall determine whether such employee may work in a position involving direct student contact at any school in the district. No determination by the district that any such employee shall not work under any such contract in any such position shall constitute a breach of such contract.

- H. Any applicant who knowingly provides false information or knowingly fails to disclose information required in subdivision (1) of subsection (A) of this section shall be subject to discipline by the district that may include
 - 1. denial of employment, or
 - 2. termination of the contract of a certified employee, in accordance with the provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-151.
- I. If the district provides information in accordance with paragraph I.A.2 or I.G of this policy, the district shall be immune from criminal and civil liability, provided the district did not knowingly supply false information.
- J. Notwithstanding the provisions of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-151c and subsection (f) of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51i, the district shall provide, upon request by another local or regional board of education, governing council of a state or local charter school, interdistrict magnet school operator, or supervisory agent of a nonpublic school for the purposes of an inquiry pursuant to paragraphs I.A.2 or I.G of this policy or to the Commissioner of Education pursuant to paragraph I.B of this policy any information that the district has concerning a finding of abuse or neglect or sexual misconduct by a subject of any such inquiry.
- K. Prior to offering employment to an applicant, the district shall make a documented good faith effort to contact each current and any former employer (please note the definition of “former employer” employer above, including the applicable twenty year reporting period) of the applicant that was a local or regional board of education, governing council of a state or local charter school, interdistrict magnet school operator, or supervisory agent of a nonpublic school,

or if the applicant's employment with such current or former employer caused the applicant to have contact with children in order to obtain information and recommendations that may be relevant to the applicant's fitness for employment. Such effort, however, shall not be construed to require more than three telephonic requests made on three separate days.

- L. The district shall not offer employment to any applicant who had any previous employment contract terminated by a local or regional board of education, council of a state or local charter school, interdistrict magnet school operator, or a supervisory agent of a nonpublic school, or who resigned from such employment, if the person has been convicted of a violation of Conn. Gen. Stat. § 17a-101a, when an allegation of abuse or neglect or sexual assault has been substantiated.

II. DCF Registry Checks

Prior to hiring any person for a position with the district, and before a student who is enrolled in a teacher preparation program, as defined in section 10-10a of the Connecticut General Statutes, and completing his or her student teaching experience with the district, begins such student teaching experience, the district shall require such applicant or student to submit to a records check of information maintained on the Registry concerning the applicant.

The district shall request information from the Registry promptly, and in any case no later than thirty (30) calendar days from the date of employment. Registry checks will be processed according to the following procedure:

- A. No later than ten (10) calendar days after the Superintendent or his/her designee has notified a job applicant of a decision to offer employment to the applicant, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the Superintendent or designee will either obtain the information from the Registry or, if the applicant's consent is required to access the information, will supply the applicant with the release form utilized by DCF for obtaining information from the Registry.
- B. If consent is required to access the Registry, no later than ten (10) calendar days after the Superintendent or his/her designee has provided the successful job applicant with the form, the applicant must submit the signed form to DCF with a copy to the Superintendent or his/her designee. Failure of the applicant to submit the signed form to DCF or its out of state equivalent within such ten-day period, without good cause, will be grounds for the withdrawal of the offer of employment.
- C. Upon receipt of Registry information indicating previously undisclosed information concerning abuse or neglect investigations concerning the successful job applicant/employee, the Superintendent or his/her designee will notify the affected applicant/employee in writing of the results of the Registry check and will provide an opportunity for the affected applicant/employee to respond to the results of the Registry check.
- D. If notification is received by the Superintendent or designee that that the applicant is listed as a perpetrator of abuse or neglect on the Registry, the Superintendent or designee shall provide the applicant with an opportunity to be heard regarding the results of the Registry check. If warranted by the results of the Registry check and any additional information provided by the

applicant, the Superintendent or designee shall revoke the offer of employment and/or terminate the applicant's employment if he or she has already commenced working for the district.

III. Criminal Records Check Procedure

- A. Each person hired by the district shall be required to submit to state and national criminal record checks within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of employment. Each student who is enrolled in a teacher preparation program, as defined in section 10-10a of the Connecticut General Statutes, and completing his or her student teaching experience with the district, shall be required to submit to state and national criminal record checks within sixty (60) calendar days from the date such student begins to perform such student teaching experience. Record checks will be processed according to the following procedure: *
1. No later than five (5) calendar days after the Superintendent or his/her designee has notified a job applicant of a decision to hire the applicant, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the Superintendent or his/her designee will provide the applicant with a packet containing all documents and materials necessary for the applicant to be fingerprinted by the EdAdvance. This packet shall also contain all documents and materials necessary for the police department to submit the completed fingerprints to the State Police Bureau of Identification for the processing of state and national criminal record checks. The Superintendent or his/her designee will also provide each applicant with the following notifications before the applicant obtains his/her fingerprints: (1) Agency Privacy Requirements for Noncriminal Justice Applicants; (2) Noncriminal Justice Applicant's Privacy Rights; (3) and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, United States Department of Justice Privacy Act Statement.
 2. No later than ten (10) calendar days after the Superintendent or his/her designee has provided the successful job applicant with the fingerprinting packet, the applicant must arrange to be fingerprinted by the EdAdvance. Failure of the applicant to have his/her fingerprints taken within such ten-day period, without good cause, will be grounds for the withdrawal of the offer of employment.
 3. Any person for whom criminal records checks are required to be performed pursuant to this policy must pay all fees and costs associated with the fingerprinting process and/or the submission or processing of the requests for criminal record checks. Fees and costs associated with the fingerprinting process and the submission and process of requests are waived for student teachers, in accordance with state law.
 4. Upon receipt of a criminal record check indicating a previously undisclosed conviction, the Superintendent or his/her designee will notify the affected applicant/employee in writing of the results of the record check and will provide an opportunity for the affected applicant/employee to respond to the results of the criminal record check. The affected applicant/employee may notify the Superintendent or his/her designee in writing within five (5) calendar days that the affected/employee will challenge his/her criminal history record check. Upon written notification to the Superintendent or his/her designee of such a challenge, the affected applicant/employee shall have ten (10) calendar days to provide

the Superintendent or his/her designee with necessary documentation regarding the affected applicant/employee's record challenge. The Superintendent or his/her designee may grant an extension to the preceding ten-day period during which the affected applicant/employee may provide such documentation for good cause shown.

5. Decisions regarding the effect of a conviction upon an applicant/employee, whether disclosed or undisclosed by the applicant/employee, will be made on a case-by-case basis. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the falsification or omission of any information on a job application or in a job interview, including but not limited to information concerning criminal convictions or pending criminal charges, shall be grounds for disqualification from consideration for employment or discharge from employment.
6. Notwithstanding anything in paragraph III.A.5 of this Policy, above, no decision to deny employment or withdraw an offer of employment on the basis of an applicant/employee's criminal history record shall be made without affording the applicant/employee the opportunities set forth in paragraph III.A.4 of this Policy, above.

B. Criminal Records Check for Substitute Teachers:

A substitute teacher who is hired by the district must submit to state and national criminal history record checks according to the procedures outlined above, subject to the following:

1. If the state and national criminal history record checks for a substitute teacher have been completed within one year prior to the date the district hired the substitute teacher, and if the substitute teacher arranged for such prior criminal history record checks to be forwarded to the Superintendent, then the substitute teacher will not be required to submit to another criminal history record check at the time of such hire.
2. If a substitute teacher submitted to state and national criminal history record checks upon being hired by the district, then the substitute teacher will not be required to submit to another criminal history record check so long as the substitute teacher is continuously employed by the district, that is, employed for at least one day of each school year, by the district, provided a substitute teacher is subjected to such checks at least once every five years.

IV. Sex Offender Registry Checks

School district personnel shall cross-reference the Connecticut Department of Public Safety's sexual offender registry prior to hiring any new employee and before a student who is enrolled in a teacher preparation program, as defined in section 10-10a of the Connecticut General Statutes, and completing his or her student teaching experience with the district, begins such student teaching experience. Registration as a sexual offender constitutes grounds for denial of employment opportunities and opportunities to perform student teaching experiences in the school district.

V. Credit Checks

The district may also ask a prospective employee for a credit report for employment for certain district positions, where the district's receipt of a credit report is substantially related to the employee's potential job. Substantially related is defined to mean "the information contained in the credit report is related to the position for which the employee or prospective employee who is the subject of the report is being evaluated." Prior to asking for a credit report, the district will determine whether the position falls within one of the categories as described in this paragraph. The position must: (1) be a managerial position which involves setting the direction or control of the district; (2) involve access to employees' personal or financial information; (3) involve a fiduciary responsibility to the district, including, but not limited to, the authority to issue payments, collect debts, transfer money or enter into contracts; (4) provide an expense account or district debit or credit card; or (5) involve access to the district's nonfinancial assets valued at two thousand five dollars or more.

When a credit report will be requested as part of the employment process, the district will provide written notification to prospective employee regarding the use of credit checks. That notification must be provided in a document separate from the employment application. The notification must state that the district may use the information in the consumer credit report to make decisions related to the individual's employment.

The district will obtain consent before performing the credit or other background checks. If the district intends to take an action adverse to a potential employee based on the results of a credit report, the district must provide the prospective employee with a copy of the report on which the district relied in making the adverse decision, as well as a copy of "A Summary of Your Rights Under the Fair Credit Reporting Act," which should be provided by the company that provides the results of the credit check. The district will notify the prospective employee either orally, in writing or via electronic means that the adverse action was taken based on the information in the consumer report. That notice must include the name, address and phone number of the consumer reporting company that supplied the credit report; a statement that the company that supplied the report did not make the decision to take the unfavorable action and cannot provide specific reasons for the district's actions; and a notice of the person's right to dispute the accuracy or completeness of any information the consumer reporting company furnished, and to get an additional free report from the company if the person asks for it within sixty (60) calendar days.

VI. Notice of Conviction

If, at any time, the district receives notice of a conviction of a crime by a person holding a certificate, authorization or permit issued by the State Board of Education, the district shall send such notice to the State Board of Education. In complying with this requirement, the district shall not disseminate the results of any national criminal history records check.

VII. School Nurses

School nurses or nurse practitioners appointed by, or under contract with, the district shall also be required to submit to a criminal history records check in accordance with the procedures outlined above.

VIII. Personal Online Accounts

For purposes of these Administrative Regulations, “personal online account” means any online account that is used by an employee or applicant exclusively for personal purposes and unrelated to any business purpose of the district, including, but not limited to, electronic mail, social media and retail-based Internet web sites. “Personal online account” does not include any account created, maintained, used or accessed by an employee or applicant for a business purpose of the district.

- A. During the course of an employment check, the district may not:
 - 1. request or require that an applicant provide the district with a user name and password, password or any other authentication means for accessing a personal online account;
 - 2. request or require that an applicant authenticate or access a personal online account in the presence of the district; or
 - 3. require that an applicant invite a supervisor employed by the district or accept an invitation from a supervisor employed by the district to join a group affiliated with any personal online account of the applicant.
- B. The district may request or require that an applicant provide the district with a user name and password, password or any other authentication means for accessing:
 - 1. any account or service provided by district or by virtue of the applicant’s employment relationship with the district or that the applicant uses for the district’s business purposes, or
 - 2. any electronic communications device supplied or paid for, in whole or in part, by the district.
- C. In accordance with applicable law, the district maintains the right to require an applicant to allow the district to access his or her personal online account, without disclosing the user name and password, password or other authentication means for accessing such personal online account, for the purpose of:
 - 1. conducting an investigation for the purpose of ensuring compliance with applicable state or federal laws, regulatory requirements or prohibitions against work-related employee misconduct based on the receipt of specific information about activity on an applicant’s personal online account; or
 - 2. conducting an investigation based on the receipt of specific information about an applicant’s unauthorized transfer of the district’s proprietary information, confidential information or financial data to or from a personal online account operated by an applicant or other source.

IX. Policy Inapplicable to Certain Individuals

This policy shall also not apply to:

- A. A student employed by the district who attends a district school.
- B. A person employed by the district as a teacher for a noncredit adult class or adult education activity, as defined in Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-67, who is not required to hold a teaching certificate pursuant to Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-145b for his or her position.

X. Falsification of Records.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this policy, the falsification or omission of any information on a job application or in a job interview, including but not limited to information concerning abuse or neglect investigations or pending criminal applications, shall be grounds for disqualification from consideration for employment or discharge from employment.

Legal References: Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-212

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-221d

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-222c

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-40x

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51i

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51tt

Public Act 19-91, “An Act Concerning Various Revisions and Additions to the Education Statutes.”

Elementary and Secondary Education Act, reauthorized as the Every Student Succeeds Act, Pub. L. 114-95, codified at 20 U.S.C. § 1001 *et seq.*

Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681 *et*

seq. ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

Agency Privacy Requirements for Noncriminal Justice Applicants

Authorized governmental and non-governmental agencies/officials that conduct a national fingerprint-based criminal history record check on an applicant for a noncriminal justice purpose (such as a job or license, immigration or naturalization matter, security clearance, or adoption) are obligated to ensure the applicant is provided certain notice and other information and that the results of the check are handled in a manner that protects the applicant's privacy.

- Officials must provide to the applicant written notice¹ that his/her fingerprints will be used to check the criminal history records of the FBI.
- Officials using the FBI criminal history record (if one exists) to make a determination of the applicant's suitability for the job, license, or other benefit must provide the applicant the opportunity to complete or challenge the accuracy of the information in the record.
- Officials must advise the applicant that procedures for obtaining a change, correction, or updating of an FBI criminal history record are set forth at Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Section 16.34.
- Officials should not deny the job, license, or other benefit based on information in the criminal history record until the applicant has been afforded a reasonable time to correct or complete the record or has declined to do so.
- Officials must use the criminal history record solely for the purpose requested and cannot disseminate the record outside the receiving department, related agency, or other authorized entity.²

The FBI has no objection to officials providing a copy of the applicant's FBI criminal history record to the applicant for review and possible challenge when the record was obtained based on positive fingerprint identification. If agency policy permits, this courtesy will save the applicant the time and additional FBI fee to obtain his/her record directly from the FBI by following the procedures found at 28 CFR 16.30 through 16.34. It will also allow the officials to make a more timely determination of the applicant's suitability.

Each agency should establish and document the process/procedures it utilizes for how/when it gives the applicant notice, what constitutes "a reasonable time" for the applicant to correct or complete the record, and any applicant appeal process that is afforded the applicant. Such documentation will assist State and/or FBI auditors during periodic compliance reviews on use of criminal history records for noncriminal justice purposes.

If you need additional information or assistance, contact:

Connecticut Records: Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection State Police Bureau of Identification (SPBI) 1111 Country Club Road Middletown, CT 06457 860-685-8480	Out-of-State Records: Agency of Record OR FBI CJIS Division-Summary Request 1000 Custer Hollow Road Clarksburg, West Virginia 26306
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¹ Written notification includes electronic notification, but excludes oral notification.

² See 5 U.S.C. 552a(b); 28 U.S.C. 534(b); 42 U.S.C. 14616, Article IV(c); 28 CFR 20.21(c), 20.33(d), 50.12(b) and 906.2(d).

Noncriminal Justice Applicant's Privacy Rights

As an applicant who is the subject of a national fingerprint-based criminal history record check for a noncriminal justice purpose (such as an application for a job or license, an immigration or naturalization matter, security clearance, or adoption), you have certain rights which are discussed below.

- You must be provided written notification³ by Norfolk School that your fingerprints will be used to check the criminal history records of the FBI.
- If you have a criminal history record, the officials making a determination of your suitability for the job, license, or other benefit must provide you the opportunity to complete or challenge the accuracy of the information in the record.
- The officials must advise you that the procedures for obtaining a change, correction, or updating of your criminal history record are set forth at Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Section 16.34.
- If you have a criminal history record, you should be afforded a reasonable amount of time to correct or complete the record (or decline to do so) before the officials deny you the job, license, or other benefit based on information in the criminal history record.⁴
- You have the right to expect that officials receiving the results of the criminal history record check will use it only for authorized purposes and will not retain or disseminate it in violation of federal statute, regulation or executive order, or rule, procedure or standard established by the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact Council.⁵
- If agency policy permits, the officials may provide you with a copy of your FBI criminal history record for review and possible challenge. If agency policy does not permit it to provide you a copy of the record, you may obtain a copy of the record by submitting fingerprints and a fee to the FBI. Information regarding this process may be obtained at <http://www.fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/background-checks>.
- If you decide to challenge the accuracy or completeness of your FBI criminal history record, you should send your challenge to the agency that contributed the questioned information to the FBI. Alternatively, you may send your challenge directly to the FBI at the same address as provided above. The FBI will then forward your challenge to the agency that contributed the questioned information and request the agency to verify or correct the challenged entry. Upon receipt of an official communication from that agency, the FBI will make any necessary changes/corrections to your record in accordance with the information supplied by that agency. (See 28 CFR 16.30 through 16.34.)
- If you need additional information or assistance, please contact:

Connecticut Records:
Department of Emergency Services and Public Protection
State Police Bureau of Identification (SPBI)
1111 Country Club Road
Middletown, CT 06457
860-685-8480

Out-of-State Records:
Agency of Record
OR
FBI CJIS Division-Summary Request
1000 Custer Hollow Road
Clarksburg, West Virginia 26306

³ Written notification includes electronic notification, but excludes oral notification.

⁴ See 28 CFR 50.12(b).

⁵ See 5 U.S.C. 552a(b); 28 U.S.C. 534(b); 42 U.S.C. 14616, Article IV(c); 28 CFR 20.21(c), 20.33(d) and 906.2(d).

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Privacy Act Statement

Authority: The FBI's acquisition, preservation, and exchange of fingerprints and associated information is generally authorized under 28 U.S.C. 534. Depending on the nature of your application, supplemental authorities include Federal statutes, State statutes pursuant to Pub. L. 92-544, Presidential Executive Orders, and federal. Providing your fingerprints and associated information is voluntary; however, failure to do so may affect completion or approval of your application.

Social Security Account Number (SSAN). Your SSAN is needed to keep records accurate because other people may have the same name and birth date. Pursuant to the Federal Privacy Act of 1974 (5 USC 552a), the requesting agency is responsible for informing you whether disclosure is mandatory or voluntary, by what statutory or other authority your SSAN is solicited, and what uses will be made of it. Executive Order 9397 also asks Federal agencies to use this number to help identify individuals in agency records.

Principal Purpose: Certain determinations, such as employment, licensing, and security clearances, may be predicated on fingerprint-based background checks. Your fingerprints and associated information/biometrics may be provided to the employing, investigating, or otherwise responsible agency, and/or the FBI for the purpose of comparing your fingerprints to other fingerprints in the FBI's Next Generation Identification (NGI) system or its successor systems (including civil, criminal, and latent fingerprint repositories) or other available records of the employing, investigating, or otherwise responsible agency. The FBI may retain your fingerprints and associated information/biometrics in NGI after the completion of this application and, while retained, your fingerprints may continue to be compared against other fingerprints submitted to or retained by NGI.

Routine Uses: During the processing of this application and for as long thereafter as your fingerprints and associated information/biometrics are retained in NGI, your information may be disclosed pursuant to your consent, and may be disclosed without your consent as permitted by the Privacy Act of 1974 and all applicable Routine Uses as may be published at any time in the Federal Register, including the Routine Uses for the NGI system and the FBI's Blanket Routine Uses. Routine uses include, but are not limited to, disclosures to: employing, governmental or authorized non-governmental agencies responsible for employment, contracting licensing, security clearances, and other suitability determinations; local, state, tribal, or federal law enforcement agencies; criminal justice agencies; and agencies responsible for national security or public safety.

Additional Information: The requesting agency and/or the agency conducting the application-investigation will provide you additional information pertinent to the specific circumstances of this application, which may include identification of other authorities, purposes, uses, and consequences of not providing requested information. In addition, any such agency in the Federal Executive Branch has also published notice in the Federal Register describing any systems(s) of records in which that agency may also maintain your records, including the authorities, purposes, and routine uses for the system(s).

**Series 4000
Policy 4008
Personnel**

FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for leaves taken by employees of the Norfolk Board of Education (the “Board”) under the Federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (“FMLA”).

ELIGIBILITY

Employees who have worked for the Board for at least twelve (12) months, and who have worked at least 1,250 actual work hours, or, in the case of school paraprofessionals in an educational setting, who have worked at least 950 actual hours of work, during the twelve (12) months immediately preceding the start of a leave, are eligible for unpaid leave under the FMLA.

REASONS FOR LEAVE

Leaves under the FMLA may be taken for the following reasons:

- incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or child birth; or
- to care for the employee's newborn child; or
- the placement of a child with the employee by adoption or for foster care; or
- to care for the employee's spouse, child or parent who has a serious health condition; or
- to care for the employee's own serious health condition that renders the employee unable to perform the functions of his or her position; or
- to care for an injured or ill service member (see below – Length of Leave – for further information); or
- a qualifying exigency arising out of a family member’s military service, including one or more of the following reasons
 - short notice deployment;

- military events and related activities;
- childcare and school activities;
- financial and legal arrangements;
- counseling;
- rest and recuperation;
- post-deployment activities;
- parental care leave for military member's parent who is incapable of self-care and care is necessitated by the member's covered active duty;
- additional activities that arise out of the active duty or call to active duty status of a covered military member, provided that the Board and the employee agree that such leave qualifies as an exigency, and agree to both the timing and the duration of such leave.

LENGTH OF LEAVE

(a) Basic FMLA Leave Entitlement

If a leave is requested for one of the above-listed reasons, each eligible employee may take up to a total of twelve (12) weeks unpaid family or medical leave in any 12-month entitlement period.

The 12-month entitlement period for family or medical leave is measured on the basis of a 12-month fiscal year

(b) Leave to care for an Injured or Ill Service member

In addition to the reasons for leave listed above, an eligible employee may take up to twenty-six (26) workweeks of FMLA leave during a 12-month period to care for (i) an injured or ill service member who is the employee's spouse, parent, child or next of kin, and who incurred the injury or illness in the line of duty and while on active duty in the Armed Forces or had a preexisting injury or illness prior to beginning active duty that was aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces; or, (ii) an injured or ill covered veteran who is the employee's spouse, parent, child or next of kin.

For service members, the injury or illness must render the service member medically unable to perform the duties of his/her office, grade, rank or rating. This

provision applies to service members who are undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, are in outpatient status, or who are on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness.

For covered veterans, the veteran must be undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy for a serious injury or illness and s/he (1) was a member of the Armed Forces (including the National Guard or Reserves); (2) was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable; and (3) was discharged within the five-year period before the eligible employee first takes FMLA military caregiver leave to care for the veteran.¹

For covered veterans, serious injury or illness means any of the following:

- (i) a continuation of a serious injury or illness that was incurred or aggravated when the covered veteran was a member of the Armed Forces and rendered the servicemember unable to perform the duties of the servicemember's office, grade, rank, or rating; or
- ii) a physical or mental condition for which the covered veteran has received a U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Service-Related Disability Rating (VASRD) of 50 percent or greater, and such VASRD rating is based, in whole or in part, on the condition precipitating the need for military caregiver leave; or
- (iii) a physical or mental condition that substantially impairs the covered veteran's ability to secure or follow a substantially gainful occupation by reason of a disability or disabilities related to military service, or would do so absent treatment; or
- (iv) an injury, including a psychological injury, on the basis of which the covered veteran has been enrolled in the Department of Veterans Affairs Program of Comprehensive Assistance for Family Caregivers.

When combined with any other type of FMLA qualifying leave, total leave time may not exceed twenty-six (26) weeks in a single twelve (12) month period. Standard FMLA leave procedures described below apply to all requests for and designation of leave for this purpose. *However*, in the case of leave to care for an injured or ill service member, the 12-month period begins on the day such leave actually commences.

¹ The employee's first date of leave must be within the five year period. However, the employee may continue to take leave throughout the single 12 month period even if the leave extends past the five year period. Note - special rules may apply to calculating the five year period for veterans discharged between October 28, 2009 and March 8, 2013. This period will effectively be excluded from the five year calculation.

TYPES OF LEAVE AND CONDITIONS

(a) Full-Time, Intermittent and Reduced Schedule Leave

Full-time unpaid leave may be taken for any of the reasons permitted by the FMLA. Full-time leave excuses the employee from work for a continuous period of time.

Intermittent leave means leave taken in separate periods of time rather than for one continuous period of time. Examples of intermittent leave include: leave taken one day per week over a period of a few months; or leave taken on an occasional/as-needed basis for medical appointments.

Reduced schedule leave is leave that reduces the employee's usual number of work hours per day for some period of time. For example, an employee may request half-time work for a number of weeks so the employee can assist in the care of a seriously ill parent.

An employee may take full-time, intermittent or reduced schedule leave whenever it is medically necessary for a serious health condition of the eligible employee, his or her spouse, child or parent. Intermittent leave or reduced schedule leave for other reasons will be permitted only with the approval of the Superintendent or his/her designee.

If intermittent or reduced schedule leave is medically required, the Board may, in its sole discretion, temporarily transfer the employee to another job with equivalent pay and benefits that better accommodates the type of leave requested. Also, special arrangements may be required of an instructional employee who needs to take intermittent or reduced-schedule leave which will involve absence for more than twenty (20) percent of the work days in the period over which the leave will extend (for example, more than five days over a five-week period). For purposes of this policy, an instructional employee is defined as a teacher or other employee of the board who is employed principally in an instructional capacity and whose principal function is to teach and instruct students in a class, a small group, or an individual setting, and includes athletic coaches, driving instructors, and special education assistants such as signers for the hearing impaired. The term does not include teacher assistants or aides who do not have as their principal function actual teaching or instructing, nor auxiliary personnel such as counselors, psychologists, curriculum specialists, cafeteria workers, maintenance workers, bus drivers, or other primarily noninstructional employees.

(b) Both Spouses Working for the Same Employer

If both spouses are employees of the Board and request leave for the birth, placement of a child by adoption or for foster care, or to care for a seriously ill parent, they only will be entitled to a maximum combined total leave equal to twelve (12) weeks in any 12-month entitlement period. If either spouse (or both) uses a portion of the total 12-week entitlement for one of the purposes in the preceding sentence, each is entitled to the difference between the amount he or she has taken individually and the 12 weeks for

FMLA leave for their own or their spouse's serious health condition in the 12-month entitlement periods.

(c) Leave Taken by Instructional Employees Near the End of an Academic Term

If a leave taken by an instructional employee for any reason begins more than five (5) weeks before the end of an academic term, the Board may require that employee to continue the leave until the end of the term if the leave will last at least three (3) weeks and the employee would return to work during the three-week period before the end of the term.

If the employee begins a leave during the five-week period preceding the end of an academic term for a reason other than the employee's own serious health condition, the Board may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of the term if the leave will last more than two (2) weeks and the employee would return to work during the two-week period before the end of the term.

If the employee begins a leave during the three-week period preceding the end of an academic term for a reason other than the employee's own serious health condition, the Board may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of the term if the leave will last more than five (5) working days.

REQUESTS FOR LEAVE

Requests for a family or medical leave must be submitted to the Superintendent at least thirty (30) days before the leave is to commence, if possible. If thirty (30) days' notice is not possible, requests must be submitted as soon as practicable under the circumstances.

For leaves taken because of the employee's or a family member's serious health condition, the employee must submit a completed "Physician or Practitioner Certification" form before the leave begins if possible. This form may be obtained from the administrative assistant. If such advance certification is not possible, the medical certification must be provided by the employee within fifteen (15) calendar days of the Board's request for the medical certification.

If an employee takes leave to care for his or her own serious health condition, immediately upon return to work the employee must provide medical certification that the health condition which created the need for the leave no longer renders the employee unable to perform the functions of the job. This certification must be submitted to the personnel department.

In connection with the Board's request for medical information, employees must be aware that the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (GINA) prohibits employers and other entities covered by GINA Title II from requesting or requiring genetic information of an individual or family member of the individual, except as specifically allowed by this law. To comply with this law, the Board requests that employees not provide any genetic information when responding to a request for medical information. 'Genetic information,' as defined by GINA, includes an individual's family medical history, the results of an individual's or family member's genetic tests, the fact that an individual or an individual's family member sought or received genetic services, and genetic information of a fetus carried by an individual or an individual's family member or an embryo lawfully held by an individual or family member receiving assistive reproductive services.

USE OF PAID LEAVE

Accrued paid personal leave and accrued paid vacation will be substituted (in that order) for any unpaid portions of family or medical leave taken for any reason. However, where the leave is for the employee's own serious health condition, accrued paid sick leave shall be substituted for unpaid portions of family or medical leave prior to the substitution of accrued paid personal and accrued paid vacation leave. The amount of unpaid family or medical leave entitlement is reduced by the amount of paid leave that is substituted.

In addition, in cases involving absences due to a Workers' Compensation injury that also qualifies as an FMLA serious health condition, and if the employee agrees with the Board to do so, the Board will apply the employee's available accrued paid leave in increments as a supplement to the Workers' Compensation weekly benefit in an appropriate amount so that the employee can maintain his or her regular weekly income level.

MEDICAL INSURANCE AND OTHER BENEFITS

During approved family or medical leaves of absence, the Board will continue to pay its portion of medical insurance premiums for the period of unpaid family or medical leave. The employee must continue to pay his/her share of the premium, and failure to do so may result in loss of coverage. If the employee does not return to work after expiration of the leave, the employee will be required to reimburse the Board for payment of medical insurance premiums during the family or medical leave, unless the employee does not return because of a serious health condition or circumstances beyond the employee's control.

During an FMLA leave, an employee shall not accrue benefits, such as seniority, pension benefits, or sick or vacation leave, unless otherwise required by any applicable collective bargaining agreement or Board Policy. However, unused employment benefits accrued by the employee up to the day on which the leave begins will not be lost upon

return to work. Leave taken under this policy does not constitute an absence under Board's attendance policy.

REINSTATEMENT

Except for circumstances unrelated to the taking of a family or medical leave, an employee who returns to work following the expiration of a family or medical leave is entitled to return to the job held prior to the leave or to an equivalent position with equivalent pay and benefits.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Questions regarding family or medical leave may be directed to the Superintendent or his/her designee. An employee may file a complaint with U.S. Department of Labor or may bring a private lawsuit against an employer. FMLA does not affect any federal or state law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any state or local law or collective bargaining agreement which provides greater family or medical leave rights.

Legal References:

Connecticut General Statutes:

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51rr

Regs. Conn. State Agencies 31-51rr-1, et seq.

United States Code:

Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq., as amended

29 CFR Part 825.100 et seq.

Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008,
Pub.L.110 233, 42 USC 2000ff; 29 CFR 1635.1 et seq.

ADOPTED: September 13, 2021

**Series 4000
Policy 4009
Personnel**

HIRING OF CERTIFIED STAFF

It is the policy of the Board of Education to appoint the most qualified applicants to positions of employment within the Public Schools. The Board of Education shall be responsible for the appointment of all building level and district-wide administrator positions. The Board of Education shall make such appointments in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 10-151 of the Connecticut General Statutes, and in accordance with any applicable collective bargaining agreement.

The Superintendent of Schools shall be responsible for appointments to all other positions requiring a certificate issued by the State Board of Education.

Legal Reference:

Connecticut General Statutes §10-151

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

**Series 4000
Policy 4010
Personnel**

HIRING OF NON-CERTIFIED STAFF

It is the policy of the Board of Education to appoint the most qualified applicants to positions of employment within the Norfolk Public Schools, subject to the provisions of any applicable collective bargaining agreement. The Superintendent of Schools or his/her designee shall be responsible for appointments to all positions of employment within the Norfolk Public Schools which do not require a certificate issued by the State Board of Education.

Legal Reference:

Connecticut General Statutes § 10-220

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

Series 4000
Policy 4011
Personnel

NON-DISCRIMINATION

The Board of Education (the “Board”) will not make employment decisions (including decisions related to hiring, assignment, compensation, promotion, demotion, disciplinary action and termination) on the basis of race, color, religion, age, sex, marital status, sexual orientation, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, or gender identity or expression, except in the case of a bona fide occupational qualification.

It is the policy of the Board that any form of discrimination or harassment on the basis of race, color, religion, age, sex, marital status, sexual orientation, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, or gender identity or expression, or any other basis prohibited by state or federal law is prohibited, whether by students, Board employees or third parties subject to the control of the Board. The Board’s prohibition of discrimination or harassment in its educational programs or activities expressly extends to academic, nonacademic and extracurricular activities, including athletics. It is also the policy of the Board of Education to provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any discrimination or harassment on the basis of protected characteristics such as race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, or gender identity or expression.

For the purposes of this policy, “genetic information” means the information about genes, gene products, or inherited characteristics that may derive from an individual or a family member. “Genetic information” may also include an individual’s family medical history, the results of an individual’s or family member’s genetic tests, the fact that an individual or an individual’s family member sought or received genetic services, and genetic information of a fetus carried by an individual or an individual’s family member or an embryo lawfully held by an individual or family member receiving assistive reproductive services.

For the purposes of this policy, “veteran” means any person honorably discharged from, released under honorable conditions from or released with an other than honorable discharge based on a qualifying condition from active service in, the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard and Air Force and any reserve component thereof, including the Connecticut National Guard. “Qualifying condition” means (A) a diagnosis of post-traumatic stress disorder or traumatic brain injury made by an individual licensed to provide health care services at a United States Department of Veterans Affairs facility, (B) an experience of military sexual trauma disclosed to an individual licensed to provide health care services at a United States Department of Veterans Affairs facility, or (C) a determination that sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression was more

likely than not the primary reason for an other than honorable discharge, as determined in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 27-103(c), (d).

For the purposes of this policy, “gender identity or expression” means a person's gender-related identity, appearance or behavior, whether or not that gender-related identity, appearance or behavior is different from that traditionally associated with the person's physiology or assigned sex at birth, which gender-related identity can be shown by providing evidence including, but not limited to, medical history, care or treatment of the gender-related identity, consistent and uniform assertion of the gender-related identity or any other evidence that the gender-related identity is sincerely held, part of a person's core identity or not being asserted for an improper purpose.

For the purposes of this policy, “race” is inclusive of ethnic traits historically associated with race, including but not limited to, hair texture and protective hairstyles. “Protective hairstyles” includes, but is not limited to, wigs, headwraps and hairstyles such as individual braids, cornrows, locs, twists, Bantu knots, afros and afro puffs.

Any employee wishing to file a complaint regarding discrimination or harassment may obtain a copy of the Board’s complaint procedures and complaint form, which are included in the Board’s Administrative Regulations Regarding Non-Discrimination/Personnel. These regulations accompany Board Policy # 4011 and are available online at **botelleschool.org** or upon request from the main office of any district school.

If a complaint involves allegations of discrimination or harassment based on reasons such as gender/sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability, or pregnancy, such complaints will be handled under other appropriate policies (e.g., Policy #4015, Sex Discrimination/Harassment in the Workplace; Policy #4014, Section 504/ADA).

Any employee also may file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education (“OCR”):

Office for Civil Rights, Boston Office
U.S. Department of Education
8th Floor
5 Post Office Square
Boston, MA 02109- 3921
(617-289-0111)
<http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/howto.html>

Employees may also file a complaint regarding employment discrimination or harassment with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission:

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Boston Area Office
John F. Kennedy Federal Building
475 Government Center

Boston, MA 02203
(800-669-4000)

Employees may also file a complaint with the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities:

Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities
450 Columbus Blvd.
Hartford, CT 06103-1835
(860-541-3400 or Connecticut Toll Free Number 1-800-477-5737)

Anyone who has questions or concerns about this policy, and/or who may wish to request or discuss accommodations based on religion, and/or who would like a copy of the Board's complaint procedures or complaint forms related to claims of discrimination or harassment, may contact:

The Superintendent's Office
128 Greenwoods Road East
Norfolk, CT 06068
860-542-5553

Anyone who has questions or concerns about the Board's policies regarding discrimination or harassment on the basis of gender/sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation may contact the Board's Title IX Coordinator:

Mrs. Lauren Valentino/Principal
128 Greenwoods Road East Norfolk,
CT 06058 860-542-5553

Anyone who has questions or concerns about the Board's policies regarding discrimination or harassment on the basis of disability, and/or who may wish to request or discuss accommodations for a disability, may contact the Board's Section 504/ADA Coordinator:

Mrs. Lauren Valentino/Principal
128 Greenwoods Road East Norfolk, CT 06058
860-542-5286

Legal References:

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq.
Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq.
Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq.
Age Discrimination in Employment Act, 29 U.S.C. § 621 et seq.
Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. § 12101

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. § 794
Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008,
Pub.L.110-233, 42 U.S.C. § 2000ff; 29 CFR 1635.1 et seq.
Connecticut General Statutes § 1-1n, “Gender Identity or Expression”
defined
Connecticut General Statutes § 10-153, Discrimination on the basis of sex,
gender or expression or marital status prohibited
Connecticut General Statutes § 27-103
Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-51, Definitions
Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-58, Deprivation of rights
Connecticut Fair Employment Practices Act, Connecticut General Statutes
§ 46a-60
Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-81a, Sexual orientation discrimination:
Definitions
Connecticut General Statutes § 46a-81c, Sexual orientation discrimination:
Employment
Public Act No. 21-79, “An Act Redefining ‘Veteran’ and Establishing a
Qualifying Review Board”

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS REGARDING DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINTS (PERSONNEL)

It is the policy of the Norfolk Board of Education (the “Board”) that any form of discrimination or harassment on the basis of protected characteristics such as race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, or gender identity or expression is forbidden, whether by students, Board employees or third parties subject to the control of the Board. Students, Board employees and third parties are expected to adhere to a standard of conduct that is respectful of the rights of all members of the school community.

It is the express policy of the Board to provide for the prompt and equitable resolution of complaints alleging any discrimination or harassment on the basis of protected characteristics such as race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, or gender identity or expression.

If a complaint involves allegations of discrimination or harassment based on reasons such as gender/sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability, or pregnancy, such complaints will be handled, as appropriate, in accordance with other Board policies (e.g., Policy #4015, Sex Discrimination/Harassment in the Workplace (Personnel) and Policy #4014, Section 504/ADA (Personnel)).

Preferably, complaints should be filed within thirty (30) calendar days of the alleged occurrence. Timely reporting of complaints facilitates the investigation and resolution of such complaints. The district will investigate such complaints promptly and equitably, and will take corrective action when allegations are verified.

The district will not tolerate any reprisals or retaliation that occur as a result of the good faith reporting of charges of harassment or discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability, pregnancy, genetic information, veteran status, or gender identity or expression. Any such reprisals or retaliation will result in disciplinary action against the retaliator, and other corrective actions as appropriate.

The school district will periodically provide staff development for district administrators and periodically distribute this policy and implementing administrative regulations to staff and students in an effort to maintain an environment free of harassment and discrimination.

Complaint Procedure

As soon as an individual feels that he or she has been subjected to discrimination or harassment on the basis of race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, marital status, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability, pregnancy, genetic information,

veteran status, or gender identity or expression he/she should make a written complaint to the Superintendent or designee.

If the complaint being filed is against the Superintendent, the complaint should be filed with the Board Chair, who will take appropriate steps, such as retaining an independent investigator, to cause the matter to be investigated in a manner consistent with the Board's non-discrimination policy and regulation. If either the Superintendent or any other party to the complaint is not satisfied with the findings and conclusions of the investigation, within (30) calendar days of receiving the findings, such party may present the complaint and written outcome to the Board Chair, who will take appropriate steps, such as retaining an independent investigator different from the investigator who investigated the complaint, to cause the matter to be reviewed in a manner consistent with the Board's non-discrimination policy and regulation.

The individual and any respondent (if applicable) will be provided a copy of the Board's policy and regulation and made aware of individual's rights under this policy and regulation. In the event the Superintendent or designee receives a complaint alleging discrimination or harassment based on gender/sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, disability, or pregnancy, the Superintendent or designee shall follow the procedures identified in the appropriate Board policies (e.g., Policy #4015, Sex Discrimination/Harassment in the Workplace (Personnel); Policy #4014, Section 504/ADA (Personnel) where applicable, rather than the complaint procedures provided in this policy.

The complaint should state the:

- A. Name of the complainant,
- B. Date of the complaint,
- C. Date(s) of the alleged harassment/discrimination,
- D. Name(s) of the harasser(s) or discriminator(s),
- E. Location where such harassment/discrimination occurred,
- F. Names of any witness(es) to the harassment/discrimination,
- G. Detailed statement of the circumstances constituting the alleged harassment/discrimination; and
- H. Proposed remedy.

Any individual who makes an oral complaint of harassment or discrimination will be provided a copy of this regulation and will be requested to make a written complaint pursuant to the above procedure. If an individual is unable to make a written complaint,

the staff member receiving the oral complaint will either reduce the complaint to writing or assist the individual with completing the written complaint form.

All complaints received by staff members are to be forwarded immediately to the Superintendent or designee. Upon receipt of a complaint alleging harassment or discrimination under this complaint procedure, the Superintendent or designee shall promptly investigate the complaint. During the course of the investigation, the investigator shall interview or consult with all individuals reasonably believed to have relevant information, including the complainant, the alleged harasser/discriminator (“respondent”), and any witnesses to the conduct. Complaints will be investigated promptly within the timeframes identified below. Timeframes may be extended as needed given the complexity of the investigation, availability of individuals with relevant information and/or other extenuating circumstances. Confidentiality will be maintained by all persons involved in the investigation to the extent possible, as determined by the investigator.

Upon receipt of a written complaint of discrimination or harassment, the investigator should:

1. Offer to meet with the complainant and respondent (if applicable) within ten (10) business days (provided that such timeframe may be reasonably extended based on the availability of necessary witnesses and/or participants, the complexity of the investigation, and/or other extenuating circumstances) to discuss the nature of the complaint, identify individuals the complainant believes has relevant information, and obtain any relevant documents the complainant may have;
2. Provide the complainant and respondent (if applicable) with a copy of the Board’s non-discrimination policy and accompanying regulations;
3. Investigate the factual basis of the complaint, including, as applicable, conducting interviews with individuals deemed relevant to the complaint;
4. Conduct an investigation that is adequate, reliable, and impartial. Investigate the factual basis for the complaint, including conducting interviews with individuals with information and review of documents relevant to the complaint;
5. Maintain confidentiality to the extent practicable throughout the investigative process, in accordance with state and federal law;
6. Communicate the outcome of the investigation in writing to the complainant and respondent (if any) (to the extent permitted by state and federal confidentiality requirements), within thirty (30) business days (provided that such timeframe may be reasonably extended based on the availability of necessary witnesses and/or participants, the complexity of the investigation,

and/or other extenuating circumstances) from the date the complaint was received by the Superintendent's office. The complainant and respondent (if any) shall be notified of such extension. The written notice shall include a finding whether the complaint was substantiated and if so, shall identify, to the extent possible, how the district will remedy the discrimination or harassment, adhering to the requirements of state and federal law;

7. If a complaint is made during summer recess, the complaint will be reviewed and addressed as quickly as possible given the availability of staff and/or other individuals who may have information relevant to the complaint. If fixed timeframes cannot be met, the complainant and respondent (if any) will receive notice and interim measures may be implemented as necessary (see subparagraph 6);
8. Whenever allegations are verified, ensure that appropriate corrective action is taken (including, but not limited to, disciplinary action) aimed at preventing the recurrence of the discrimination or harassment. Corrective action should include steps to avoid continuing discrimination or harassment;
9. If either party to the complaint is not satisfied with the findings and conclusions of the investigation, such party may present the complaint and written outcome to the Superintendent within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the findings. Upon review of a written request from the party requesting an appeal, the Superintendent shall review the investigative results of the investigator and determine if further action and/or investigation is warranted. Such action may include consultation with a designated investigator (if applicable), complainant, and respondent (if any) and meeting with appropriate individuals to attempt to resolve the complaint, or a decision affirming or overruling a designated investigator's conclusions or findings (if applicable). The Superintendent shall provide written notice to the complainant and respondent (if any) of the proposed actions within fifteen (15) business days (provided that such timeframe may be reasonably extended based on the availability of necessary witnesses and/or participants, the complexity of the investigation, and/or other extenuating circumstances) following the receipt of the written request for review.

Any employee also may file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education ("OCR"):

Office for Civil Rights, Boston Office
U.S. Department of Education
8th Floor
5 Post Office Square
Boston, MA 02109- 3921
(617-289-0111)

<http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/howto.html>

Employees may also file a complaint regarding employment discrimination or harassment with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission:

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Boston Area Office
John F. Kennedy Federal Building
475 Government Center
Boston, MA 02203
(800-669-4000)

Employees may also file a complaint with the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities:

Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities
450 Columbus Blvd.
Hartford, CT 06103-1835
(860-541-3400 or Connecticut Toll Free Number 1-800-477-5737)

Anyone who has questions or concerns about these regulations, and/or who may wish to request or discuss accommodations based on religion, may contact:

**The Superintendent's Office 128
Greenwoods Rd. East Norfolk Ct 06058
860-542-5553**

Anyone who has questions or concerns about the Board's policies regarding discrimination or harassment on the basis of gender/sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation may contact the Board's Title IX Coordinator:

**Mrs. Lauren Valentino/Principal
128 Greenwoods Rd East Norfolk , CT
06058 860-653-7207**

Anyone who has questions or concerns about the Board's policies regarding discrimination or harassment on the basis of disability, and/or who may wish to request or discuss accommodations for a disability, may contact the Board's Section 504/ADA Coordinator:

**Mrs. Lauren Valentino / Principal 128 Greenwoods
Road East Norfolk, CT 06058
860-542-5553**

DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINT FORM
(For complaints based on race, color, religion, age, sex, marital status, sexual orientation, national origin, alienage, ancestry, disability (including pregnancy), genetic information, veteran status or gender identity or expression)

Name of the complainant _____

Date of the complaint _____

Date of the alleged discrimination/harassment _____

Name or names of the discriminator(s) or harasser(s) _____

Location where such discrimination/harassment occurred _____

Name(s) of any witness(es) to the discrimination/harassment _____

Detailed statement of the circumstances constituting the alleged discrimination or harassment _____

Proposed remedy _____

PLAN FOR MINORITY EDUCATOR RECRUITMENT

In accordance with Sections 10-4a(3) and Section 10-220(a) of the Connecticut General Statutes, the Board of Education has developed the following written plan for minority educator recruitment:

1. All recruiting sources will be informed in writing of the Board's non-discrimination policy.
2. The Board will develop contacts with local training and educational institutions, including those with high minority enrollments, to publicize job openings within the school district and to solicit referrals of qualified minority candidates.
3. The Board will develop contacts with local minority community organizations to publicize job openings within the school district and to solicit referrals of qualified minority candidates.
4. The Board will maintain, or expand, as appropriate, its help-wanted advertising to include print and/or broadcast media that is targeted to minorities.
5. The Board will participate in local job fairs, including those that are sponsored by the minority community organizations or otherwise targeted toward minorities.
6. The Board, or its designee, will maintain records documenting all actions taken pursuant to this plan, including correspondence with recruitment agencies and other referral sources, job fair brochures and advertising copy.
7. The Board will review on an annual basis the effectiveness of this plan in increasing minority applicant flow and attracting qualified candidates for employment.

Legal References:

Connecticut General Statutes §10-4a (3)
Connecticut General Statutes §10-220(a)
Public Act 18-34, An Act Concerning Minority Teacher Recruitment and Retention.

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

**Series 4000
Policy 4013
Personnel**

PROHIBITION ON RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PSYCHOTROPIC DRUGS

In accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-212b, the Board of Education prohibits school personnel from recommending the use of psychotropic drugs for any child. Moreover, personnel may not require that a child obtain a prescription for a controlled substance (as defined in the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.) in order for the child to: 1) attend school; 2) receive an initial evaluation or reevaluation to determine a child's eligibility for special education; or 3) receive special education and related services. Notwithstanding the foregoing, school health or mental health personnel may recommend that a child be evaluated by an appropriate medical practitioner and school personnel may consult with such practitioner with the consent of the parents or guardian of such child, in accordance with the procedures outlined below.

I. Definitions

For purposes of this policy, the following definitions apply:

- A. Psychotropic drugs means prescription medications for behavioral or social-emotional concerns, such as attentional deficits, impulsivity, anxiety, depression and thought disorders, and includes, but is not limited to, stimulant medication and antidepressants.
- B. Recommend means to directly or indirectly suggest that a child should use psychotropic drugs.
- C. School health or mental health personnel means:
 - 1. school nurses or nurse practitioners appointed pursuant to Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-212;
 - 2. school medical advisors appointed pursuant to Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-205;
 - 3. school psychologists;
 - 4. school social workers;
 - 5. school counselors;
 - 6. school administrators;
 - 7. other school personnel (such as a teacher designated as a child's Case Manager) who have been identified by a Planning and

Placement Team, Section 504 team, Student Assistance Team or similar group of district professionals as the person responsible for communication with a parent or guardian about a child's need for medical evaluation;

8. a school professional staff member designated by the Superintendent to communicate with a child's parent or guardian about a child's need for medical evaluation.

II. Procedures

- A. A school health or mental health personnel, as defined above, may communicate with other school personnel about a child who may require a recommendation for a medical evaluation, provided that 1) there is a legitimate educational interest in sharing such information; and 2) such communication shall remain confidential, to the extent required by law.
- B. A school health or mental health personnel, as defined above, may communicate a recommendation to a parent or guardian that a child be evaluated by a medical practitioner provided that 1) based on such person's professional experience, objective factors indicate that a medical evaluation may be necessary to address concerns relating to the child's education and overall mental health; and 2) any communication includes the basis for the recommendation.
- C. If a parent or guardian determines that it is necessary to share medical information, including results of any medical evaluation, with school personnel, he or she may do so at any time. School personnel who receive such information directly from a parent must maintain the confidentiality of such information, to the extent required by law.
- D. Any school personnel with a legitimate educational interest in obtaining information from a child's medical practitioner outside the school who is not a school employee must obtain prior, written consent from the child's parent or guardian to communicate with such outside medical practitioners. Any school health or mental health personnel, as defined above, may request written consent from the parent or guardian. To be valid, the written consent must: 1) be signed by the child's parent or guardian; 2) be dated; 3) provide the child's name; 4) provide the name of the medical practitioner and relevant contact information, to the extent known; and 5) indicate the scope of the consent.

Nothing in this policy shall be construed to prevent school personnel from consulting with a medical practitioner who has information concerning a child, as long as the school district has obtained consent from the parent(s) or guardian(s) of the child, in accordance with Section II.D., above. Nothing in this policy shall prevent a Planning and Placement Team from recommending a medical evaluation as part of an initial evaluation or

reevaluation, as needed to determine a child's (i) eligibility for special education and related services, or (ii) educational needs for an individualized education program.

Legal References:

Conn. Gen. Stat. 10-76d

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-212b

34 C.F.R. § 300.174. Prohibition on mandatory medication

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

**Series 4000
Policy 4014
Personnel**

**POLICY REGARDING EMPLOYEES AND
SECTION 504 OF THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973 AND
TITLE II OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990**

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 ("Section 504") prohibits discrimination against individuals with a disability in any program receiving Federal financial assistance. Similarly, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 ("Title II" or "ADA") prohibits discrimination against individuals with a disability by state and local governments. To be protected under Section 504 and the ADA ("collectively, "Section 504/ADA"), an individual must (1) have a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities; (2) have a record of such an impairment; or (3) be regarded as having such an impairment.

In order to fulfill its obligation under Section 504/ADA, the Norfolk Public Schools recognize a responsibility to avoid discrimination in policies and practices regarding its personnel, students, parents/guardians and members of the public who participate in school sponsored programs. In this regard, the Norfolk Public Schools prohibit discrimination against any person with a disability in any of the services, programs or activities of the school system.

Employees who are interested in requesting or discussing reasonable accommodations for a disability should contact:

**The Superintendent's Office
128 Greenwoods Rd. East
Norfolk, CT
06058 860-542-5553**

Any employee may file an internal grievance/complaint regarding discrimination on the basis of disability by or within the district by utilizing the grievance/complaint procedures outlined in the Board's Administrative Regulations Regarding Employees and Section 504 of Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and Title II of Americans with Disabilities Act, and/or may file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education ("OCR"):

Office for Civil Rights, Boston Office
U.S. Department of Education
8th Floor
5 Post Office Square
Boston, MA 02109-3921
(617) 289-0111

Employees may also file a complaint regarding employment discrimination on the basis of disability with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Boston Area Office, John F. Kennedy Federal Building, 475 Government Center, Boston, MA 02203 (TELEPHONE NUMBER 800-669-4000).

Employees may also file a complaint with the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, 25 Sigourney Street, Hartford, CT 06106 (TELEPHONE NUMBER 800-477-5737).

Anyone who wishes to file a grievance/complaint with the district, or who has questions or concerns about this policy, should contact Norfolk, the Section 504/ADA Coordinator for the Norfolk Public Schools, at phone number 860-653-7207.

Legal References:

29 U.S.C. §§ 705, 794

34 C.F.R. Part 104

42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.

28 C.F.R. Part 35

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

**ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS REGARDING EMPLOYEES
AND SECTION 504 OF THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973
AND TITLE II OF THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT OF 1990**

[The following administrative procedures are not part of the Section 504/ADA policy. However, because school districts are required by law to have procedures related to § 504 complaints, this model is included for your convenience. Reference to ADA is also included in these regulations because there is overlap between § 504 and the ADA.]

Norfolk Board of Education Section 504/ADA Grievance/Complaint
Procedures Regarding Discrimination Against Employees

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (“Section 504”) and Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (“Title II” or “ADA”) (collectively, “Section 504/ADA”) prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability. For the purposes of Section 504/ADA, the term “disability” with respect to an individual means: (a) a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities of such individual; (b) a record of such an impairment; or (c) being regarded as having such an impairment.

I. Definitions

Major life activities: include, but are not limited to, caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, sitting, reaching, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, interacting with others, and working. A major life activity also includes the operation of a major bodily function, such as the functions of the immune system, special sense organs and skin, normal cell growth, and digestive, genitourinary, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, cardiovascular, endocrine, hemic, lymphatic, musculoskeletal, and reproductive systems. The operation of a major bodily function includes the operation of an individual organ within a body system.

Mitigating Measures: include, but are not limited to, (a) medication, medical supplies, equipment, appliances, low-vision devices (defined as devices that magnify, enhance, or otherwise augment a visual image, but not including ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses), prosthetics including limbs and devices, hearing aid(s) and cochlear implant(s) or other implantable hearing devices, mobility devices, oxygen therapy equipment and supplies; (b) use of assistive technology; (c) reasonable modifications or auxiliary aids or services; (d) learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications; or (e) psychotherapy, behavioral therapy, or physical therapy.

Physical or Mental Impairment: (a) any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems, such as: neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory (including speech organs), cardiovascular, reproductive, digestive, genitourinary, immune, circulatory, hemic, lymphatic, skin, and endocrine or (b) any mental or psychological disorder, such as intellectual disability, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disability. Physical or mental impairment includes, but is not limited to, contagious and noncontagious diseases and conditions such as the following: orthopedic, visual, speech, and hearing impairments, and cerebral palsy, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, intellectual disability, emotional illness, dyslexia and other specific learning disabilities, Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder, Human Immunodeficiency Virus infection (whether symptomatic or asymptomatic), tuberculosis, drug addiction, and alcoholism.

II. Procedures for Grievances/Complaints Alleging Discrimination on the Basis of Disability

- A. Any eligible person, including any student, parent/guardian, staff member or other employee who feels that he/she has been discriminated against on the basis of disability may submit a written complaint to the district's designated Section 504/ADA Coordinator within thirty (30) school days of the alleged occurrence. Timely reporting of complaints facilitates the prompt investigation and resolution of such complaints. If the complaint is made verbally, the individual taking the complaint will reduce it to writing. Individuals wishing to make a complaint about discrimination against students on the basis of disability should be referred to the district's Section 504/ADA policies and regulations regarding students.
- B. Retaliation against any individual who complains pursuant to the Board's policy and regulations listed herein is strictly prohibited. The district will not tolerate any reprisals or retaliation that occur as a result of the good faith reporting or complaint of disability-based discrimination or as a result of an individual's participation or cooperating in the investigation of a complaint. The district will take necessary actions to prevent retaliation as a result of filing a complaint or the participation in an investigation of a complaint.
- C. If the Section 504/ADA Coordinator is the subject of the complaint, the complaint should be submitted directly to the Superintendent who may conduct the investigation or appoint a designee to conduct the investigation in accordance with these procedures.
- D. Complaints will be investigated promptly within timeframes identified below. Timeframes may be extended as needed given the complexity of the investigation, availability of individuals with relevant information and other extenuating circumstances. Confidentiality will be maintained by all persons involved in the investigation to the extent possible.
- F. The complaint should contain the following information:
 - 1. The name of the complainant;
 - 2. The date of the complaint;
 - 3. The date(s) of the alleged discrimination;
 - 4. The names of any witnesses or individuals relevant the complaint;
 - 5. A detailed statement describing the circumstances in which the alleged discrimination occurred; and
 - 6. The remedy requested.

However, all complaints will be investigated to the extent possible, even if such information is not included in the complaint. In such circumstances, additional information may be requested by the investigator as part of the investigation process.

- G. Upon receipt of the complaint, the individual investigating the complaint shall:
 - 1. Provide a copy of the written complaint to the Superintendent of Schools;
 - 2. Meet with the complainant within ten (10) school days to discuss the nature of the complaint, identify individuals the complainant believes have relevant information, and obtain any relevant documents the complainant may have;

3. Provide the complainant with a copy of the applicable Board Section 504/ADA Policy and these administrative regulations;
 4. Conduct an investigation that is adequate, reliable, and impartial. Investigate the factual basis for the complaint, including conducting interviews with individuals with information and review of documents relevant to the complaint;
 5. Maintain confidentiality to the extent practicable throughout the investigative process in accordance with state and federal law;
 6. Communicate the outcome of the investigation in writing to the complainant, and to any individual properly identified as a party to the complaint (to the extent permitted by state and federal confidentiality requirements), within fifteen (15) school days from the date the complaint was received by the Section 504/ADA Coordinator or Superintendent. The investigator may extend this deadline for no more than fifteen (15) additional school days if needed to complete the investigation. The complainant shall be notified of such extension. The written notice shall include a finding whether the complaint was substantiated and if so, shall identify how the district will remedy any identified violations of Section 504/ADA;
 7. If a complaint is made during summer recess, the complaint will be reviewed and addressed as quickly as possible given the availability of staff and/or other individuals who may have information relevant to the complaint. If fixed timeframes cannot be met, complainant will receive notice and interim measures may be implemented as necessary (see sub-paragraph 6);
 8. Ensure that appropriate corrective action is taken whenever allegations are verified. When allegations are verified, ensure that measures to remedy the effects of the discrimination are appropriately considered, and offered, when appropriate. Corrective action should include steps to avoid continuing discrimination.
 9. In the event the investigator concludes that there is no violation of Section 504/ADA, the district may attempt to resolve the complainant's ongoing concerns, if possible.
- H. If the complainant is not satisfied with the findings and conclusions of the investigation, the complainant may present the complaint and written outcome to the Superintendent for review and reconsideration within thirty (30) calendar days of receiving the findings. This process provides an opportunity for the complainant to bring information to the Superintendent's attention that would change the outcome of the investigation. In submitting the complaint and written outcome for review, the complainant must explain why he/she believes the factual information was incomplete, the analysis of the facts was incorrect, and/or the appropriate legal standard was not applied, *and* how this information would change the investigator's determination in the case. Failure to provide all such information may result in the denial of the review.

Upon review of a written request from the complainant, the Superintendent shall review the investigative results of the investigator and determine if further action and/or investigation is warranted. Such action may include consultation with the investigator and complainant, a meeting with appropriate individuals to attempt to resolve the complaint or a decision affirming or overruling the investigator's conclusions or

findings. The Superintendent shall provide written notice to the complainant of his/her decision within ten (10) school days following the receipt of the written request for review.

III. The Section 504/ADA Coordinator for this district is:

**Ms. Ashleigh Buono/School Psychologist
128 Greenwoods Rd. East Norfolk CT
06058 860-653-7207**

IV. Complaints to Federal or State Agencies

At any time, the complainant has the right to file a formal complaint with the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights, 8th Floor, 5 Post Office Square, Suite 900, Boston, MA 02109-0111 (TELEPHONE NUMBER (617) 289-0111); <http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/howto.html>. Employees may also file a complaint regarding employment discrimination on the basis of disability with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, Boston Area Office, John F. Kennedy Federal Building, 475 Government Center, Boston, MA 02203 (TELEPHONE NUMBER 800-669-4000) or the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, 25 Sigourney Street, Hartford, CT 06106 (TELEPHONE NUMBER 800-477-5737).

**SECTION 504/ADA DISCRIMINATION
GRIEVANCE/COMPLAINT FORM FOR NON-STUDENTS**

(This form is intended to be used if an individual has grievance/complaint under Section 504/ADA alleging discrimination on the basis of a disability).

1. Name of Complainant: _____ Date: _____

2. Contact Information for Complainant:

(Address)

(Home Tel. #)

(Cell # or Work #)

3. Name of Covered Individual: _____

4. Address of Covered Individual (if different from above):

5. Relationship to School (e.g., position, visitor, parent) (if applicable):

6. Please describe the nature of your complaint:

7. Proposed resolution or corrective action you wish to see taken with regard to the stated issues:

Series 4000
Policy 4015
Personnel

**POLICY REGARDING PROHIBITION OF SEX DISCRIMINATION AND
SEXUAL HARASSMENT IN THE WORKPLACE (PERSONNEL)**

It is the policy of the Norfolk Board of Education (the "Board") for the Norfolk Public Schools that any form of sex discrimination or sexual harassment is prohibited in the Board's education programs and activities, whether by students, Board employees or third parties subject to substantial control by the Board. It is the policy of the Board to maintain a working environment free from harassment, insults or intimidation on the basis of an employee's sex and free from discrimination based on sex. Verbal or physical conduct by a supervisor or co-worker relating to an employee's sex that has the effect of creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment, unreasonably interfering with the employee's work performance, or adversely affecting the employee's employment opportunities is prohibited.

The Board does not discriminate on the basis of sex in the education programs or activities that it operates and the Board is required by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and its implementing regulations ("Title IX") not to discriminate in such a manner. Students, Board employees and third parties are required to adhere to a standard of conduct that is respectful of the rights of all parties. Any employee or student who engages in conduct prohibited by this Policy shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination or expulsion, respectively. Third parties who engage in conduct prohibited by this Policy shall be subject to other sanctions, which may include exclusion from Board property and/or activities. Individuals who engage in acts of sex discrimination or sexual harassment may also be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

For conduct to violate this Policy, the conduct must have occurred in an education program or activity of the Board; the conduct must have occurred within the United States of America; and the complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of the Board. Conduct that does not meet these requirements still may constitute a violation of another Board policy.

The Superintendent of Schools shall develop Administrative Regulations implementing this Policy and in accordance with Title IX (the "Administrative Regulations").

Sex discrimination occurs when an employer refuses to hire, disciplines or discharges any individual, or otherwise discriminates against an individual with respect to his or her compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment on the basis of the individual's sex. Sex discrimination also occurs when a person, because of the person's sex, is denied participation in or the benefits of any education program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.

Sexual harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

- (1) An employee of the Board conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the Board on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct (*i.e.*, *quid pro quo*);
- (2) Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the Board's education programs or activities; or
- (3) "Sexual assault" as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v), "dating violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10), "domestic violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8), or "stalking" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30).

Reporting Sex Discrimination or Sexual Harassment

It is the express policy of the Board to encourage victims of sex discrimination and/or sexual harassment to report such claims. Employees are encouraged to report complaints of sex discrimination and/or sexual harassment promptly in accordance with the appropriate process set forth in the Administrative Regulations. The Board directs its employees to respond to such complaints in a prompt and equitable manner. Violations of this Policy by employees will not be permitted and may result in discipline up to and including discharge from employment. Individuals who engage in acts of sex discrimination or sexual harassment may also be subject to civil and criminal penalties. Retaliation against any employee for complaining about sex discrimination or sexual harassment is prohibited under this Policy and illegal under state and federal law.

Any Board employee with notice of sex discrimination and/or sexual harassment allegations shall immediately report such information to the building principal and/or the Title IX Coordinator, or if the employee does not work in a school building, to the Title IX Coordinator.

The Norfolk Public Schools administration (the "Administration") shall provide training to Title IX Coordinator(s), investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process (as set forth in the Administrative Regulations). Such training will include information on the definition of sex discrimination and sexual harassment, the scope of the Board's education program and activity, how to conduct an investigation and implement the grievance process, and how to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue, conflicts of interest, and bias. The Administration shall make the training materials used to provide these trainings publicly available on the Board's website. The Administration shall also periodically provide training to all Board employees on the topic of sex discrimination and sexual harassment under Title IX, which shall include but not be limited to when reports of sex discrimination and/or sexual harassment must be made. The Administration shall distribute this Policy and the Administrative Regulations to employees, union

representatives, students, parents and legal guardians and make the Policy and the Administrative Regulations available on the Board's website to promote an environment free of sex discrimination and sexual harassment.

The Board's Title IX Coordinator is Mrs. Lauren Valentino. Any individual may make a report of sex discrimination and/or sexual harassment directly to the Title IX Coordinator using any one, or multiple, of the following points of contact:

128 Greenwoods Rd East Norfolk, CT 06058
valentinol@botelleschool.org
860-542-5286

Any individual may also make a report of sexual harassment and/or sex discrimination to the U.S. Department of Education: Office for Civil Rights, Boston Office, U.S. Department of Education, 8th Floor, 5 Post Office Square, Boston, MA 02109-3921 (Telephone: 617-289-0111).

Employees may also make a report of sexual harassment and/or sex discrimination to the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, 450 Columbus Boulevard, Hartford, CT 06103-1835 (Telephone: 860-514-3400).

Legal References:

Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title VII, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e-2(a).

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Policy Guidance on Current Issues of Sexual Harassment (N-915.050), March 19, 1990.

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. § 1681, et seq.

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 34 CFR § 106, et seq.

Meritor Savings Bank, FSB v. Vinson, 477 U.S. 57 (1986)

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 46a-54 - Commission powers Connecticut

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 46a-60 - Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 46a-81c - Sexual orientation discrimination: Employment

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 10-153 - Discrimination on the basis of sex, gender identity or expression or marital status prohibited

Conn. Agencies Regs. §§ 46a-54-200 through § 46a-54-207

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

Personnel

**ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS REGARDING
THE PROHIBITION OF SEX DISCRIMINATION AND SEXUAL
HARASSMENT (PERSONNEL)**

It is the policy of the Norfolk Board of Education (the “Board”) for the Norfolk Public School that any form of sex discrimination or sexual harassment is prohibited in the Board’s education programs and activities, whether by students, Board employees or third parties subject to substantial control by the Board. Students, District employees and third parties are expected to adhere to a standard of conduct that is respectful of the rights of students, District employees, and third parties. It is the policy of the Board to maintain a working environment free from harassment, insults or intimidation on the basis of an employee's sex and free from discrimination based on sex. Verbal or physical conduct by a supervisor or co-worker relating to an employee's sex that has the effect of creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive work environment, unreasonably interfering with the employee's work performance, or adversely affecting the employee's employment opportunities is prohibited.

Any employee or student who engages in conduct prohibited by the Board’s Policy regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel) shall be subject to disciplinary action. Any third party who engages in conduct prohibited by the Board’s Policy regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel) shall be subject to remedial measures, which may include exclusion from school property.

Sex discrimination occurs when a person, because of the person’s sex, is denied participation in or the benefits of any education program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.

Sexual harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

- (1) An employee of the Board conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the Board on an individual’s participation in unwelcome sexual conduct (i.e., *quid pro quo*);
- (2) Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the District’s education programs or activities; or
- (3) “Sexual assault” as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v), “dating violence” as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10), “domestic violence” as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8), or “stalking” as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30). These definitions can be found in Appendix A of these Administrative Regulations.

Although not an exhaustive list, the following are other examples of conduct prohibited by the Board's Policy regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel):

1. Unwelcome sexual advances from a co-worker or supervisor, such as unwanted hugs, touches, or kisses;
2. Unwelcome attention of a sexual nature, such as degrading, suggestive or lewd remarks or noises;
3. Dirty jokes, derogatory or pornographic posters, cartoons or drawings;
4. The threat or suggestion that continued employment advancement, assignment or earnings depend on whether or not the employee will submit to or tolerate harassment;
5. Circulating, showing, or exchanging emails, text messages, digital images or websites of a sexual nature;
6. Using computer systems, including email, instant messaging, text messaging, blogging or the use of social networking websites, or other forms of electronic communications, to engage in any conduct prohibited by the Board's Policy regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel).

NOTICE OF THE TITLE IX COORDINATOR

The District's Title IX Coordinator is Mrs. Lauren Valentino. Any individual may make a report of sex discrimination and/or sexual harassment directly to the Title IX Coordinator using any one, or multiple, of the following points of contact:

128 Greenwoods Rd. East; Norfolk CT 06058
valentinol@botelleschool.org
860-542-5286

The Title IX Coordinator manages the District's compliance with Title IX and is an available resource to anyone seeking information or wishing to file a formal complaint. When a student, District employee, or other participant in the District's programs and activities feels that such person has been subjected to discrimination on the basis of sex in any District program or activity, including without limitation being subjected to sexual harassment, such person may contact the Title IX Coordinator or utilize the Title IX grievance systems set forth herein to bring concerns forward for the purpose of obtaining a prompt and equitable resolution.

EXPLANATION OF COMPLAINT PROCESS AND PROCEDURE

The federal regulations implementing Title IX require the adoption and publication of two separate grievance systems: a grievance process for complaints of sex discrimination involving allegations of sexual harassment and grievance procedures for complaints of sex discrimination that are not sexual harassment. Accordingly, the Administration will process any complaints of sex discrimination involving allegations of sexual harassment, as defined above, pursuant to the **grievance process** set forth in Section I of these regulations. The Administration will process any complaints of sex discrimination that are not sexual harassment pursuant to the **grievance procedures** set forth in Section II of these regulations.

The District will keep confidential the identity of any individual who has made a report or complaint of sex discrimination, including any individual who has made a report or filed a formal complaint of sexual harassment, any complainant, any individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of sex discrimination, any respondent, and any witness, except as may be permitted by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), or as required by law, or to carry out the purposes of these Administrative Regulations, including the conduct of any investigation, hearing, or judicial proceeding arising from these Administrative Regulations.

The obligation to comply with Title IX is not obviated or alleviated by the FERPA.

SECTION I. GRIEVANCE PROCESS FOR COMPLAINTS OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

A. Definitions

- **Bias** occurs when it is proven that the Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), and/or decision-maker(s) demonstrate actual bias, rather than the appearance of bias. Actual bias includes, but is not limited to, demonstrated personal animus against the respondent or the complainant and/or prejudgment of the facts at issue in the investigation.
- **Complainant** means an individual who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.
- A **conflict of interest** occurs when it is proven that the Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), and/or decision-maker(s) have personal, financial and/or familial interests that affected the outcome of the investigation.
- For purposes of investigations and complaints of sexual harassment, **education program or activity** includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the Board exercises substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs.
- **Employee** means (A) a teacher, substitute teacher, school administrator, school superintendent, guidance counselor, school counselor, psychologist, social

worker, nurse, physician, school paraprofessional or coach employed by the Board or working in a public elementary, middle or high school; or (B) any other individual who, in the performance of his or her duties, has regular contact with students and who provides services to or on behalf of students enrolled in a public elementary, middle or high school, pursuant to a contract with the Board.

- **Formal complaint** means a document filed by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that the Administration investigate the allegation of sexual harassment. A “document filed by a complainant” means a document or electronic submission that contains the complainant’s physical or digital signature, or otherwise indicates that the complainant is the person filing the formal complaint.
- **Respondent** means an individual who has been alleged to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.
- **Supportive measures** means non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District’s education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or the District’s educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, increased security and monitoring, and other similar measures.

B. Reporting Sexual Harassment

1. It is the express policy of the Board to encourage victims of sexual harassment to report such claims. Any person may report sexual harassment (whether or not the person reporting is the person alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment), in person, by mail, by telephone, or by electronic mail, using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coordinator. If the District receives notice of sexual harassment or alleged sexual harassment against a person in the District’s education program or activity, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures, whether or not the complainant has filed a formal complaint, and will consider the complainant’s wishes with respect to such measures. If the complainant has yet to file a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will explain to the complainant the process for doing so.
2. The District will treat complainants and respondents equitably. A respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and a determination regarding responsibility will be made at the conclusion of the grievance process if a formal complaint is filed. Nothing in this Regulation shall limit or preclude the District from removing a respondent from the District’s education program or activity on an emergency basis, provided that the

District undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis, and determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal. If a respondent is removed on an emergency basis, the District shall provide the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

C. Formal Complaint and Grievance Process

1. A formal complaint may be filed with the Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, or by electronic mail, by using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coordinator. At the time of filing a formal complaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the District's education programs or activity. A formal complaint may be signed by the Title IX Coordinator. If the complaint being filed is against the Title IX Coordinator, the formal complaint should be filed with the Superintendent. If the formal complaint being filed is against the Superintendent, the formal complaint should be filed with the Board Chair, who will then retain an independent investigator to investigate the matter.
2. The District may consolidate formal complaints as to allegations of sexual harassment against more than one respondent, or by more than one complainant against one or more respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances. If possible, formal complaints should be filed within ten (10) school days of the alleged occurrence in order to facilitate the prompt and equitable resolution of such claims. The District will attempt to complete the formal grievance process within ninety (90) school days of receiving a complaint. This timeframe may be temporarily delayed or extended in accordance with Subsection G of this Section.
3. Upon receipt of a formal complaint, if the Title IX Coordinator or designee has not already discussed the availability of supportive measures with the complainant, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will promptly contact the complainant and respondent separately to discuss the availability of such measures and consider the complainant's wishes with respect to them. The District will maintain as confidential any supportive measures provided to the complainant or respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the District to provide supportive measures.
4. Within ten (10) school days of receiving a formal complaint, the District will provide the known parties with written notice of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment and a copy of this grievance process. The written notice must also include the following:

- i. The identities of the parties involved in the incident, if known;
- ii. The conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment as defined above;
- iii. The date and the location of the alleged incident, if known;
- iv. A statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process;
- v. A statement that the parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence; and
- vi. A statement of any provision in the District's policies that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process.

If, in the course of an investigation, the District decides to investigate allegations about the complainant or respondent that are not included in the written notice, the District must provide notice of the additional allegations to the parties whose identities are known.

- 5. The parties may have an advisor of their choice accompany them during any grievance proceeding at which the party's attendance is required. The District may, in its discretion, establish certain restrictions regarding the extent to which an advisor may participate in the proceedings. If any such restrictions are established, they will be applied equally to all parties.
- 6. The Title IX Coordinator will, as applicable, promptly commence an investigation of the formal complaint, designate a school administrator to promptly investigate the formal complaint, or dismiss the formal complaint in accordance with Subsection F of this Section. The standard of evidence to be used to determine responsibility is the preponderance of the evidence standard (i.e., more likely than not). The burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rest on the District and not on the parties.
- 7. The parties will be given an equal opportunity to discuss the allegations under investigation with the investigator(s) and are permitted to gather and present relevant evidence. This opportunity includes presenting witnesses, including fact and expert witnesses, and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence. Credibility determinations will not be based on a person's status as a complainant, respondent, or witness.
- 8. Both parties will be given an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence obtained as part of the investigation that is directly related to the allegations raised in the formal complaint, including the evidence upon which the District does not intend to rely in reaching a determination regarding responsibility and inculpatory or exculpatory evidence whether obtained from a party or other source, so that each party can meaningfully respond to the evidence prior to the conclusion of the investigation. Prior to completion of the investigative report, the District will send to each party and the party's advisor,

if any, the evidence subject to inspection and review in an electronic format or a hard copy, and the parties will have ten (10) school days to submit a written response, which the investigator(s) will consider prior to completion of the investigative report, as described in Paragraph 9 of this section.

9. The investigator(s) will create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence. The investigator(s) will send the investigative report, in an electronic format or hard copy, to each party and to each party's advisor for their review and written response at least ten (10) school days prior to a hearing the time a determination regarding responsibility is made.
10. The Superintendent will appoint a decision-maker(s), who shall be a District employee or third-party contractor and who shall be someone other than the Title IX Coordinator or investigator(s). If the complaint filed is against the Superintendent, the Board Chair shall appoint the decision-maker, who shall be someone other than the Title IX Coordinator or investigator(s). The investigator(s) and the decision-maker(s) shall not discuss the investigation's facts and/or determination while the complaint is pending. The decision-maker(s) will afford each party the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any party or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party. Questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant, unless such questions and evidence about the complainant's prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the conduct alleged by the complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the complainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the respondent and are offered to prove consent. The decision-maker(s) will explain to the party proposing the questions any decisions to exclude a question as not relevant.
11. The decision-maker(s) will issue a written determination regarding responsibility. The written determination will include: (1) identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment; (2) a description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held; (3) findings of fact supporting the determination; (4) conclusions regarding the application of the District's code of conduct to the facts; (5) a statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions the District will impose on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District's education program or activity will be provided by the District to the complainant; and (6) the District's procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal. The written determination will be provided to both parties simultaneously.
12. Student respondents found responsible for violating the Board's Policy regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel) may be subject to discipline up to and including expulsion.

Employee respondents found responsible for violating the Board's Policy regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel) may be subject to discipline up to and including termination of employment. Other respondents may be subject to exclusion from the District's programs, activities and/or property. In appropriate circumstances, the District may make a criminal referral. Remedies will be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the District's education programs or activities.

13. After receiving notification of the decision-maker(s)' decision, or after receiving notification that the District dismissed a formal complaint or any allegation therein, both complainant and respondent may avail themselves of the appeal process set forth in Section E of this Regulation.

D. Informal Resolution

At any time prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility, the District may suggest to the parties the possibility of facilitating an informal resolution process, such as mediation, to resolve the formal complaint without the need for a full investigation and adjudication. If it is determined that an informal resolution may be appropriate, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will consult with the parties.

Prior to facilitating an informal resolution to a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will provide the parties with written notice disclosing the sexual harassment allegations, the requirements of an informal resolution process, and any consequences from participating in the informal resolution process. Upon receipt of this document, complainants and respondents have five (5) school days to determine whether they consent to participation in the informal resolution. The District must obtain voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process from both parties.

Prior to agreeing to any resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and resume the grievance process with respect to the formal complaint. If a satisfactory resolution is reached through this informal process, the matter will be considered resolved. If these efforts are unsuccessful, the formal grievance process will continue.

Nothing in this section precludes an employee from filing a complaint of retaliation for matters related to an informal resolution, nor does it preclude either party from filing complaints based on conduct that is alleged to occur following the District's facilitation of the informal resolution.

An informal resolution is not permitted to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.

E. Appeal Process

After receiving notification of the decision-maker(s)' decision, or after receiving notification that the District dismissed a formal complaint or any allegation therein, both complainant and respondent have five (5) school days to submit a formal letter of appeal to the Title IX Coordinator specifying the grounds upon which the appeal is based.

Appeals will be appropriate only in the following circumstances:

- new evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter;
- procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter;
- the Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), and/or decision-maker(s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or the individual complainant or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter. A conflict of interest or bias does not exist solely because the Title IX Coordinator, investigators(s), and/or decision-maker(s) previously worked with or disciplined the complainant or respondent.

The District will provide the other party with written notice of such appeal. Both parties will then have an opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome. Such written statement must be submitted ten (10) school days after receiving written notice of the appeal. Upon receipt of an appeal, the Superintendent shall appoint a decision-maker(s) for the appeal, who shall be someone other than the Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or initial decision-maker(s). The decision-maker(s) for the appeal, in their discretion, will determine the appropriate procedure for the appeal. After considering the parties' written statements, the decision-maker(s) for the appeal will provide a written decision. If it is found that one of the bases for appeal exists, the decision-maker(s) for the appeal will issue an appropriate remedy.

Supportive measures for either or both parties may be continued throughout the appeal process.

F. Dismissal of a Formal Complaint

The Title IX Coordinator shall dismiss any formal complaint that 1) would not constitute sexual harassment as defined in these Administrative Regulations even if proved, 2) did not occur in the District's education program or activity, or 3) did not occur against a person in the United States. Such dismissal does not preclude action under another Board policy.

The District may dismiss a formal complaint or any allegations therein, if at any time during the investigation or hearing: 1) a complainant notifies the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the complainant would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations therein; 2) the respondent is no longer enrolled or employed in the District; or 3) specific circumstances prevent the District from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination as to the formal complaint or allegations therein.

Upon a dismissal, the District will promptly and simultaneously send written notice of the dismissal and reason(s) therefor to each party. Either party can appeal from the

District's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein using the appeals procedure.

A dismissal pursuant to this section does not preclude action by the District under the Student Discipline policy, Code of Conduct for students/or and employees, or any other applicable rule, policy, and/or collective bargaining agreement.

G. Miscellaneous

1. Any timeframe set forth in these Administrative Regulations may be temporarily delayed or extended for good cause. Good cause may include, but is not limited to, considerations such as the absence of a party, a party's advisor, or a witness; concurrent law enforcement activity; concurrent activity by the Department of Children and Families; or the need for language assistance or accommodation of disabilities. If any timeframe is altered on a showing of good cause, written notice will be provided to each party with the reasons for the action.
2. If a sexual harassment complaint raises a concern about discrimination or harassment on the basis of any other legally protected classification (such as race, religion, color, national origin, age, or disability), the Title IX Coordinator or designee shall make a referral to other appropriate personnel within the District (e.g. Section 504 Coordinator, etc.), so as to ensure that any such investigation complies with the requirements of policies regarding nondiscrimination.
3. If the sexual harassment complaint results in reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a child has been abused or neglected, has had a nonaccidental physical injury, or injury which is at variance with the history given of such injury, is placed at imminent risk of serious harm, or that a student has been sexually assaulted by a school employee, then, the person to whom the complaint is given or who receives such information shall report such matters in accordance with the Board's policy on the Reports of Suspected Child Abuse or Neglect of Children.
4. Retaliation against any individual who complains pursuant to the Board's Policy regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel) and these Administrative Regulations is strictly prohibited. The District will take actions designed to prevent retaliation as a result of filing a complaint. Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the grievance procedures for sex discrimination described herein.
5. The District will maintain for a period of seven (7) years records of:
 - i. Each sexual harassment investigation including any determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent, and any remedies provided to the complainant designed to restore or preserve equal access to the Board's education program or activity;

- ii. Any appeal and the result therefrom;
- iii. Any informal resolution and the result therefrom; and
- iv. All material used to train Title IX Coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process. The Board will make these training materials publicly available on its website.

If the District has actual knowledge of sexual harassment in an education program or activity of the Board, and for any report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, the District will create and maintain for a period of seven (7) years, records of any actions, including any supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment. The District will document the basis for its conclusion that its response was not deliberately indifferent, and document that it has taken measures designed to restore or preserve equal access to the Board's education program or activity. If the District does not provide a complainant with supportive measures, then the District will document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.

SECTION II. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES FOR CLAIMS OF SEX DISCRIMINATION (OTHER THAN SEXUAL HARASSMENT)

A. Definitions

- **Complainant** means an individual who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sex discrimination.
- **Respondent** means an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sex discrimination.

B. Reporting Sex Discrimination Other than Sexual Harassment

It is the express policy of the Board to encourage victims of sex discrimination to report such claims. Any person may report sex discrimination (whether or not the person reporting is the person alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sex discrimination), in person, by mail, by telephone, or by electronic mail, using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coordinator. If the District receives notice of sex discrimination or alleged sex discrimination against a person in the District's education program or activity, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will promptly notify the complainant of the grievance process. The District will treat complainants and respondents equitably during the grievance process. Sexual harassment is a form of sex discrimination, and any incident of sexual harassment, as defined above, should be handled pursuant to Section I of these Administrative Regulations.

C. Grievance Procedures

1. As soon as an employee feels that he or she has been subjected to sex discrimination other than sexual harassment, he/she should make a written complaint to the Title IX Coordinator or to the building principal, or his/her designee. The employee will be provided a copy of the Board's policy and Administrative Regulations and made aware of his or her rights. Preferably, complaints should be filed within ten (10) school days of the alleged occurrence. Timely reporting of complaints facilitates the investigation and resolution of such complaints.
2. The complaint should state the:
 - i. Name of the complainant;
 - ii. Date of the complaint;
 - iii. Date(s) of the alleged discrimination;
 - iv. Name(s) of the discriminator(s);
 - v. Location where such discrimination occurred;
 - vi. Names of any witness(es) to the discrimination;
 - vii. DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE CIRCUMSTANCES CONSTITUTING THE ALLEGED DISCRIMINATION; AND
 - viii. REMEDY REQUESTED.
3. Any employee who makes an oral complaint of sex discrimination to any of the above-mentioned personnel will be provided a copy of these Administrative Regulations and will be requested to make a written complaint pursuant to the above procedure.
4. All complaints are to be forwarded immediately to the building principal or designee unless that individual is the subject of the complaint, in which case the complaint should be forwarded directly to the Superintendent of Schools or his/her designee. In addition, a copy of any complaint filed under this policy shall be forwarded to the Title IX Coordinator. If the complaint being filed is against the Title IX Coordinator, the complaint should be filed with the Superintendent. If the complaint being filed is against the Superintendent, the complaint should be filed with the Board Chair, who will then retain an independent investigator to investigate the matter.
5. The Title IX Coordinator or designee shall investigate all complaints of sexual discrimination against an employee, regardless of whether the conduct occurred on or off-school grounds. Complaints will be investigated promptly within the timeframes identified below. Timeframes may be extended as needed given the complexity of the investigation, availability of individuals with relevant information, and other extenuating circumstances. The investigation shall be conducted discreetly, maintaining confidentiality insofar as possible while still conducting an effective and thorough investigation.
6. Any employee who makes a complaint shall be notified of the District's intent to investigate the complaint. In the event the employee requests confidentiality or that an investigation not be conducted, the District will take reasonable steps to investigate and respond to the complaint to the extent possible, given the request

for confidentiality or that the District not investigate the complaint. If the employee insists that his/her information not be shared with the alleged discriminator(s), the employee will be informed that the District's ability to investigate and/or take corrective action may be limited.

7. Upon receipt of a sex discrimination complaint, the Title IX Coordinator shall either promptly commence an investigation of the complaint, or shall designate a school administrator to promptly investigate the complaint. The Title IX Coordinator or designee shall:
 - i. offer to meet with the complainant and respondent (if applicable) separately within ten (10) school days to discuss the nature of the complaint, identify individuals the complainant and respondent (if applicable) believe have relevant information, and obtain any relevant documents the complainant and respondent may have;
 - ii. provide the complainant and respondent (if applicable) with a copy of the Board's sex discrimination policy and accompanying regulations;
 - iii. consider whether any interim measures may be appropriate to protect the complainant or respondent (if applicable), pending the outcome of the investigation;
 - iv. conduct an investigation that is adequate, reliable, and impartial. Investigate the factual basis of the complaint, including, as applicable, conducting interviews with individuals deemed relevant to the complaint;
 - v. consider whether alleged sex discrimination has created a hostile work environment, including consideration of the effects of off-campus conduct on the school;
 - vi. communicate the outcome of the investigation in writing to the complainant, to the respondent, and to any individual properly identified as a party to the complaint (to the extent permitted by state and federal confidentiality requirements), within ninety (90) school days from the date the complaint was received by the Superintendent's office. The investigator may extend this deadline for no more than fifteen (15) additional school days if needed to complete the investigation. The complainant and respondent (if applicable) shall be notified of such extension. The written notice shall include a finding whether the complaint was substantiated and if so, shall identify, to the extent possible, how the District will remedy the discrimination, adhering to the requirements of state and federal law; and
 - vii. when sex discrimination has been found, take steps that are reasonably calculated to end the discrimination, take corrective and/or disciplinary action aimed at preventing the recurrence of the discrimination, as deemed appropriate by the Superintendent or

his/her designee, and take steps to remedy the effects of the sex discrimination.

8. If a complaint is made during summer recess, the complaint will be reviewed and addressed as quickly as possible given the availability of staff and/or other individuals who may have information relevant to the complaint. If fixed timeframes cannot be met, the complainant and respondent will receive notice and interim measures may be implemented as necessary.
9. If the complainant or respondent (if applicable) is dissatisfied with the findings of the investigation, he or she may file a written appeal within five (5) school days to the Title IX Coordinator, or, if he/she conducted the investigation, to the Superintendent of Schools, who shall review the Title IX Coordinator or designee's written report, the information collected by the Title IX Coordinator or designee together with the recommended disposition of the complaint to determine whether the alleged conduct constitutes sex discrimination. The Title IX Coordinator or Superintendent of Schools may determine if further action and/or investigation is warranted. After completing this review, the Title IX Coordinator or Superintendent of Schools shall respond to the complainant and respondent (if applicable), in writing, within fifteen (15) school days following the receipt of the written request for review.

D. Miscellaneous

1. If a sexual discrimination complaint raises a concern about discrimination or harassment on the basis of any other legally protected classification (such as race, religion, color, national origin, age, or disability), the Title IX Coordinator or designee shall make a referral to other appropriate personnel within the District (e.g. Section 504 Coordinator, etc.), so as to ensure that any such investigation complies with the requirements of policies regarding nondiscrimination.
2. If the sexual discrimination complaint results in reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a child has been abused or neglected, has had a nonaccidental physical injury, or injury which is at variance with the history given of such injury, is placed at imminent risk of serious harm, or that a student has been sexually assaulted by a school employee, then, the person to whom the complaint is given or who receives such information shall report such matters in accordance with the Board's policy on the Reports of Suspected Child Abuse or Neglect of Children.
3. Retaliation against any individual who complains pursuant to the Board's Policy regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel) and these Administrative Regulations is strictly prohibited. The District will take actions designed to prevent retaliation as a result of filing a complaint. Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed according to the grievance procedures for sex discrimination described herein.

Section III. Further Reporting

At any time, a complainant alleging sex discrimination or sexual harassment may also file a formal complaint with the Office for Civil Rights, Boston Office, U.S. Department of Education, 8th Floor, 5 Post Office Square, Boston, MA 02109-3921 (Telephone (617) 289-0111).

Employees may also make a report of sexual harassment and/or sex discrimination to the Connecticut Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, 450 Columbus Boulevard, Hartford, CT 06103-1835 (Telephone: 860-514-3400).

Copies of these Administrative Regulations will be distributed to all employees.

Appendix A

Sexual Assault: An offense classified as forcible or nonforcible sex offense under the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Rape—(Except Statutory Rape) The carnal knowledge of a person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of the person's age or because of the person's temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sodomy—Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of the person's age or because of the person's temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sexual Assault With An Object—To use an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of the person's age or because of the person's temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Fondling—The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of the person's age or because of the person's temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Incest—Nonforcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape—Nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Dating Violence: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Domestic Violence: Includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

Stalking: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or suffer substantial emotional distress.

Affirmative Consent means an active, clear and voluntary agreement by a person to engage in sexual activity with another person.

For the purposes of an investigation conducted pursuant to these Administrative Regulations, the following principles shall be applied in determining whether consent for sexual activity was given and/or sustained:

- A. Affirmative consent is the standard used in determining whether consent to engage in sexual activity was given by all persons who engaged in the sexual activity.
- B. Affirmative consent may be revoked at any time during the sexual activity by any person engaged in the sexual activity.
- C. It is the responsibility of each person to ensure that he or she has the affirmative consent of all persons engaged in the sexual activity to engage in the sexual activity and that the affirmative consent is sustained throughout the sexual activity.
- D. It shall not be a valid excuse to an alleged lack of affirmative consent that the respondent to the alleged violation believed that the complainant consented to the sexual activity:
 - (i) because the respondent was intoxicated or reckless or failed to take reasonable steps to ascertain whether the complainant affirmatively consented, or
 - (ii) if the respondent knew or should have known that the complainant was unable to consent because such individual was unconscious, asleep, unable to communicate due to a mental or physical condition, unable to consent due to the age of the individual or the age difference between the individual and the respondent, or incapacitated due to the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.
- E. The existence of a past or current dating or sexual relationship between the complainant and the respondent, in and of itself, shall not be determinative of a finding of affirmative consent.

Series 4000
Policy 4015
Personnel

COMPLAINT FORM REGARDING SEXUAL HARASSMENT (PERSONNEL)

This complaint form should be used for complaints of sexual harassment as defined on page 1 of the Board's Administrative Regulations regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel)

Name of the complainant _____

Date of the complaint _____

Date of the alleged sexual harassment _____

Name or names of the sexual harasser(s) _____

Location where such sexual harassment occurred _____

Name(s) of any witness(es) to the sexual harassment _____

Detailed statement of the circumstances constituting the alleged sexual harassment

Remedy requested _____

Signature of Complainant or Title IX Coordinator: _____

**Series 4000
Policy 4015
Personnel**

**COMPLAINT FORM REGARDING SEX DISCRIMINATION (OTHER THAN
SEXUAL HARASSMENT) (PERSONNEL)**

This complaint form should be used for complaints of sex discrimination as defined on page 1 of the Board's Administrative Regulations regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel)

Name of the complainant: _____

Date of the complaint: _____

Date of the alleged sex discrimination: _____

Name or names of the sex discriminator(s): _____

Location where such sex discrimination occurred: _____

Name(s) of any witness(es) to the sex discrimination:

Detailed statement of the circumstances constituting the alleged sex discrimination:

Remedy requested: _____

Signature: _____

Botelle Elementary School
128 Greenwoods Road East
Norfolk, CT 06058
Tel. (860)542-5286 - Fax (860) 542-5770

Mrs. Lauren Valentino
Principal

Dr. Mary Beth Iacobelli
Superintendent of Schools

NOTICE OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT ALLEGATIONS

In accordance with the Board's Policy and Administrative Regulations regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel), a formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed with the Title IX Coordinator.

Identities of the parties involved, if known:

_____ (Complainant(s))
_____ (Respondent(s))

The conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment:

The date and the location of the alleged incident, if known: _____

The Title IX Coordinator or designee will contact the parties regarding the next step in the grievance process. Questions can be directed to the Title IX Coordinator: **Mrs. Lauren Valentino**.

The respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct. A determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process.

All parties involved may have an advisor of their choice who may be, but it not required to be, an attorney. This advisor may inspect and review evidence as permitted by the Board's Administrative Regulations regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel).

Any employee who knowingly makes false statements or knowingly submits false information during this grievance process is subject to discipline, up to and including termination. Additionally, it is a violation of the Board's Student Discipline Policy to lie to school officials or otherwise engage in dishonest behavior, which includes knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process. Any student who knowingly makes false statements or knowingly submits false information during this grievance process will be subject to sanctions pursuant to the Board's Student Discipline Policy.

A copy of the Board's Policy and Administrative Regulations regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel) is included with this notice.

The Norfolk Board of Education does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religious creed, age, gender, gender identification, veteran's status, marital status, sexual orientation, national origin, ancestry, present or past history of mental disorder, mental retardation, or learning disability.

Botelle Elementary School
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Mrs. Lauren Valentino
Principal

Dr. Mary Beth Iacobelli
Superintendent of Schools

NOTICE OF INFORMAL RESOLUTION PROCESS FOR SEXUAL
HARASSMENT COMPLAINTS

In accordance with the Board's Policy and Administrative Regulations regarding the Prohibition of Sex Discrimination and Sexual Harassment (Personnel), a formal complaint of sexual harassment has been filed with the Title IX Coordinator. The Board has an informal resolution process to promptly and equitably resolve such complaints using mediation *[alternatively, could be restorative justice]*. This informal resolution process will only be utilized if both the Complainant and Respondent agree to do so.

The conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment: _____

If both parties agree to the informal resolution process, it shall preclude the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising out of the same allegations. However, either party may withdraw from the informal resolution process at any time before agreeing to a resolution and resume the grievance process for formal complaints of sexual harassment.

If both parties agree to a resolution, that resolution is binding upon both parties and cannot be changed or appealed.

The District will maintain for a period of seven (7) years records of the informal resolution process and results therefrom.

I voluntarily consent to the informal resolution process:

Complainant

Date

Respondent

Date

The Norfolk Board of Education does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religious creed, age, gender, gender identification, veteran's status, marital status, sexual orientation, national origin, ancestry, present or past history of mental disorder, mental retardation, or learning disability.

**SEXUAL HARASSMENT IS ILLEGAL
AND IS PROHIBITED
BY
THE CONNECTICUT DISCRIMINATION EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES ACT
(Section 46a-60(a)(8) of the Connecticut General Statutes)
AND
TITLE VII OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964
(42 United States Code Section 2000e et seq.)**

SEXUAL HARASSMENT MEANS ANY UNWELCOME SEXUAL ADVANCES OR REQUESTS FOR SEXUAL FAVORS OR ANY CONDUCT OF A SEXUAL NATURE WHEN:

1. SUBMISSION TO SUCH CONDUCT IS MADE EITHER EXPLICITLY OR IMPLICITLY A TERM OR CONDITION OF AN INDIVIDUAL'S EMPLOYMENT;
2. SUBMISSION TO OR REJECTION OF SUCH CONDUCT BY AN INDIVIDUAL IS USED AS THE BASIS FOR EMPLOYMENT DECISIONS AFFECTING SUCH INDIVIDUAL; OR
3. SUCH CONDUCT HAS THE PURPOSE OR EFFECT OF SUBSTANTIALLY INTERFERING WITH AN INDIVIDUAL'S WORK PERFORMANCE OR CREATING AN INTIMIDATING, HOSTILE, OR OFFENSIVE WORKING ENVIRONMENT.

EXAMPLES OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT INCLUDE:

UNWELCOME SEXUAL ADVANCES
SUGGESTIVE OR LEWD REMARKS
UNWANTED HUGS, TOUCHES, KISSES
REQUESTS FOR SEXUAL FAVORS
RETALIATION FOR COMPLAINING ABOUT SEXUAL HARASSMENT
DEROGATORY OR PORNOGRAPHIC POSTERS, CARTOONS, OR DRAWINGS.

REMEDIES FOR SEXUAL HARASSMENT MAY INCLUDE:

CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS
BACK PAY
COMPENSATORY DAMAGES
PUNITIVE DAMAGES
HIRING, PROMOTION, OR REINSTATEMENT

RETALIATION AGAINST ANY EMPLOYEE FOR COMPLAINING ABOUT SEXUAL HARASSMENT IS PROHIBITED UNDER THIS POLICY AND ILLEGAL.

VIOLATION OF THIS POLICY IS GROUNDS FOR DISCIPLINE, INCLUDING DISCHARGE.

INDIVIDUALS WHO ENGAGE IN ACTS OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

AN INFRACTION OF THIS POLICY BY SUPERVISORS OR CO-WORKERS SHOULD BE REPORTED IMMEDIATELY TO MRS. ALISSA GOGUEN, OR SUPERINTENDENT IF THE TITLE IX COORDINATOR IS THE SUBJECT OF THE COMPLAINT. CONFIDENTIALITY WILL BE MAINTAINED TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE.

ANY EMPLOYEE WHO BELIEVES THAT HE OR SHE HAS BEEN HARASSED OR DISCRIMINATED AGAINST IN THE WORKPLACE IN VIOLATION OF THIS POLICY MAY ALSO CONTACT:

THE CONNECTICUT COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND OPPORTUNITIES
WEST CENTRAL REGION OFFICE
55 WEST MAIN STREET SUITE 210 WATERBURY, CT 06702-2004
PHONE: 203-805-6530
EMAIL: CHRO.WESTCENTRAL@CT.GOV

AND/ OR:

THE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION
BOSTON AREA OFFICE
JOHN F. KENNEDY FEDERAL BUILDING
475 GOVERNMENT CENTER
BOSTON, MA 02203
PHONE (800) 669-4000

CONNECTICUT LAW REQUIRES THAT A FORMAL WRITTEN COMPLAINT BE FILED WITH THE COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND OPPORTUNITIES WITHIN THREE HUNDRED (300) DAYS OF THE DATE WHEN THE ALLEGED HARASSMENT/ DISCRIMINATION OCCURRED.

**Series 4000
Policy 4016
Personnel**

SOCIAL MEDIA

The Board of Education recognizes the importance and utility of social media and networks for its employees. The laws regarding social media continue to evolve and change. Nothing in this policy is intended to limit an employee's right to use social media or personal online accounts under applicable law, as it may evolve. The Board acknowledges, for example, that its employees have the right under the First Amendment, in certain circumstances, to speak out on matters of public concern. The Board will resolve any conflict between this policy and applicable law in favor of the law.

Ordinarily, the use of social media by employees, including employees' use of personal online accounts, will not be a legal or policy issue. While a policy cannot address every instance of inappropriate social media use, employees must refrain from social media use that:

- 1) interferes, disrupts or undermines the effective operation of the school district;
- 2) is used to engage in harassing, defamatory, obscene, abusive, discriminatory or threatening or similarly inappropriate communications;
- 3) creates a hostile work environment;
- 4) breaches confidentiality obligations of school district employees; or
- 5) violates the law, board policies and/or other school rules and regulations.

The Board of Education, through its Superintendent, will adopt and maintain administrative regulations to implement this policy.

Legal References:

U.S. Constitution, Amend. I

Conn. Constitution, Article I, Sections 3, 4, 14

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-40x

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-48d

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51q

Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 53a-182; 53a-183; 53a-250

Electronic Communication Privacy Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2510 through 2520

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

**Series 4000
Policy 4016
Personnel**

ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS REGARDING USE OF SOCIAL MEDIA

The Board of Education recognizes the importance and utility of social media and networks for its employees. The laws regarding social media continue to evolve and change. Nothing in the Board's policy or these administrative regulations is intended to limit an employee's right to use social media or personal online accounts under applicable law, as it may evolve. The Board acknowledges, for example, that its employees have the right under the First Amendment, in certain circumstances, to speak out on matters of public concern. The Board will resolve any conflict between the Board's policy or these regulations and applicable law in favor of the law.

Ordinarily, the use of social media by employees, including employees' personal online accounts, will not be a legal or policy issue. While a policy or regulation cannot address every instance of inappropriate social media use, employees must refrain from social media use that:

- 1) interferes, disrupts or undermines the effective operation of the school district;
- 2) is used to engage in harassing, defamatory, obscene, abusive, discriminatory or threatening or similarly inappropriate communications;
- 3) creates a hostile work environment;
- 4) breaches confidentiality obligations of school district employees; or
- 5) violates the law, board policies and/or other school rules and regulations.

Definitions:

The rapid speed at which technology continuously evolves makes it difficult, if not impossible, to identify all types of social media.

Thus, the term Social Media includes a variety of online tools and services that allow users to publish content and interact with their audiences. By way of example, social media includes the following websites or applications, including an employee's personal online account using such social media:

- (1) social-networking (e.g. Facebook, LinkedIn, Google+, Classmates.com);
- (2) blogs and micro-blogs (e.g. Twitter, Tumblr, Medium);
- (3) content-sharing (e.g. Scribd, SlideShare, DropBox);
- (4) imagesharing, videosharing or livestreaming (e.g. Snapchat, Periscope, Flickr, YouTube, Instagram, Vine, Pinterest);
- (5) other sharing sites or apps such as by sound, location, news, or messaging, etc. (e.g. Reddit, Kik, Yik Yak, SoundCloud, WhatsApp).

Board of Education includes all names, logos, buildings, images and entities under the authority of the Board of Education.

Electronic communications device includes any electronic device that is capable of transmitting, accepting or processing data, including, but not limited to, a computer, computer network and computer system, and a cellular or wireless telephone.

Personal online account includes any online account that is used by an employee exclusively for personal purposes and unrelated to any business purpose of the Board, including, but not limited to electronic mail, social media and retail-based Internet websites. Personal Online Account does not include any account created, maintained, used or accessed by an employee for a business, educational or instructional purpose of the Board.

Rules Concerning District-Sponsored Social Media Activity

1. In order for an employee to use social media sites as an educational tool or in relation to extracurricular activities or programs of the school district, the employee must seek and obtain the prior permission of his/her supervisor.
2. Employees may not use personal online accounts to access social media for classroom activities without express permission of the employee's supervisor. Where appropriate and with permission, district-sponsored social media accounts should be used for such purposes.
3. If an employee wishes to use social media sites to communicate meetings, activities, games, responsibilities, announcements etc., for a school-based club or a school-based activity or an official school-based organization, or an official sports team, the employee must also comply with the following rules:
 - The employee must receive the permission of his/her immediate supervisor.
 - The employee must not use his/her personal online account for such purpose, but shall use his/her Board-issued account.
 - The employee must ensure that such social media use is compliant with all Board of Education policies, regulations, and applicable state and federal law, including the provision of required legal notices and permission slips to parents.
 - The employee must set up the club, etc. as a group list which will be "closed" (e.g. membership in the group is limited to students, parents and appropriate school personnel), and "monitored" (e.g. the employee had the ability to access and supervise communications on the social media site).
 - Parents shall be permitted to access any page that their child has been invited to join.
 - Access to the page may only be permitted for educational purposes related to the club, activity, organization or team.
 - The employee responsible for the page will monitor it regularly.

- The employee's supervisor shall be permitted access to any page established by the employee for a school-related purpose.
 - Employees are required to maintain appropriate professional boundaries in the establishment and maintenance of all such district-sponsored social media activity.
- 4. Employees are prohibited from making harassing, defamatory, obscene, abusive, discriminatory or threatening or similarly inappropriate statements in their social media communications using district-sponsored sites or accounts or through Board-issued electronic accounts.
- 5. Employees are required to comply with all Board of Education policies and procedures and all applicable laws with respect to the use of electronic communications devices, networks, Board-issued accounts, or when accessing district-sponsored social media sites or while using personal devices on the district's wireless network or while accessing district servers.
- 6. The Board of Education reserves the right to monitor all employee use of district computers and other electronic devices, including employee blogging and social networking activity. An employee should have no expectation of personal privacy in any communication made through social media, including personal online accounts, while using district electronic communications devices.
- 7. All communications through district-sponsored social media or Board-issued electronic accounts must comply with the Board of Education's policies concerning confidentiality, including the confidentiality of student information. If an employee is considering sharing information and is unsure about the confidential nature of the information, the employee shall consult with his/her supervisor prior to communicating such information.
- 8. An employee may not link a district-sponsored social media page to any personal online account or sites not sponsored by the school district.
- 9. An employee may not use district-sponsored social media or Board-issued electronic accounts for communications for private financial gain, political, commercial, advertisement, proselytizing or solicitation purposes.
- 10. An employee may not use district-sponsored social media or Board-issued electronic accounts in a manner that misrepresents personal views as those of the Board of Education, individual school or school district, or in a manner that could be construed as such.

Rules Concerning Personal Online Accounts

1. The Board understands that employees utilize social media and the web for personal matters in the workplace. The Board of Education reserves the right to monitor all

employee use of district electronic communications devices, including a review of online and personal social media activities. An employee should have no expectation of personal privacy in any personal communication made through social media while using district computers, district-issued cellular telephones or other electronic communications devices. While the Board reserves the right to monitor use of its electronic communications devices, employees may engage in incidental personal use of social media in the workplace so long as such use does not interfere with operations and productivity, and does not violate other Board policies.

2. An employee may not mention, discuss, reference or link to the Board of Education, the school district or its individual schools, programs or teams using personal online accounts or other sites or applications in a manner that could reasonably be construed as an official school district communication, unless the employee also states within the communication that such communication is the personal view of the employee of the school district and that the views expressed are the employee's alone and do not represent the views of the school district or the Board of Education. An example of such a disclaimer is: "the opinions and views expressed are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the position or opinion of the school district or Board of Education." For example, except as may be permitted by Board policy, employees may not provide job references for other individuals on social media that indicate that such references are made in an official capacity on behalf of the Board of Education.
3. Employees are required to maintain appropriate professional boundaries with students, parents, and colleagues. For example, absent an unrelated online relationship (e.g., relative, family friend, or personal friendship unrelated to school), it is not appropriate for a teacher or administrator to "friend" a student or his/her parent or guardian or otherwise establish special relationships with selected students through personal online accounts, and it is not appropriate for an employee to give students or parents access to personal postings unrelated to school.
4. In accordance with the public trust doctrine, employees are advised to refrain from engaging in harassing, defamatory, obscene, abusive, discriminatory or threatening or similarly inappropriate communications through personal online accounts. Such communications reflect poorly on the school district's reputation, can affect the educational process and may substantially and materially interfere with an employee's ability to fulfill his/her professional responsibilities.
5. Employees are individually responsible for their personal communications through social media and personal online accounts. Employees may be sued by other employees, parents or others, and any individual that views an employee's communication through social media and personal online accounts as defamatory, pornographic, proprietary, harassing, libelous or creating a hostile work environment. In addition, employees should consider refraining from posting anything that belongs to another person or entity, such as copyrighted publications or trademarked images. As all of these activities are outside the scope of employment, employees may be personally liable for such claims.

6. Employees are required to comply with all Board of Education policies and procedures with respect to the use of electronic communications devices when accessing personal online accounts and/or social media through district computer systems. Any access to personal online accounts and/or personal social media activities while on school property or using school district equipment must comply with those policies, and may not interfere with an employee's duties at work.
7. All communications through personal online accounts and/or social media must comply with the Board of Education's policies concerning confidentiality, including the confidentiality of student information. If an employee is considering sharing information and is unsure about the confidential nature of the information, the employee shall consult with his/her supervisor prior to communicating such information.
8. An employee may not post official Board of Education material using a personal online account without written permission of his/her supervisor.
9. All of the Board of Education's policies and administrative regulations apply to employee use of personal online accounts in the same way that they apply to conduct that occurs in the workplace and off duty conduct.

Access to Personal Online Accounts

1. An employee may not be required by his/her supervisor to provide his/her username, password, or other means of authentication of a personal online account.
2. An employee may not be required to authenticate or access a personal online account in the presence of his/her supervisor.
3. An employee may not be required to invite or accept an invitation from his/her supervisor or required to join a group with the employee's personal online account.

Disciplinary Consequences

Violation of the Board's policy concerning the use of social media or these administrative regulations may lead to discipline up to and including the termination of employment consistent with state and federal law.

An employee may face disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment if an employee transmits, without the Board's permission, confidential information to or from the employee's personal online account.

An employee may not be disciplined for failing to provide his/her username, password, or other authentication means for accessing a personal online account, failing to authenticate

or access a personal online account in the presence of his/her supervisor or failing to invite his/her supervisor or refusing to accept an invitation sent by his/her supervisor to join a group affiliated with a personal online account, except as provided herein.

Notwithstanding, the Board may require that an employee provide his/her username, password or other means of accessing or authenticating a personal online account for purposes of accessing any account or service provided by the Board for business purposes or any electronic communications device supplied by or paid for, in whole or in part, by the Board.

Nothing in this policy or regulations shall prevent the district from conducting an investigation for the purpose of ensuring compliance with applicable state or federal laws, regulatory requirements or prohibitions against work-related employee misconduct based on the receipt of specific information about an activity on an employee's personal online account or based on specific information about the transfer of confidential information to or from an employee's personal online account. During the course of such investigation, the district may require an employee to allow the district to access his or her personal online account for the purpose of conducting such investigation. However, the employee will not be required to provide his/her username and/or password or other authentication means in order for the district to access the personal online account.

Legal References:

U.S. Constitution, Amend. I

Conn. Constitution, Article I, Sections 3, 4, 14

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-40x

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-48d

Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-51q

Conn. Gen. Stat. §§ 53a-182; 53a-183; 53a-250

Electronic Communication Privacy Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2510 through 2520

ADOPTED: October 3, 2023

Recruitment and Selection**Page 1**

The Board desires the Superintendent to develop and maintain a recruitment program designed to attract and hold the best possible personnel who are highly qualified as defined by federal law in the District's schools.

The school district recognizes the heterogeneity of the people who live in the school district and believes that this characteristic should have an important bearing on all aspects of the school district's activities.

The Board of Education believes it is especially important that this heterogeneity of population be recognized in the recruitment and assignment of personnel.

To this end, the Board of Education shall develop and implement a written plan for minority staff recruitment. The administration is directed to make a serious effort to see that the recruitment procedures of the district produce a total staff representative of the total population of the district and that the assignment procedures of the district bring to each school staff members representative of the population represented by the student membership in each local school.

The schools shall engage in fair and sound personnel practices in the appointment of all district employees. The administration shall be responsible for establishing recruitment, selection and appointment procedures.

The Superintendent shall insure that the District is in compliance with the provisions of Title I, the No Child Left Behind Act. Manuals and handbooks shall comply with federal law as to the qualifications for instructional personnel. Notice of professional qualifications shall be provided to parents/guardians of students in Title I schools and staffing pattern reviews as required by law shall be conducted annually.

Legal Reference:

Connecticut General Statutes

10-151 Employment of teachers. Notice and hearing on termination of contract. (as amended by P.A. 12-16 An Act Concerning Educational Reform)

10-153 Discrimination on account of marital status.

10-183v Reemployment of teachers, as amended by PA 10-111, An Act Concerning Education Reform in Connecticut

10-220 Duties of Boards of Education. (as amended by PA 98-252)

46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.

20 U.S.C. Section 1119 N Child Left Behind Act

34 C.F.R. 200.55 Federal Regulations

Circular Letter C-6, Series 2004-2005, Determining "Highly Qualified" Teachers

Circular Letter C-9, Series 2004-2005, "No Child Left Behind" and Districts' High Objective Uniform State Standard of Evaluation (HOUSSE) Plans.

Circular Letter C-9, Series 2007-2008, "Discontinued Use of Districts' High Objective Uniform State Standard of Evaluation (HOUSSE) Plans."

Circular Letter C-13, Series 2007-2008, "Construction of HOUSSE Plans for Highly Qualifying Veteran Teachers"

Recruitment and Selection**Page 2**

In the employment of teachers and other certified personnel, special consideration is given to professional training, teaching experience, and personal characteristics desirable in good teachers.

Each candidate will:

1. Submit evidence of meeting the certification requirements of the state.
2. Submit an official college transcript to the personnel office.
3. Submit a record of teaching and other work experience to the personnel office. Salary increments are based upon years of creditable service.
4. Appear, unless unusual hardship prevents, for a personal interview.

The Superintendent will ensure that all employee manuals or handbooks are in compliance with federal law and include:

- The education and experience required of all new instructional employees;
- Any credentials that current instructional employees must acquire;
- A timetable for the satisfaction of any new requirements;
- The consequences for employees who fail to comply.

All employees are to be advised of the revisions of the handbooks or manuals and of any implications for existing personnel.

The Superintendent will ensure that parents/guardians of students in Title I schools are informed of their right to know the professional qualifications of their child's teacher and will describe where and how this information may be obtained. The Superintendent will monitor Title I schools to ensure that parents/guardians of all students are notified when those students are taught for 4 or more consecutive weeks by a teacher who is not highly qualified as defined by law.

Staffing patterns will be reviewed annually to ensure that poor and minority students are not, at higher rates than are other children in the district, taught by inexperienced, unqualified, or out-of-field teachers. If such patterns are noted, strategies to correct the problem will be developed.

Legal Reference:

Connecticut General Statutes
10-145 Certificate necessary to employment.
10-151 Employment of teachers.
10-153a to 10-153n; Rights concerning professional organization and negotiations.
P.A. 94-221 An Act Concerning School Discipline and Security.
20 USCA §6311(h)(6)(A) – No Child Left Behind Act
34 C.F.R. 200.55 Federal Regulations
Circular Letter C-6, Series 2004-2005, Determining “Highly Qualified” Teachers
Circular Letter C-9, Series 2004-2005, “No Child Left Behind” and Districts’ High

PERSONNEL - CERTIFIED

4111

Recruitment and Selection

Page 3

Objective Uniform State Standard of Evaluation (HOUSSE) Plans.
Circular Letter C-9, Series 2007-2008, “Discontinued Use of Districts’ High
Objective Uniform State Standard of Evaluation (HOUSSE) Plans.”
Circular Letter C-13, Series 2007-2008, “Construction of HOUSSE Plans for Highly
Qualifying Veteran Teachers”

Board Adopted: October 3, 2023

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4111.1

4211.1

Personnel — Certified and Non-Certified

Equal Employment Opportunity

The Board of Education will provide equal employment opportunities for all persons without regard to race, color, religious creed, age, veterans' status, genetic information, marital status, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, or physical disability. The Board directs the administration to set as a goal the recruitment, selection and employment of qualified people among racial and ethnic minority groups to the end that the school district's employees will proportionately mirror the racial and ethnic composition of this community.

No advertisement of employment opportunities may be intent or design restrict employment based upon discrimination as defined by law.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

4a-60 Nondiscrimination and affirmative action provisions in contracts of the state and political subdivisions rather than municipalities

4a-60a Contracts of the state and political subdivisions, other than municipalities, to contain provisions re nondiscrimination on the basis of sexual orientation

10-153 Discrimination on account of marital status.

46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.

46a-81a Discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation

Title VII, Civil Rights Act 42 U.S.C. 2000e, et seq.

The Vietnam Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. §4212

Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL — CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4111.3
4211.3

Minority Recruitment Plan

The Board recognizes that the increasing diversity of individuals and cultures is a growing characteristic of our state and nation which should have a significant bearing on the activities of the school district. Further, the State of Connecticut has determined that the educational interests of the state require efforts by each school district to provide educational opportunities for its students to interact with teachers and staff from other racial, ethnic and economic backgrounds in order to reduce racial, ethnic and economic isolation.

To this end, the Board believes that the importance of diversity of individuals and cultures should be recognized in the recruitment and assignment of personnel in order to help promote an intellectually and culturally dynamic environment that enables all students to gain an increased awareness and appreciation of the diverse world in which all are connected.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
10-151 Employment of teachers. Notice and hearing on termination of contract.
10-153 Discrimination on account of marital status.
10-220 Duties of Boards of Education. (as amended by PA 98-252)
46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Security Check/Fingerprinting

In order to create a safe and orderly environment for students, all offers of employment will be conditional upon the successful outcome of a criminal record check. In addition, any person applying for employment with the Board shall submit to a record check of the Department of Children and Families Child Abuse and Neglect Registry before the person may be hired.

Note: *Applicants for positions requiring a state certificate, and authorization or permit must submit to a check of DCF's Abuse and Neglect Registry, effective July 1, 2011. Applicants for positions not requiring state certification are required to submit to the DCF Abuse and Neglect Registry beginning July 1, 2012.* District employees shall within 30 days after they are hired submit to state and national criminal checks. District students employed by the school system are exempted from this requirement.

Workers placed in a school under a public assistance employment program shall also submit to the criminal check of such individuals will have direct contact with students.

School nurses and nurse practitioners appointed by the Board or under a contract with the Board shall also submit to a criminal history check pursuant to C.G.S. 29-17a.

Student teachers placed in District schools as part of completing preparation requirements for the issuance of an educator certificate, effective July 1, 2010, shall also be required to undergo the same criminal background checks already required for school employees.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

10-221d Criminal history records checks of school personnel. Fingerprinting.

Termination or dismissed. (as amended by PA 01-173, PA 04-181, June 19 Special Session, Public Act No. 09-1 and PA 11-93

29-17a Criminal history checks. Procedures. Fees

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

REGULATION:**Security Check/Fingerprinting**

Each applicant for a position within the public school system shall be asked whether he/she has ever been convicted of a crime and whether there are any criminal charges pending against him/her at the time of application. Each person hired by the school system shall be required to submit to state and national criminal record checks. In order to process such record checks, the following procedure will be followed:

1. No later than ten calendar days after the Superintendent or his/her designee has notified a job applicant of a decision to hire the applicant, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the Superintendent or his/her designee will supply the applicant with a packet containing all documents and materials necessary for the applicant to be fingerprinted by the Regional Service Center. This packet shall also contain all documents and materials necessary for the Regional Service Center to submit the

Security Check/Fingerprinting

completed fingerprints to the State Police Bureau of Identification for the processing of state and national criminal record checks.

2. No later than ten calendar days after the Superintendent or his/her designee has provided the successful job applicant with the fingerprinting packet, the applicant must arrange to be fingerprinted. Failure of the applicant to have his/her fingerprints taken within such ten-day period, without good cause, will be grounds for the withdrawal of the offer of employment.
3. Any person for whom criminal records checks are required to be performed pursuant to this policy must pay all fees and costs associated with the fingerprinting process and/or the submission or processing of the requests for criminal record checks.
4. Upon receipt of a criminal record check indicating a previously undisclosed conviction, the Superintendent or his/her designee will notify the affected applicant/employee in writing of the results of the record check and will provide an opportunity for the affected applicant/ employee to respond to the results of the criminal record check.
5. Decisions regarding the effect of a conviction upon an applicant/employee, whether disclosed or undisclosed by the applicant/employee, will be made on a case-by-case basis. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the falsification or omission of any information on a job application or in a job interview, including, but not limited to information concerning criminal convictions or pending criminal charges, shall be grounds for disqualification from consideration for employment or discharge from employment.
6. Adult education teachers and substitute teachers, if they are continuously employed by the district, do not have to be refingerprinted after fulfilling the initial requirement as per State Statutes.
7. School nurses and nurse practitioners appointed by the Board or under contract with the Board shall also submit to a criminal history check pursuant to C.G.S. 29-17a.
8. Student teachers placed in District schools as part of completing preparation requirements for the issuance of an educator certificate shall also submit to a criminal history check. The criminal history check shall be done prior to being placed in a school for clinical experiences such as field experiences, student teaching or internship. Candidates are required to be fingerprinted at one of the RESCs and not through local police stations or the school district. The District is required to notify the State Board of Education if notice is received that a student teacher has been convicted of a crime.
9. Each applicant for a certified position must submit to a records check of the Department of Children and Families (DCF) Child Abuse and Neglect Registry established pursuant to C.G.S. 17a-101k before the applicant may be hired. The Superintendent or his/her designee shall request the required records check of DCF in accordance with the procedures established by DCF.
10. On or after July 1, 2012, each applicant for a non-certified position must submit to a records check

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4112.5

4212.5

Security Check/Fingerprinting

Page 3

of the Department of Children and Families (DCF) /Child Abuse and Neglect Registry established pursuant to C.G.S. 17a-101k before the applicant may be hired. The Superintendent or his/her designee shall request the required records check of DCF in accordance with the procedures established by DCF.

Legal Reference:

Connecticut General Statutes

10-221d Criminal history records checks of school personnel. Fingerprinting.

Termination or dismissed. (as amended by PA 01-173, PA 04-181 and June 19 Special Session, Public Act No. 09-1 and PA 11-93)

17a-101k Registry of findings of abuse or neglect of children maintained by Commissioner of Children and Families. Notice of finding of abuse or neglect of child. Appeal of finding. Hearing procedure. Appeal after hearing. Confidentiality. Regulations.

29-17a Criminal history checks. Procedure. Fees.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Personnel Records**Page 1**

Personnel records will be maintained securely and confidentially in the Superintendent's office for all current employees and will include information customarily kept in personnel files. Files also will be maintained for past employees, including years of employment, salaries, and such other basic and essential information as the Superintendent will require.

There shall be only one personnel file for each employee, and principals will not maintain employee files separate from the official employee file in the Superintendent's office.

Requests for access to personnel files, except from an employee to see his or her own file, will be referred to the Superintendent who will determine whether disclosure of such records would legally constitute invasion of employee privacy. If the Superintendent believes disclosure is not an invasion of privacy, requested information will be disclosed, but professional courtesy suggests the employee should be notified of such disclosure.

If the Superintendent determines disclosure would invade employee privacy, the employee/s and collective bargaining representatives if any, will be notified of the request in writing. If the Superintendent does not receive a written objection, from the employee or bargaining representative, within seven business days from receipt of notification, or if there is no evidence of receipt not later than nine business days from the date the notice was mailed, sent, posted, or otherwise given, requested records will be disclosed. However, if an objection is received in a timely manner, the Superintendent will not disclose requested information unless directed to do so by the Freedom of Information Commission. Notwithstanding an objection filed by an employee's bargaining representative, the employee may subsequently approve disclosure of records by filing a written notice with the Superintendent.

Employee or bargaining representative objections to disclosure of records will be made in writing on a form developed by the Superintendent including a signed statement by the employee or bargaining representative, under penalties of false statement, that to the best of the respondent's knowledge, information, and belief, there is good grounds to support the objection and that the objection is not interposed for delay.

Records maintained or kept on file by the Board which are records of a teacher's personal misconduct shall be deemed to be public records, and subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act. Disclosure of such records of a teacher's personal misconduct shall not require the consent of the teacher.

Notwithstanding earlier provisions of this policy, personnel evaluations of certified employees, except the Superintendent, are not public records subject to disclosure—unless the employee consents in writing to the release of such records.

In accordance with federal law, the District shall release information regarding the professional qualifications and degrees of teachers and the qualifications of paraprofessionals to parents/guardians

Personnel Records

Page 2

upon request for any teacher or paraprofessional who is employed at a school receiving Title I funds and who provides instruction to their child at that school.

Each employee's own file shall be available for his or her inspection at reasonable times, and, upon request, employees will be provided a copy of information contained in his or her file.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
1-210(a) Access to public records. Exempt records.
1-213 Agency administration. Disclosure of personnel, birth and tax records.
1-214 Objection to disclosure of personnel or medical files.
1-215 Record of arrest as public record.
1-206 Denial of access to public records or meetings.
10-151a Access of teacher to supervisory records and reports in personnel file. (as amended by PA 02-138)
10-151c Records of teacher performance and evaluation not public records. (as amended by PA 02-138)
PL 107-110, No Child Left Behind Act, Sec. 1119.
The Americans with Disabilities Act

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL — CERTIFIED AND NON-CERTIFIED

4112.8

4212.8

Nepotism: Employment of Relatives

Notwithstanding the customary appointment practices outlined in policy #4111 and #4211 “Recruitment & Selection,” the following shall govern conflict of interest in staff employment and the appointment of the persons described in paragraphs 1 and 2 below:

1. No spouse, minor child or dependent of a Board member shall be appointed to a full-time position in this school district.
2. Persons related otherwise by blood or marriage to a Board member may be employed following full disclosure of the relationship by the Board member in a public meeting and sufficient vote of appointment without counting the vote of the related Board member.
3. A spouse or child of a Board member may be employed for limited term or short-term employment on a competitive basis among persons who are eligible.
4. Persons related by blood or marriage to members of the administrative staff shall not be appointed to a position that is in a line relationship involving supervision and evaluation of the position.
5. Members of the same family may be employed at the same department or work location when approved in writing by the Superintendent or the Superintendent's designee (Exception: members of the same family shall not be approved in direct line of supervision.)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

7-479 Conflicts of Interest

46b-38nn Equality of benefits, protections and responsibilities (civil unions)

46b-38oo applicability of statutes to civil unions and parties to a civil union.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL — CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4112.61

4212.61

Use and Disclosure of Employee Medical Information (HIPAA)

The Board of Education directs the Superintendent or his/her designee to take the necessary steps to ensure compliance with the Health Insurance Portability Act of 1996 (HIPAA). Compliance activities shall include conducting an audit to determine applicability of HIPAA to District operations, recommending policies to the Board, implementation of administrative regulations, including record keeping procedures, preparation of necessary documents, employee training and all other activities necessary to ensure compliance.

(cf. 4112.6/4212.6 - Personnel Records)

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. 1320d-1320d-8, P.L. 104-191, Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA)
65 Fed. Reg. 50312-50372
65 Fed. Reg. 92462-82829
63 Fed. Reg. 43242-43280
67 Fed. Reg. 53182-53273

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4112

4212

Appointment

The Superintendent is authorized to hire certified and non-certified staff for positions authorized by the Board and report such hires to the Board for approval.

The Superintendent shall ensure that all personnel employed or recommended to the Board meet district requirements for the position and state requirements for fingerprinting and other criminal records checks.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

10-144o through 10-145f re: teacher certification.

10-151 Employment of teachers.

Definitions. Notice and hearing on failure to renew or termination of contract. Appeal.

10-153 Discrimination on account of marital status.

10-155f Residency requirement prohibited.

46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4113

4213

Assignment

The assignment of all certified and non-certified staff personnel shall be the responsibility of the Superintendent with the Principal's recommendation.

Not later than the regular October meeting of the Board's, the Superintendent shall provide Board members a staff listing of regular assignments.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Evaluation and Support Program

It is universally accepted that good teaching is the most important element in a sound educational program. Student learning is directly affected by teacher competence; therefore, teacher evaluation shall be accomplished using a teacher evaluation plan which demonstrates a clear link between teacher evaluation, professional development and improved student learning. (The educator evaluation and support plan or revisions must be approved annually by the State Department of Education prior to District implementation.)

Note: "Teacher or "Administrator" for purposes of evaluation shall include each professional employee of the Board, below the rank of Superintendent, who holds a certificate or permit issued by the State Board of Education.

Appraisal of teaching performance should serve three purposes:

1. To raise the quality of instruction and educational services to the children of our community resulting in improved student learning.
2. To raise the standards of the teaching profession as a whole.
3. To aid the individual teacher to grow professionally, linking district-wide teacher evaluation and professional development plans.

Evaluation of teacher performance must be a cooperative, continuing process designed to improve student learning and the quality of instruction. The Superintendent shall annually evaluate or cause to be evaluated all certified employees in accordance with guidelines established by the State Board of Education. The teacher shares with those who work with the teacher the responsibility for developing effective evaluation procedures and instruments and for the development and maintenance of professional standards and attitudes regarding the evaluation process.

The Board of Education directs the Superintendent and the teachers' and administrators' representatives to develop, in harmony with the latest guidelines for the state model evaluation program issued by the Connecticut Department of Education and such other guidelines as may be mutually agreed upon, a system-wide program for evaluating the instructional process and all certified personnel as one means to improve student learning and insure the quality of instruction. The evaluation plan shall include, but need not be limited to, strengths, areas needing improvement, strategies for improvement and multiple indicators of student academic growth.* Further, claims of failure to follow such guidelines shall be subject to the grievance procedure in collective bargaining agreements negotiated subsequent to July 1, 2004.

Note: The district's evaluation plan, submitted to the State Department of Education for approval, may be the district's selection of the state model evaluation plan, SEED (Connecticut's System for Educator

Evaluation and Development), or a hybrid of SEED, or a district-proposed alternative evaluation and support plan which fulfills the state guidelines.

The Superintendent and all employees whose administrative and supervisory duties equal at least 50% of their time shall include a minimum of fifteen hours of training in the evaluation of teachers pursuant to Section 10-151b, as part of the required professional development activity during each five year period for reissuance of their professional educator certificate.

**The State Board of Education as required has adopted guidelines for a model teacher and administrator evaluation and support program which is to provide guidance on the use of multiple indicators of student academic growth in teacher evaluations. The guidelines include, but are not limited to:*

- 1. The use of four performance evaluations designators: exemplary, proficient, developing and below standards;*
- 2. The use of multiple indicators of student academic growth and development in teacher and administrative evaluations;*
- 3. Methods for assessing student academic growth and development;*
- 4. A consideration of control factors, tracked by the state-wide public school information system that may influence teacher performance ratings, including, but not limited to, student characteristics, student attendance and student mobility;*
- 5. Minimum requirements for teacher evaluation instruments and procedures, including scoring systems to determine exemplary, proficient, developing and below standard ratings;*
- 6. The development and implementation of periodic-training programs regarding the teacher evaluation and support program to be offered by the local or regional board of education or RESC to teachers whose performance is being evaluated and to administrators who are conducting the performance evaluations;*
- 7. The provision of professional development services based on individual or group needs identified through evaluations;*
- 8. The creation of individual teacher improvement and remediation plans for teachers who are rated "developing" or "below standard" in performance;*
- 9. Opportunities for career development and professional growth; and*
- 10. A validation procedure to audit evaluation ratings of "exemplary" or "below standard" evaluation ratings.*

These guidelines will be validated after the pilot programs conducted in the 2012-2013 school year.

The Superintendent shall annually evaluate or cause to be evaluated each teacher and administrator in accordance with guidelines established by the State Board of Education and such other guidelines as may be established by mutual agreement between the Board and the teachers' and administrators' representatives, and may conduct additional formative evaluations toward producing an annual summative evaluation.

In the event that a teacher or an administrator does not receive a summative evaluation during the school year, such individual shall receive a rating of "not rated" for that year.

Note: The SBE may waive the requirement of consistency with SBE's model guidelines for any district that, before the model guidelines are validated, (after the pilots 2012-2013), developed a teacher evaluation program that is determined by the SBE to substantially comply with the guidelines.

The Superintendent shall report to the Board by June 1 annually on the status of the evaluations. In addition, by June 30 annually, the Superintendent shall report to the Commissioner of Education on the implementation of evaluations, including their frequency, aggregate evaluation ratings, the number of teachers and administrators not evaluated, and other requirements as determined by the State Department of Education.

Remediation Plans

Teachers rated "below standard" or "developing" shall have an improvement and remediation plan that:

1. is developed in consultation with the teacher and his/her union representative;
2. identifies resources, support, and other methods to address documented deficiencies;
3. contains a timeline for implementing such measures in the same school year as the plan is issued; and
4. provides success indicators that include a minimum overall rating of "proficient" at the end of the improvement and remediation plan.

Evaluation Training

The Board, prior to implementing the teacher evaluation and support program, but not later than July 1, 2014, shall conduct training programs for all evaluators and orientation for all District teachers regarding the District's teacher evaluation and support program. Such training shall provide instruction to evaluators regarding how to conduct proper performance evaluations prior to conducting an evaluation under the teacher evaluation and support program. The orientation for each teacher shall be completed before a teacher receives an evaluation under the teacher evaluation and support program.

Note: "Teacher" includes all certified employees below the rank of Superintendent.

Implementation Plan

The Board of Education recognizes that the State Board of Education (SBE) has adopted a modified plan for the implementation of Connecticut's Educator Evaluation and Support System for the 2013-2014 school year. The District, in the 2013-2014 "Bridge Year" will:

☒ [X] implement the whole evaluation model district-wide, consisting of all components of both teacher and administrative evaluation, as outlined in the "Guidelines for Connecticut's Educator Evaluation and Support System (SEED)."

☐ [] implement the whole model in at least one-third of the District's schools, for all certified teachers and administrators within those schools.

☐ [] implement the whole model in at least fifty percent of the District's schools, for classroom teachers only and administrators within those schools.

☐ [] implement a locally-developed and state-approved model/option.

The certified staff, in 2013-2014, not evaluated under the new system shall be evaluated under the district's existing evaluation plan.

Note: *Districts that choose an alternate approach to implementing the whole evaluation model district-wide (first option above) must convene a committee consisting of representation of local bargaining unit(s) and superintendent's representatives. If an alternate approach is decided upon, it must (1) involve implementation of the whole model and (2) represent a minimum of one-third of the district's certified staff, including administrators. The board of education must act upon the recommendations of this committee.*

Audit

The Board, starting July 1, 2014, if selected, will participate as required, in an audit of its evaluation program, conducted by the State Department of Education.

All teachers teaching in public schools at the elementary, middle and high school levels (including special education teachers) must be determined to be "highly qualified," as defined in the No Child Left Behind Act. To be determined "highly qualified," a teacher must use the HOUSSSE plan if he or she has not passed a state subject-matter test, does not hold advanced certification (e.g., National Board Certification) in all of the core academic content areas that he or she teaches (see appendix "Questions and Answers" document for more detailed information). The reauthorized Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA) identifies special education teachers as teachers who must demonstrate competency (i.e., be highly qualified) in the core academic subjects that they teach.

Because the District's teacher evaluation and professional development guidelines (1) were reviewed and critiqued using the State Department of Education's peer review process and (2) include subject-matter knowledge assessment, Connecticut's district teacher evaluation plans have been approved by the U.S. Department of Education as Connecticut's official HOUSSE plan.

To ensure that this statewide HOUSSE is standardized across districts throughout the state, it is critical that the District evaluates a teacher's subject-matter competency in the core academic content areas, based on the Common Core of Teaching (CCT), using both of the following:

- A. foundational skills and competencies; and
- B. the discipline-based professional standards.

The Superintendent is directed to develop appropriate regulations, based upon guidance promulgated by the State Department of Education, pertaining to the District's HOUSSE plan.

(cf. 2400 - Evaluation of Administrators and Administration)
(cf. 4111/4211 - Recruitment and Selection)
(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

10-145b Teaching certificates
10-151a Access of teacher to supervisory records and reports in personnel file
10-151b Evaluation by superintendent of certain educational personnel. (amended by PA 04-137, An Act Concerning Teachers' Evaluations, P.A. 10-111, An Act Concerning Education Reform in Connecticut, and P.A. 12-116 An Act Concerning Educational Reform.)
10-151c Records of teacher performance and evaluation not public records
10-220a (b) In-service training. Professional development. Institutes for educators. Cooperative and beginning teacher programs, regulations.
20 U.S.C. Section 1119 No Child Left Behind Act
34 C.F.R. 200.55 Federal Regulations
Circular Letter C-6, Series 2004-2005, Determining "Highly Qualified" Teachers
Circular Letter C-9, Series 2004-2005, "No Child Left Behind" and Districts' High Objective Uniform State Standard of Evaluation (HOUSSE) Plans.
PA 11-135 An Act Concerning Implementation Dates for Secondary School Reform
PA 12-116 An Act Concerning Education Reform
Connecticut Guidelines for Educator Evaluation, adopted by the State Board of Education, June 27, 2012

Connecticut's System for Educator Evaluation and Development (SEED) state model evaluation system.

Board adopted: November 13, 2014

Personnel Reduction in Force (RIF)

The Board has the right to reduce the number of certified personnel.

Prior to commencing action to terminate teacher contracts upon the need to reduce staff, the Board will abide by procedures currently existing in employee organization agreements, or otherwise will give due consideration to its ability to reduce staff by:

1. Voluntary retirements.
2. Voluntary resignation.
3. Voluntary leaves of absence.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
10-151 Employment of teachers. Notice and hearing on termination of contract.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Dismissal/Suspension**Non-Renewal/Suspension****Non-Renewal**

Prior to obtaining tenure, a certified employee's contract may be non-renewed provided that the employee is notified in writing prior to May 1st by the Superintendent. A teacher so notified may request not later than three calendar days after such teacher receives such notice of non-renewal, a written statement of the reasons for non-renewal of the contract, and the district will furnish such a statement not later than four (4) calendar days of the receipt of the request. The teacher may also file with the Board of Education not later than (10) calendar days of receipt of the notice of non-renewal for a hearing before the Board or, if indicated in such request designated by the Board, before a single impartial hearing officer chosen by the teacher and the Superintendent. The hearing shall commence not later than fifteen calendar days after receipt of such request unless an extension, not to exceed fifteen calendar days, is mutually agreed upon.

A teacher who has not attained tenure shall not be entitled to a hearing concerning non-renewal if the reason for such non-renewal is either elimination of position or loss of position to another teacher. The Board shall rescind a non-renewal decision only if the Board finds such decision to be arbitrary and capricious.

Suspension

A certified employee may be suspended by the Board of Education for an alleged or actual violation of any of the reasons for termination in C.G.S. 10-151(c) or 10-151(d) when insufficient cause for dismissal is considered to exist, or may be suspended pending Board or legal action for dismissal of the employee on charges of violation of one or more of said causes for termination. The Superintendent may suspend an employee pending Board action when, in the opinion of the Superintendent, continuation of the employee in the position presents a clear danger to the students, staff, property or reputation of the district, or to the employee.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

10-151(b) Employment of teachers. Definitions. Tenure, etc. (as amended by P.A. 12-116, An Act Concerning Educational Reform)

10-151(c) Employment of teachers. (as amended by P.A. 11-136, An Act Concerning Minor Revisions to the Education Statutes.)

PA 95-58 An Act Concerning Teacher Evaluations, Tenure and Dismissal.

PA 97-247 An Act Concerning Revisions to the Education Statutes.

Shanbrom v. Orange Board of Education, 2 Conn. L. Rpts. 396, 398 (1990)

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4117.5

4217.5

Termination of Employment

In addition to non-renewal of non-tenured employees, the Board may terminate either non-tenured or tenured employees in accordance with provisions of C.G.S. 10-151. The district will also report any serious misconduct which gives rise to certified employee termination to the appropriate authorities, including, but not limited to, the State Department of Education and local law enforcement authorities as appropriate.

Prior to recommending termination of any employee, the Superintendent will review the issues involved with the Board's attorney.

No school personnel or board member, with the exception of the Superintendent will make any statement concerning the reason(s) that an individual has left employment with the system.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Full-time employees of the Board who are, or could be, on leave of absence from their duties as a result of a work-related illness or injury may be eligible for the Return-to-Work Program upon written certification of a medical care provider. The medical care provider must certify that the employee may return to work with restrictions on physical requirements of the job in question, and that those restrictions are expected to last at least three days.

A restriction identifies a physical condition which prevents an employee from performing the full scope of his/her job duties as outlined in their job description. A temporary restriction is defined as those limitations placed on an injured employee by a physician which are a relatively short duration and when the employee is expected to fully recover and to return to normal working conditions. A permanent restriction is defined as those limitations placed on an employee by a physician which are expected to last more than 90 days and from which recovery is not expected. Those employees who fall into the “permanent” category are not eligible for participation in the Return-to-Work Program but may elect to seek alternative employment, or file for a “reasonable accommodation” under the Americans with Disabilities Act.

When an employee is approved for participation in the Return-to-Work Program, the primary consideration will be a modification of the employee’s normal job duties. A critical consideration is to place the injured employee in a position to perform productive work that is useful to the Board and achievable within the restrictions placed on the employee by the medical advisor.

Each situation will stand on its own merit. Once the employee has obtained a medical certification of restrictions from the physician, the Superintendent will review the circumstances and determine if an employee qualifies for the program. If so, the employee shall be provided tasks which fall within the physical restrictions identified by the treating physician. In no case will an employee authorized to participate in the Return-to-Work Program be placed in an area that will pose a health or safety risk to the Board, other staff, or the injured employee.

Procedure

Employees injured at work will seek or, if necessary, be brought to the medical care provider for initial treatment. If, after treatment, the employee is unable to return to work within three days, the employee will provide the medical care provider with this/her Job Description detailing the duties the employee is expected to perform under normal conditions. The employee will provide to the Superintendent of Schools, within three days following the injury, a statement from the medical provider of any restriction of duties and an expected return to work date.

If the care provider indicates that the employee is not able to return to his/her regular duties but is physically able to perform a modified duty assignment, then the employee will be required to report for modified duty.

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4117.31

4217.31

Return to Work

Page 2

The employee and principal will review the physical restrictions documented by the medical care provider and determine what job duties the employee can perform, as well as establish a work

schedule and return to work date. Modified duty assignments will, to the extent practical, be related to the type of work normally performed by the employee.

Modified duty status may be continually monitored by CIRMA-care Nurse Case Managers. Employees will be assigned to the Return-to-Work Program until a physician provides a written release for the employee to return to work at his/her regular position. A maximum of 30 days in the Program will be permitted, but duration may be increased to 60 days if physical restrictions dictate and a satisfactory job performance has been demonstrated.

Employees do not waive any rights to Workers' Compensation benefits by participating in the Return-to-Work Program. Employees participating in the Return-to-Work Program will continue to be covered by the Workers' Compensation Act for all reasonable and necessary medical expenses and disability benefits related to the injury or illness.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4118.3

4218.3

Job Descriptions/Duties

All employees of the school system are subject to the policies of the Board, applicable laws, and current employee agreements.

The Superintendent will develop job descriptions setting forth personnel duties and responsibilities for school employees which will include at a minimum:

1. Job title;
2. General statement of duties and listing of specific responsibilities;
3. To whom the employee is directly responsible;
4. Education or training required;
5. Other related factors.

Job descriptions will determine the job classification of employees on salary schedules. In each instance employees will meet the requirements set forth in the job description. Job descriptions for all employees will be provided to employees by the Superintendent and copies maintained in a manual of job descriptions.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Electronic Mail

Electronic mail is an electronic message that is transmitted between two or more computers or electronic terminals, whether or not the message is converted to hard copy format after receipt and whether or not the message is viewed upon transmission or stored for later retrieval. Electronic mail includes all electronic messages that are transmitted through a local, regional, or global computer network.

All district electronic mail systems are owned by the district and are intended for the purpose of conducting official district business only. District electronic mail systems are not intended for personal use by employees of the district and employees should have no expectation of privacy when using the electronic mail systems.

Users of district E-mail systems are responsible for their appropriate use. All illegal and improper uses of the electronic mail system, including but not limited to pornography, obscenity, harassment, solicitation, gambling and violating copyright or intellectual property rights are prohibited. Use of the electronic mail system for which the district will incur an expense without expressed permission of an administrator is prohibited.

Electronic messages are not for private or confidential matters. Because there is no guarantee of privacy or confidentiality, other avenues of communication should be used for such matters. Except for directory information, student records will not be transmitted by electronic mail. Care should be taken when forwarding an electronic mail message. If the sender of an electronic mail message does not intend for the mail to be forwarded, the sender should clearly mark the message "Do Not Forward".

In order to keep district electronic mail systems secure, users may not leave the terminal "signed on" when unattended and may not leave their password available in an obvious place near the terminal or share their password with anyone except the electronic mail system administrator. The district reserves the right to bypass individual passwords at any time and to monitor the use of such systems by employees.

The district retains the right to review, store and disclose all information sent over the district electronic mail systems for any legally permissible reason, including but not limited to determining whether the information is a public record, whether it contains information discoverable in litigation and to access district information in the employee's absence.

Except as provided herein, district employees are prohibited from accessing another employee's electronic mail without the expressed consent of the employee. All district employees should be aware that electronic mail messages can be retrieved even if they have been deleted and that statements made in electronic mail communications can form the basis of various legal claims against the individual author or the district.

PERSONNEL – CERTIFIED AND NON-CERTIFIED

**4118.4
4218.4**

Electronic Mail

Page 2

Electronic mail sent or received by the Board, the district or the district's employees may be considered a public record subject to public disclosure or inspection. All Board and district electronic mail communications may be monitored.

District employees will be subject to disciplinary action for violation of this policy.

The Superintendent will ensure that all district employees have notice of this policy and that each district employee is given an acknowledge form to sign stating they have received and read the policy. The form will be maintained in the employee's personnel file. (See form under 4118.5/4218.5)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
The Freedom of Information Act.
PA 98-142 An Act Requiring Notice to Employees of Electronic Monitoring by employees

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

New technologies are changing the way that information may be accessed, communicated, and transferred. Those changes may also alter instruction and student learning. Botelle School offers staff members access to the electronic information highway and the Internet.

Along with access to computers and people all over the world comes the availability of materials that may not be considered appropriate in the workplace. However, on a global network it is impossible to control all materials. Ultimately, the staff is responsible for setting and conveying the standards that should be followed when using media and information sources.

Internet Use Rules and Responsibilities

Staff members are responsible for good behavior on computer networks just as they are in an office setting. Communications on the network are often of a public nature. General rules for behavior and communications apply. Internet access is provided for staff members to conduct research and communicate with others in relation to school work. Access to network services is given to staff members who agree to act in a considerate and responsible manner. Access is a privilege, not a right. Therefore, based upon the acceptable use outlined in this document, the system administrators will deem what is inappropriate use and their decisions are final. The system administrators may close an account at any time. The administration of Botelle School may deny, revoke, or suspend user accounts.

Individual users of the Internet are responsible for their use of the network. The use of their account must be in support of education and research and must be consistent with academic expectations of the Internet. Use of other organizations' networks or computing resources must comply with the rules appropriate for that network. Transmission of any material in violation of U.S. or state regulations including copyrighted, threatening, or obscene materials is prohibited. Use for commercial activities by for-profit organizations, product promotion, political lobbying, or illegal activities are strictly prohibited.

The user is expected to abide by the following network rules of etiquette:

Be polite. Do not write or send abusive messages.

Use appropriate language. Do not swear, use vulgarities, or any other inappropriate language.

Transmission of obscene materials is prohibited. Sending or receiving offensive messages or pictures from or to any source will result in immediate suspension of Internet privileges.

Do not reveal the personal address or phone number of yourself or others.

Electronic mail is not guaranteed to be private. The people who operate the system do have access to all mail. Inappropriate messages can result in suspension of privileges.

Do not use the system in such a way that it would disrupt the use of the network by others.

Vandalism - any malicious attempt to alter or destroy data of another user - will not be tolerated.

Any questionable action may result in the cancellation of user privileges.

Violation of any of the above mentioned rules and responsibilities will result in a loss of access and may result in other disciplinary or legal actions.

Each employee authorized to access the school unit's computers, networks and Internet services is required to sign an acknowledgment form stating that they have read this policy and the accompanying regulations. The acknowledgment form will be retained in the employee's personnel file.

Regulation:

The Superintendent or his/her designee shall be responsible for overseeing the implementation of this policy and the accompanying rules and for advising the Board of the need for any future amendments or revisions to the policy/regulations. The Superintendent or his/her designee may develop additional administrative procedures/rules governing the day-to-day management and operations of the school unit's computer system as long as they are consistent with the Board's policy/rules. The Superintendent may delegate specific responsibilities to building principals and others as he/she deems appropriate.

Staff Internet / E-Mail User Agreement Form

After reading the Internet Use and Electronic Mail Rules and Responsibilities, please complete this form to indicate that you agree with the terms and conditions outlined. Your signature is required before access may be granted. This document, which incorporates the Internet Use and Electronic Mail Procedure, reflects the entire agreement and understanding of all parties.

As an employee of the Botelle School and a user of the computer network, I have read and hereby agree to comply with the Internet Use and Electronic Mail Rules and Responsibilities.

SIGNATURE: _____ DATE: _____

FULL NAME (Please Print): _____

HOME ADDRESS: _____

HOME TELEPHONE: _____

COMPLETE AND RETURN TO THE SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE TO BE FILED IN YOUR PERSONNEL FILE.

Legal References: Connecticut General Statutes
The Freedom of Information Act
53A-182B Harassment in the first degree.
P.A. 98-142 An Act Requiring Notice to Employees of Electronic Monitoring by Employers.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4118.6

4218.6

Cellular Telephones/PDA's/Paging Devices/Beepers

Board employees shall not use personal cellular telephones (including camcorders and camera cell phones), Personal Digital Assistant (PDA), beepers, or pagers to conduct non-school related business while they are engaged in the provision of instruction to or supervision of students or a school sponsored activity. In addition they will not be used during school meetings, in services, parent-teacher conferences or any other time when there would be a reasonable expectation of privacy.

Personal use of privately owned cellular telephones, PDA, and pagers/beepers is restricted to lunch, breaks or other such times when the employee is not on duty.

Students and staff are encouraged to use any available cellular telephone/communication device in the event of an emergency that threatens the safety of students, staff or other individuals. A school bus driver is prohibited from operating a school bus while using a cellular telephone except: (1) during an emergency situation, (2) to call for assistance if there is a mechanical breakdown or other mechanical problem, and (3) when the school bus is parked.

Any employee violating these rules will be subject to disciplinary action.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Personnel -- Certified/Non-Certified**Nondiscrimination**

In compliance with regulations of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Civil Rights Act of 1987 and the American With Disabilities Act, the Norfolk Board of Education adopts the following Equal Employment Opportunity and Equal Education Opportunity Policies.

Equal Employment Opportunity

The Board of Education shall not exclude or otherwise deny equal jobs or job benefits to a qualified individual because of the known disability of an individual with whom the qualified individual is known to have a relationship or association. Further, the District shall make reasonable accommodations for the known physical or mental limitations of an otherwise qualified individual with a disability who is an applicant or employee, unless the accommodation would impose undue hardship on the operations of the District.

Equal Education Opportunity

Pursuant to the IDEA, Americans With Disabilities Act (ADA) and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, no otherwise qualified individual with handicaps shall, solely by reason of such handicap, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program of the Norfolk Board of Education.

Every student has the right to participate fully in classroom instruction and extracurricular activities and shall not be abridged or impaired because of age, sex, race, religion, national origin, pregnancy, parenthood, marriage, or for any reason not related to his/her individual capabilities.

The Civil Rights Coordinators for the Norfolk Board of Education have the responsibility to monitor the compliance of this policy. The names and location of the Civil Rights Coordinators are set forth below. Further compliance with policy is a responsibility of all district administrators in accordance with the procedures set forth in the attached regulations.

Civil Rights Coordinator: The Superintendent of Norfolk School District

Students shall not be discriminated against, including but not limited to, in the areas of:

- Admission
- Use of School Facilities
- Vocational Education
- Competitive Athletics

Personnel -- Certified/Non-Certified

Student Rules, Regulations and Benefits

Financial Assistance

School-sponsored Extracurricular Activities

Enrollment in Courses

Counseling and Guidance

Physical Education

Graduation Requirements

Treatment as a Married and/or Pregnant Student

Health Services

Most Other Aid, Benefits or Services

Employee/or applicants shall not be discriminated against, including but not limited to, the areas of:

Hiring and Promotion

Compensation

Job Assignments

Leaves of Absence

Fringe Benefits

Labor Organization

Contracts or Professional Agreements

Sexual harassment has been established as a form of sexual discrimination and is defined as follows:

"Any **unwelcome** sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, when (1) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of employment or participation in an educational function (2) submission or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment or educational decisions affecting the individual or (3) such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work or educational performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment."

Examples of specific behaviors (that are unwanted and sexual in nature) that could constitute sexual harassment include, but not be limited to:

Inappropriate Touching

Sexually explicit comments

Sexual name calling

Sexual rumors

Inappropriate public display

Overly personal a conversation

of affections

Corner/blocking

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4118.11

4218.11

Personnel -- Certified/Non-Certified

Page 3

Gestures

Leers

Sexually explicit jokes/cartoons/pictures

Attempted rape/rape

Pulling at clothes

Harassing telephone calls

If an employee believes that he or she has been discriminated against in regard to either of the preceding policies, a grievance may be filed charging that the employee's personal rights have been denied or violated.

Employees wishing to discuss these regulations or rights under this policy, the need for a reasonable accommodation, or wish to discuss or file a grievance, should contact the Superintendent of Norfolk School District, the District's Civil Rights Coordinators, or an administrator.

Forms are available in our Superintendent Office or from our Civil Rights Coordinators. Contact with the Civil Rights Coordinators should take place within forty (40) calendar days of the alleged occurrence.

Discrimination Grievance Procedure

The purpose of this procedure is to secure, at the lowest possible administrative level, equitable solutions to problems which may arise concerning claims of discrimination. Evidence of reprisal against a complainant or witness shall be viewed as a violation of this policy.

Any person who wishes to inquire or to register a complaint concerning alleged discrimination in the Norfolk Public School District shall have an opportunity to bring such concerns to the attention of the Civil Rights Officers or Superintendent, who has the authority to resolve such complaints. The following grievance procedure shall be utilized by any student, parent or employee in making a complaint or inquiry. Officials shall be governed by this procedure.

Level I: The complainant shall discuss the alleged discriminatory act or practice with the Civil Rights Officers or the individual closest to the daily decision-making level. This will normally be a Principal, teacher, counselor, Department Chairperson, Head Custodian, or Cafeteria Manager. If satisfaction cannot be achieved through informal discussion, the following procedure must be initiated.

Level II: The complainant shall, within forty (40) calendar days of the alleged incident, on forms provided, put the complaint in writing and file it with either of the Civil Rights Officers. Within five (5) working days a conference must be held. Within five (5) working days following the conference, the complaint must be resolved to the satisfaction of both parties or referred to the Superintendent of Schools. Within five (5) working days, the Civil Rights Officer shall notify the Superintendent and must notify the complainant of this notification. The Board will be apprised by the Superintendent of any grievance reaching Level II.

Level III: Within ten (10) working days after receipt of such complaint, the Superintendent must hold a hearing; and within five (5) working days of the hearing, resolve the complaint, negotiate a long-term solution or refer the matter to the Board of Education for consideration.

Level IV: The Board of Education, Superintendent and the Civil Rights Officers shall proceed in accordance with appropriate laws or regulations.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

10-153 Discrimination on account of marital status.

46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.

P.A. 11-55 An Act Concerning Discrimination

Federal Law

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act 1964

Section 504 and the Federal Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 20 U.S.C. 706(7)(b).

American Disability Act of 1989, as amended by the ADA Amendments Act of 2008

Chalk v. The United States District Court of Central California.

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972.

Civil Rights Act of 1987.

The Vietnam's Era Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1974, as amended, 38 U.S.C. §4212

Title II of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Nondiscrimination

Discrimination Grievance Procedure

The purpose of this procedure is to secure, at the lowest possible administrative level, equitable solutions to problems which may arise concerning claims of discrimination. Evidence of reprisal against a complainant or witness shall be viewed as a violation of this policy.

Any person who wishes to inquire or to register a complaint concerning alleged discrimination in the Public Schools shall have an opportunity to bring such concerns to the attention of the Civil Rights Officers or Superintendent, who has the authority to resolve such complaints. The following grievance procedure shall be utilized by any student, parent or employee in making a complaint or inquiry. Officials shall be governed by this procedure.

- Level I:** The complainant shall discuss the alleged discriminatory act or practice with the Civil Rights Officers or the individual closest to the daily decision-making level. This will normally be a principal, teacher, counselor, department chairperson, head custodian, or cafeteria manager. If satisfaction cannot be achieved through informal discussion, the following procedure must be initiated.
- Level II:** The complainant shall, within forty (40) calendar days of the alleged incident, on forms provided, put the complaint in writing and file it with either of the Civil Rights Officers. Within five (5) working days a conference must be held. Within five (5) working days following the conference, the complaint must be resolved to the satisfaction of both parties or referred to the Superintendent of Schools. Within five (5) working days, the Civil Rights Officer shall notify the Superintendent and must notify the complainant of this notification. The Board will be apprised by the Superintendent of any grievance reaching Level II.
- Level III:** Within ten (10) working days after receipt of such complaint, the Superintendent must hold a hearing; and within five (5) working days of the hearing, resolve the complaint, negotiate a long-term solution or refer the matter to the Board of Education for consideration.
- Level IV:** The Board of Education, Superintendent and the Civil Rights Officers shall proceed in accordance with appropriate laws or regulations.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2014

Discrimination Grievance Form

Any student, parent/guardian, employee or employment applicant who feels that he/she has been discriminated against on the basis of race, color, age, national origin, sex or handicap may discuss and/or file a grievance with either of the Civil Rights Coordinators of the Public Schools. Reporting should take place within 40 calendar days of the alleged discrimination.

Civil Rights Coordinators: _____

Name of Presenter/Complainant: _____

Circle One: Employee Employment Applicant Student Parent/Guardian

Home address: _____

Telephone _____ Date of Claim _____ Date of Incident _____

1. Statement of Incident/Issue (include all pertinent information: who, how, where, when, how often, feelings, witness).

2. Please attach any additional information/documentation as necessary.

Signature of Presenter: _____

Signature of Civil Rights Coordinator: _____

Date Received _____

Forms are available from Civil Rights Coordinators', Administrators' and Guidance Offices.

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED AND NON-CERTIFIED

4118.13

4218.13

Conflict of Interest

The Board of Education wishes to avoid any conflict of interest on the part of its employees regarding their personal interests and the interests of the school district in dealing with suppliers, contractors and all organizations or individuals doing or seeking to do business with the school district. For this reason, the Board of Education prohibits employees from directly or indirectly soliciting any gift; or accepting or receiving any gift having a value of twenty-five dollars (\$25) or more, whether in the form of money, services, loan, travel, entertainment, hospitality, thing or promise, or any other form, under circumstances in which it could be reasonably inferred that the gift was intended to influence the Board member or employee in the performance of his/her official duties or was intended as a reward for any official action on his/her part.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
7-479 Conflicts of interest.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disabilities

The Board of Education prohibits discrimination against any individual with a disability with regard to recruitment, advertisement and job application procedures; hiring, upgrading, promotion, awarding of tenure, demotion, transfer, layoff, termination, right of return from layoff, employee compensation, job assignments, job classifications, organizational structures, position descriptions, lines of progression and seniority lists, leaves of absence, sick leave or other leaves, fringe benefits or job training.

Federal law defines a person with a disability as one who (1) has a mental or physical impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities such as, but not limited to, caring for one's self; performing manual tasks walking, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, standing, sitting, reaching, lifting, bending, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, interacting with others, speaking, breathing, learning or working; (2) has a record of such an impairment; or (3) is regarded as having such an impairment. The Board will afford qualified disabled individuals reasonable accommodations. The Supreme Court of the United States has recognized that individuals with a communicable disease may be considered disabled.

The Board of Education recognizes a responsibility to avoid discrimination in policies and practices regarding its personnel, students, parents and members of the public who participate in school-sponsored programs. No discrimination against any person with a disability will be knowingly permitted in any of the programs and practices in the school system.

With regard to its employees, the Board specifically prohibits discrimination against any individual with a qualified disability with regard to recruitment, hiring, promotion or advancement, compensation, evaluation, training, or any other aspect of employment within the school system. The Board will afford qualified disabled individuals reasonable accommodations in accordance with state and federal law.

Disabled employees who can no longer perform essential job functions are encouraged to advise their supervisors or administrators of the nature of their disability and which functions cannot be performed. The Board will consider any reasonable suggestions of accommodation that would enable performance of those functions so long as the accommodation will not impose an undue hardship on the operation of the school system. The determination of whether an individual has a disability should not demand extensive analysis.

A person is not qualified to perform his/her duties if his/her medical condition or disability poses a threat to health or safety of individuals in the workplace.

Persons, including employees of the district, that feel they may have been discriminated against on the basis of a disability should contact the Director of Pupil Personnel Services.

Note: *The district needs to name a person who will coordinate the system's efforts to comply with the*

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED
Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disabilities

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Americans with Disabilities Act. It can be the same person named to coordinate the district's efforts to comply with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972.

Employees seeking accommodations for a disability in order to perform essential job functions are encouraged to contact their supervisors or administrators and/or the Director of Pupil Personnel Services.

(cf. 0521 - Nondiscrimination)

(cf. 4112.4/4212.4 - Health Examinations)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

10-209 Records not to be public.

19-581 AIDS testing and medical information.

46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.

Federal Law

Section 504 and the Federal Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 20 U.S.C. 706(7)(b).

American Disability Act of 1989, 42 U.S.C. 12101 et. seq., as amended by the ADA

Amendments Act of 2008

29 CFR, Part 1630, Regulations to Implement the Equal Employment Provisions of the

Americans with Disabilities Act, as amended, published in the Federal Register, Vo. 76, No. 58, 3/25/11

Chalk v. The United States District Court of Central California.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

In accordance with the requirements of Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Board of Education (Board) does not discriminate against qualified individuals with disabilities in the District's services, programs or activities.

In accordance with the requirements of Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Board does not discriminate on the basis of disability in its hiring or employment practices and complies with all regulations promulgated by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission under Title I of the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Definitions

Person with a Disability: An individual who (1) has a mental or physical impairment which substantially limits one or more major life activities such as, but not limited to, caring for one's self; performing manual tasks walking, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, standing, sitting, reaching, lifting, bending, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, interacting with others, speaking, breathing, learning or working; (2) has a record of such an impairment; or (3) is regarded as having such an impairment.

Mental or Physical Impairments: Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more body systems, such as neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory (including speech organs), cardiovascular, reproductive, digestive, genitourinary, immune, circulatory, hemic, lymphatic, skin and endocrine. They also cover any mental or psychological disorder, such as intellectual disability, organic brain syndrome, emotional or physical illness, and specific learning disabilities.

Major Life Activities: Major life activities include, but are not limited to, (1) caring for oneself, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, sitting, reaching, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communication, interacting with others, and working; (whether an activity is a "major life activity" is not determined by reference to whether it is of "central importance to daily life.") and (ii) the operation of a major bodily function, including functions of the immune system, special sense organs and skin; normal cell growth; and digestive, genitourinary, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, cardiovascular, endocrine, hemic, lymphatic, musculoskeletal, and reproductive functions. The operation of a major bodily function includes the operation of an individual organ within a body system.

Substantially Limits: This term shall be construed broadly in favor of expansive coverage to the maximum extent permitted by the ADA. It is not meant to be a demanding standard. Consistent with the Amendments to the ADA (ADAAA), "rules of construction" are to be used when determining if an individual is substantially limited in performing a major life activity.

Has a Record of Such an Impairment: In general, this term means if an individual has a history of, or has been misclassified as having a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits one or more

major life activities. This shall be construed broadly and not demand extensive analysis. An individual with a record of a substantially limiting impairment may be entitled, absent undue hardship to the district, to a reasonable accommodation if needed and related to the past disability.

Determination of Disability Requiring Accommodation

“Rules of construction” are to be used when determining if an individual is substantially limited in performing a major life activity. These rules include the following:

1. The impairment substantially limits the ability of an individual to perform a major life activity, as compared to most people in the general population. It need not prevent or severely or significantly limit a major life activity. Not every impairment will constitute a disability.
2. The term “substantially limits” should be construed broadly in favor of expansive coverage to the maximum extent permitted by the terms of the ADA.
3. The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity requires an individual assessment, but should not demand/require extensive analysis.
4. Although determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity as compared to most people will not usually require scientific, medical or statistical evidence, such evidence may be used if appropriate.
5. An individual need not be substantially limited or have a record of a substantial limitation, in one major life activity to be covered under the first or second prong of the definition of “disability.”
6. An impairment that is episodic or in remission meets the definition of “disability” if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active. (Impairments that may be episodic include epilepsy, hypertension, asthma, diabetes, major depression disorder, bipolar disorder, and schizophrenia. Cancer that is in remission but that may possibly return in a substantially limiting form is also considered a disability.)
7. Mitigating measures, including but not limited to, medications, medical equipment and devices, prosthetic limbs, low vision devices, hearing aids, mobility devices, oxygen therapy equipment, use of assistive technology, reasonable accommodations, learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications, psychotherapy, behavioral therapy, and physical therapy, shall not be used in the determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity. (Eyeglasses and contact lenses shall, however, be considered.) The determination of disability must focus on whether the individual would be substantially limited in performing a major life activity without the mitigating standard.

8. An impairment that substantially limits one major life activity need not substantially limit other major life activities to be considered a substantially limiting impairment.
9. Impairments that last fewer than six months do not apply to the definition of “disability.” The effects of an impairment lasting or expected to last fewer than six months can be substantially limiting.

Medical Examinations

The school Board may make pre-employment inquiries into the ability of an applicant to perform job-related functions. Medical examinations may be required after an offer of employment has been extended to an applicant and before commencement of employment duties. Any information obtained from such medical examinations will be collected and maintained on separate forms and in separate medical files and will be treated with confidentiality.

An employee, who is not qualified to perform their duties or whose medical condition or disability poses a direct threat to the health or safety of individuals in the workplace, once properly established by medical evidence and after proper due process procedures, may be relieved of their duties or reassigned. The Board of Education may lawfully refuse to assign a person having a communicable disease, which is transmittable through the handling of food, to such duty or position as specified in the Federal Register Food and Drug Administration Regulations of May, 1991.

Privacy

The confidentiality of medical records of applicants or employees shall be strictly observed in accordance with the state and federal laws. Medical records shall be maintained separately from an applicant or employee personnel file. Such information may be released in limited circumstances:

- A. Upon signed release by the individual;
- B. To inform supervisor or administrator about any restriction or accommodation to accomplish work or duties of the employee;
- C. Emergency medical treatment;
- D. In compliance with state or federal law.

Connecticut General Statutes Section 19a-581 through 585, “Aids Testing and Medical Information,” provides that no person shall request HIV-related testing or disclose HIV-related information without written or oral informed consent of such individual.

Alternative Accommodations

The Supreme Court has recognized that individuals with contagious diseases will be considered as having a disability. Disabled employees who can no longer perform essential job functions are encouraged to advise their administrators of the nature of their disability, indicating which functions cannot be performed and suggest accommodations that would enable them to perform those functions. Accommodations will be considered if such accommodation does impose an undue hardship on the operation of the school system.

An employee is not qualified to perform his/her duties, whose medical condition or disability poses a direct threat to health or safety of individuals in the workplace, if it has been properly established by medical evidence and the employee has been afforded proper procedural due process safeguards.

Grievance Procedure

- A. In the event an employee believes that there has been discrimination on the basis of his/her disability, he or she shall mail or deliver to the ADA Coordinator/Superintendent of Schools a written statement setting out the alleged violations in specific terms, describing the incident or activity involved, the individuals involved and the dates, times, and locations involved.
- B. If the individual who files the written statement so requests, the ADA Coordinator/Superintendent of Schools shall provide that person with an opportunity to discuss the matter personally.
- C. The ADA Coordinator/Superintendent shall investigate the complaint and render a decision in writing within thirty (30) days.
- D. If the complainant is not satisfied with the decision of the ADA Coordinator/Superintendent of Schools, the complainant may appeal to the Board of Education within ten (10) days of receipt of the decision of the Superintendent.
- E. Such an appeal shall be filed in writing with the Superintendent of Schools in his capacity as the executive agent of the Board of Education.
- F. The Board of Education shall cause the complaint to be investigated and, if it deems necessary, conduct a hearing to gather additional information.
- G. The Board of Education shall render a decision on any such appeal, in writing, within twenty (20) days of its being filed, or if a hearing should be held, within twenty (20) days of the conclusion of such hearing.

(cf. 0521 – Nondiscrimination)
(cf. 4112.4/4212.4 - Health Examinations)

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Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

19-581 through 585 AIDS testing and medical information.

10-209 Records not to be public.

46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.

Section 504 and the Federal Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 20 U.S.C. 706 (7)(b).

American Disability Act of 1989, as amended by the ADA Amendments Act of 2008.

29 CFR, Part 1630, Regulations to Implement the Equal Employment Provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act, as amended, published in the Federal Register, Vo. 76, No. 58, 3/25/11.

Chalk v. The United States District Court of Central California, 840F.2d701 (9th Cir. 1988).

Board Approved: November 13, 2013

Academic Freedom

Teachers shall be free to discuss controversial ideas and to select and employ materials and, methods of instruction. Such freedoms should be used judiciously and prudently.

However, academic freedom is not an absolute. It must be exercised within the law and the basic ethical responsibilities of the teaching profession. Those responsibilities include:

1. Understanding of our democratic tradition and its methods;
2. Concern for the welfare, growth, maturity and development of children;
3. Appropriate presentation of appropriate material for children's intellectual and emotional development;
4. Judgment in selecting and employing materials and methods of instruction.

(cf. 4112.1/4211.2 Provisions of Negotiated Agreements)

(cf. 1220 Citizens' Advisory Committees)

(cf. 1312 Public Complaints)

(cf. 5145.2 Freedom of Speech/Expression)

(cf. 6144 Controversial Issues)

(cf. 6161 Equipment/Books/Materials: Provision/Selection)

Legal Reference: Amendment to U.S. Constitution Article I
Connecticut Constitution, ARTICLE FIRST
Academic Freedom Policy (adopted by Connecticut State Board of Education,
9/9/81)

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Staff/Student Non-Fraternization**Page 1**

Staff members shall maintain professional relationships with students which are conducive to an effective educational environment. Staff members shall not have any interaction of a sexual nature with any student at any time regardless of the student's age, status or consent.

(cf. 4118.112/4218.112 – Sexual Harassment)

(cf. 4118.23/4218.23 – Conduct)

(cf. 5141.4 – Child Abuse/Neglect)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
10-53a-71 Sexual assault in the second degree: Class C or B felony.
10-151 Employment of teachers. Definitions. Notice and hearing on failure to renew or termination of contract. Appeal

Regulation:

Staff members are expected to use good judgment in their relationships with students both inside and outside of the school context including, but not limited to, the following guidelines:

1. Staff members shall not make derogatory comments to students regarding the school and/or staff.
2. The exchange of purchased gifts between staff members and students is discouraged.
3. Staff-sponsored parties, at which students are in attendance, unless they are a part of the school's extracurricular program and are properly supervised, are prohibited.
4. Staff members shall not fraternize, written or verbally, with students except on matters that pertain to school-related issues.
5. Staff members shall not associate with students at any time in any situation or activity which could be considered sexually suggestive or involve the presence or use of tobacco, alcohol or drugs.
6. Dating between staff members and students is prohibited.
7. Staff members shall not use insults or sarcasm against students as a method of forcing compliance with requirements or expectations.
8. Staff members shall maintain a reasonable standard of care for the supervision, control, and protection of students commensurate with their assigned duties and responsibilities.
9. Staff members shall not send students on personal errands.
10. Staff members shall, pursuant to law and Board policy, immediately report any suspected signs of child abuse or neglect.

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4218.24

Staff/Student Non-Fraternization

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11. Staff members shall not attempt to counsel, assess, diagnose or treat a student's personal problem relating to sexual behavior, substance abuse, mental or physical health and/or family relationships but instead, should refer the student to the appropriate individual or agency for assistance.
12. Staff members shall not disclose information concerning a student, other than directory information, to any person not authorized to receive such information. This includes, but is not limited to, information concerning assessments, ability scores, grades, behavior, mental or physical health and/or family background.
13. Sexual relations with students, regardless of age and/or consent, is prohibited and will result in dismissal.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Sexual Harassment

Policy Against Sexual Harassment

It is the policy of the Board that any form of sexual harassment is forbidden in the workplace, whether by supervisory or non-supervisory personnel, by students, by individuals under contract, or volunteers subject to the control of the Board.

Sexual harassment may be described as:

Any unwelcome sexual advance or request for sexual favors or any conduct of a sexual nature (1) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly, a term or condition of an individual's employment or education; (2) submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as a basis for employment or academic decisions affecting the individual; or (3) such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering with an individual's academic or work performance or creating an intimidating hostile or offensive employment or educational environment.

Sexual harassment may consist of, but is not limited to:

- continuing to express sexual interest after being informed the interest is unwelcomed.
- pressure to engage in sexual activity.
- display or use of sexually suggestive objects or pictures, jokes, touching or gestures.
- graphic or suggestive comments about an individual's dress or appearance.
- threats, demands or suggestions that retention of one's employment or education status is contingent upon toleration of or acquiescence in sexual advances.

Training

Each year, or more frequently if the Board deems it appropriate, employees will receive training regarding sexual harassment and related matters. Such training may include a review of this policy and regulation, discussion, films or other activities.

Administration Regulations

1. If an individual believes that he/she is being or has been harassed, that person should immediately inform the harasser that his/her behavior is unwelcomed.

Sexual Harassment

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2. When the individual feels that he or she has been the victim of sexual harassment, he or she should report the incident(s) to the school Principal. If the alleged harasser is the Principal, complaints will be sent to the Superintendent.
3. The individual who makes an oral complaint of harassment will be provided a copy of this regulation and advised of their right to make a written complaint (as outlined in Section 2209.1). However, depending on the nature of the complaint and the desires of the complainant, the school Principal to whom the complaint has been made may attempt to resolve the complaint informally. Any informal resolution of a complaint must be approved by the Superintendent. No person shall be forced to pursue informal avenues of resolution before filing a formal complaint of sexual harassment.
 - (3.1) For employees, contractors and volunteers a written complaint should be filed with fifteen (15) calendar days of the alleged harassment. The timeframe may be extended by up to fifteen (15) additional calendar days if efforts at informal resolutions have been made.
 - (3.2) For students, a written complaint should be filed within thirty (30) calendar days of the alleged harassment.
4. if possible, within five (5) working days of receipt of the complaint a thorough investigation will commence.
 - (4.1) Upon completion, the investigator's report will be distributed to the parties concerned.
 - (4.2) If the complainant is dissatisfied with the results of the investigation, a written appeal may be filed with the Superintendent. The Superintendent may also conduct an investigation and after completing this review respond in writing to the complainant.

The rights of the persons involved in the investigation shall be respected and every effort will be made to protect the confidentiality of both the alleged victim and the alleged harasser. To this end only persons with a need to know shall be made privy to the complaint.

If it is determined that sexual harassment has occurred, reasonable action will be taken up to and including termination, if an employee; or expulsion if a student. Conversely, if any person files a false complaint of sexual harassment, they will be subject to the preceding disciplinary actions.

Furthermore, any individual who retaliates against any person(s) who reports alleged sexual harassment or who retaliates against any person(s) who testifies, assists or participates in an investigation, will be subject to the preceding disciplinary actions.

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Sexual Harassment

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Legal Reference: Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title VII, 42 U.S.C.2000-e2(a).
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Policy Guidance (N-915.035) on
Current Issues of Sexual Harassment, effective 10/15/88.
Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 34 CFR Section 106.
Meritor Savings Bank. FSB v. Vinson, 477 U.S. 57 (1986)
29 CFR Para. 1604.11 (EEOC)
Faragher v. City of Boca Raton, No. 97-282 (U.S. Supreme Court, June 26, 1998
Burlington Industries, Inc. v. Ellerth, No. 97-569, (U.S. Supreme Court, June 26,
1998)
Gebbs v. Lago Vista Indiana School District, No. 99-1866, (U.S. Supreme Court,
June 26, 1998)
Connecticut General Statutes
46a-54 (15) Definitions. Posting requirement for employers having three or more
employees. Where to post. When to post. Posting and training requirements for
employers having fifty or more employees. Effect of prior training. Trainers
Recordkeeping.
46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.
Constitution of the State of Connecticut, Article I, Section 20.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

SEXUAL HARASSMENT FORMAL COMPLAINT FORM

Name and position of complainant: _____

Date of complaint: _____

Name of alleged sexual harasser: _____

Date and place of incident: _____

Description of misconduct: _____

Name of witnesses (if any): _____

Has the incident been reported before? _____

If yes, when? _____

To whom? _____

What was the resolution? _____

Reasons for dissatisfaction: _____

SEXUAL HARASSMENT COMPLAINT - APPEAL FORM

Name and position of complainant: _____

Date of appeal: _____

Date of original complaint: _____

Have there been any prior appeals? _____

If yes, when? _____

To whom? _____

Description of decision being appealed: _____

Why is the decision being appealed? _____

Smoking, Drinking, and Use of Drugs on School Premises**Page 1****Introduction**

The Board of Education is concerned with maintaining a safe and healthy working and learning environment for all staff and students. Medical research indicates that the use of alcohol, drugs and tobacco are hazardous to one's health. In addition to the health hazard to the individual, certified employees are entrusted with the responsibility of imparting knowledge and serving as role models to students.

Alcohol and Drugs

The Board of Education recognizes the importance of maintaining a drug-free environment for its staff and students. In compliance with federal and state requirements, employees are prohibited from the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession or use on or in the workplace any alcohol, narcotic drug, hallucinogenic drug, amphetamine, barbiturate, marijuana or any other controlled substance. Controlled drugs are further defined in Schedules I through V of Section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812) and as further defined by regulation at 21 C.F.R. 1300.11 through 1300.15.

The "workplace" is defined to mean the site for the performance of work done. That includes any school building or any school premises; any school-owned vehicle or any other school-approved vehicle used to transport students to and from school or school activities; off school property during any school-sponsored or school-approved activity, event or function, such as a field trip or athletic event, where students are under the jurisdiction of the school district.

Each employee shall notify his or her supervisor of his or her conviction for any criminal drug statute violation occurring in the workplace as defined above, no later than 5 days after such conviction.

Each employee shall abide by the terms of the school district policy respecting a drug-free and alcohol-free workplace.

An employee who violates the terms of this policy may be required to complete successfully an appropriate rehabilitation program, or may not be renewed, or his/her employment may be suspended or terminated, at the discretion of the Board.

Tobacco

There shall be no smoking or other use of tobacco products on school property during regular school hours, on transportation provided by the Board of Education, or during the

Smoking, Drinking, and Use of Drugs on School Premises**Page 2**

course of any trip sponsored by the Board or under the supervision of the Board or its authorized agents.

Promulgation of Rules

A copy of this policy, and the consequences of violating the policy, shall be distributed to all employees of the Board of Education. Failure to comply with the policy may result in disciplinary action as detailed by the administration.

REGULATIONS:

Employees violating the alcohol, drug and tobacco policy may be subject to disciplinary action as indicated below.

Alcohol and Drugs

In accordance with state and federal law, the Board of Education is required to provide written explanation of the consequences of violating the Board's policy which prohibits the unlawful manufacture, possession, use, dispensing, or distribution of illicit, controlled drugs and alcohol on school premises or as part of any of the school activities.

"Controlled drugs" are those drugs which contain any quantity of a substance which has been designated as subject to federal narcotic laws, or which has been designated as a depressant or stimulant drug pursuant to federal food and drug laws, or which has been designated by the public health council and Commissioner of Consumer Protection pursuant to Section 19-451 as having a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect upon the higher functions of the central nervous system and as having a tendency to promote abuse or psychological or physiological dependence - or both. Controlled drugs are classifiable as amphetamine-type, barbiturate-type, cannabis-type, cocaine-type, hallucinogenic, morphine-type, and other stimulant and depressant drugs. Specifically excluded from controlled drugs are alcohol, nicotine and caffeine.

The Superintendent, with necessary Board of Education assistance and support, will provide a drug-free workplace in accordance with state and federal regulations.

The district will establish a drug-free awareness program to inform employees about the dangers of drug and alcohol abuse in the workplace; the district's policy of maintaining drug-free workplace; any available drug and alcohol counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and penalties which may be imposed on employees for drug or alcohol abuse violations occurring in the workplace.

Employees Funded by Federal Grant

Any employee who is funded by a federal grant, in an amount greater than \$25,000, is required to be given a copy of this policy and regulation concerning a drug-free workplace.

All employees will be notified that, as a condition of employment under the grant, the employee must abide by the terms of the statement and will notify the district of any criminal drug statute conviction for a violation occurring in the workplace no later than five days after such conviction.

If an employee who worked on a federal grant is convicted, the federal agency will be notified within ten days after the employer receives notice from an employee of such conviction.

One of the following actions will be taken within 30 days of receiving notice with respect to any employee who is so convicted:

1. Take appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination;
2. Require such employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a federal, state or local health law enforcement, or other appropriate agency.

The school district shall make a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free and alcohol-free workplace through implementation of this regulation.

Disciplinary Action for Violation of Alcohol and Drug Policy

These procedures should be followed if an employee of the district is found to have violated the alcohol and drug policy.

1. **Employees observed selling, possessing, or transferring of controlled drugs and alcohol:**
 - A. Employees will be reported to the building principal immediately;
 - B. The Superintendent will become responsible for holding any suspicious materials and will issue a signed receipt for them;

- C. The police will be notified and the material turned over to them for analysis and disposition in exchange for a written receipt. Any further action will be left to the police. No employee shall act in a law enforcement capacity.
- 2. **Employees suspected to be under the influence of drugs or alcohol.**
 - A. Employees shall be taken to the nurse and shall be treated as a person who is ill. The Superintendent shall be notified by the principal. In case of emergency or if there is a clear and present danger to an employee's health, he/she will be transferred immediately to the hospital.
 - B. Consistent with local, state and federal law, employees found to be in possession of, using or distributing illicit drugs or alcohol on school premises may be subject to termination of employment and prosecution.
 - C. Information about drug and alcohol counseling and rehabilitation and re-entry programs will be made available to employees, and the completion of an appropriate rehabilitation program will be required as a condition of continued employment.
- 3. **Discovery of Controlled Drugs and Alcohol**
 - A. An employee finding such material will deliver it to the principal.
 - B. The principal will investigate the matter and notify the Superintendent of the incident.
 - C. If the material is found to be or is suspected of being a controlled drug, the building principal will turn over the material to the police for analysis in exchange for a written receipt.
- 4. The Superintendent will designate one staff member, who handles all disciplinary matters regarding personnel, to review, monitor and recommend to the Superintendent disciplinary action.

Sanctions for Violation of Smoking Policy

1. **First Offense.** Upon the first violation, an employee found to be smoking in the school building or on the school grounds during regular school hours will be warned orally that he/she is violating the school smoking ban policy and that further violation will lead to a written warning and further disciplinary action.
2. **Second Offense.** Employees who are found to violate the policy a second time will receive a written warning. A copy of this written warning will be placed in the employee's personnel file.
3. **Third Offense.** Upon the third violation, an employee will receive a second written warning. A copy of this written warning will be the employee's personnel file.
4. **Fourth Offense.** If the employee violates the smoking policy a fourth time, the employee will be referred to the Superintendent for further disciplinary action.

Legal Reference: Drug-Free Workplace Act. 102 Stat. 4305-4308.
Drug-Free Schools and Community Act, P.L. 99-570, as amended
by P.L. 101-226 (1991)
21 U.S.C. 812, Controlled Substances Act, I through V, 202.
21 C.F.R. 1300.11 through 1300.15 regulation.
54 Fed. Reg. 4946 (1989)
Connecticut General Statutes
1-21b Smoking prohibited in certain places.
19-443(6) Exception.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Personnel – Certified/Non-Certified

Alcohol, Drugs and Tobacco

Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace

The Board of Education (Board) is concerned with maintaining a safe and healthy working and learning environment for all staff and students. The Board recognizes the importance of maintaining an environment for its staff and students that is drug and alcohol free. Reasonable steps will be taken to create a safe workplace free from the effects of alcohol, second-hand smoke and drug abuse.

Employees must abide by the terms of this policy as a condition of employment. This policy is adopted in accordance with state law and the Drug Free Workplace Act.

Definitions

“Cannabis” means marijuana which includes all parts of a plant or species of the genus cannabis, whether growing or not, and including its seeds and resin; its compounds, manufactures, salts, derivatives, mixtures, and preparations; and cannabimon, cannabimol, cannabidiol (CBD), and similar compounds unless derived from hemp as defined in federal law. The definition of marijuana also include any product made using hemp, as defined in state law, with more than 0.3% total THC concentration on a dry-weight basis, manufactured cannabinoids, and certain synthetic cannabinoids.

“Cannabis product” is cannabis in the form of a cannabis concentrate or a product that contains cannabis, which may be combined with other ingredients, and is intended for use or consumption.

“Cannabis concentrate” is any form of concentration extracted from cannabis, such as extracts, oils, tinctures, shatter, and waxes.

“Medical marijuana product” is cannabis that (1) dispensary facilities and hybrid retailers exclusively sell to qualifying patients and caregivers and (2) the Department of Consumer Protection (DCP) designates on its website as reserved for sale to those individuals.

“Manufactured cannabinoid” means cannabinoids naturally occurring from a source other than marijuana that are similar in chemical structure or physiological effect to cannabinoids derived from marijuana, but that are derived by a chemical or biological process.

“Workplace” means the site for the performance of work done, which includes work done in connection with a federal grant. The workplace includes any District building or property; any District-owned vehicle or any other District-approved vehicle used to transport students to and from school or school activities; and off-District property during any school-sponsored or school approved activity, event or function, such as a field trip or athletic event, where students are under the jurisdiction/supervision of the District, which could also include work on a federal grant.

Personnel – Certified/Non-Certified
Alcohol, Drugs and Tobacco
Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace
Definitions (continued)

“School-sponsored activity” means any activity sponsored, recognized, or authorized by the Board and includes activities conducted on or off school property.

“Drug” is defined as:

1. **“Controlled substances”** which includes all forms of narcotics, depressants, stimulants, hallucinogens, steroids, and cannabis (including products made with or infused with these substances) whose sale, purchase, transfer, use, or possession is prohibited or restricted by state or federal law;
2. **“Synthetic cannabinoids”** which include drugs which are known or advertised as possibly affecting judgment, coordination, or any of the senses, including those which may cause drowsiness or dizziness; and
3. Illegal substances.

“Prescription drugs” means drugs which are used in the course of medical treatment and have been prescribed and authorized for use by a licensed medical practitioner/physician or dentist, other than marijuana (cannabis) and marijuana-related substances.

“Smoking” means the burning of a cigarette, cigar, pipe or other similar device that contains in whole or in part, cannabis or hemp, in addition to tobacco.

“Electronic nicotine delivery system” for purposes of this policy means an electronic device used in the delivery of nicotine or other substances to a person inhaling from the device, and includes, but is not limited to, an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe or electronic hookah and any related device and any cartridge or other component of such device, including, but not limited to, electronic cigarette liquid.

“Vapor product” means any product that employs a heating element, power source, electronic circuit or other electronic, chemical, or mechanical means to produce a vapor that may or may not include nicotine and is inhaled by the product’s user.

“Under the influence” means any noticeable use, any detectable level of drugs or alcohol in the employee’s blood or urine or any noticeable or perceptible impairment of the employee’s mental or physical faculties.

“Criminal drug statute” means any criminal statute involving the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, use, or possession of any controlled substance.

Personnel – Certified/Non-Certified
Alcohol, Drugs and Tobacco
Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace

I. Prohibited Behavior

To help maintain a drug-free school, community, and workplace, the following conduct is strictly prohibited of all District employees and volunteers. An employee who violates this policy may be required to successfully complete an appropriate rehabilitation program, may not be renewed or his/her employment may be suspended or terminated, at the discretion of the Board.

- A. Reporting to work or the workplace under the influence of alcohol, illegal and/or controlled substances including marijuana (cannabis) and anabolic steroids;
- B. Manufacturing, selling, delivering, soliciting, consuming, using, possessing, or transmitting alcohol in any amount or in any manner on District property or a District workplace at any time while students are under the supervision of the District, or when involved as an employee in a District activity on or off school district property;
- C. Unlawfully manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, possessing, or using a controlled substance in a District workplace;
- D. Using the workplace, District property or the staff member's position within the District to make or traffic alcohol, illegal and/or controlled substances, including marijuana (cannabis) and anabolic steroids;
- E. Using, possessing or transmitting illegal and/or controlled substances, including marijuana (cannabis) and anabolic steroids in a manner that is illegal or which impairs job performance or poses a hazard to the safety and welfare of the employee, the public, the students, or other employees; and
- F. Smoking or other use of tobacco products on school property during regular school hours, on transportation provided by the Board of Education, or during the course of any trip sponsored by the Board or under the supervision of the Board or its authorized agent.

II. Use of Prescription Drugs

- A. Employees are permitted to use prescription drugs on school property, or during the conduct of Board business, that have been prescribed by a licensed medical practitioner. Such drugs shall be used only as prescribed. In addition, employees shall not possess prescription drugs for the purpose of sale or distribution.
- B. However, the Board, in compliance with C.G.S. 21a-408a through 408q, prohibits the palliative use of marijuana on school property, at a school-sponsored event, or during the conduct of Board business. Employees are prohibited from being under the influence of intoxicating substances, including marijuana used for palliative purposes, during the work day.

Personnel – Certified/Non-Certified

Alcohol, Drugs and Tobacco

Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace (continued)

III. Smoking

- A. The Board prohibits smoking, including smoking using an electronic nicotine delivery system (e.g., e-cigarettes), and the use of tobacco products on school property or at any school-sponsored activity. This ban applies to any area of the workplace and outside within 25 feet of a doorway, operable window or air intake vent.
- B. The workplace smoking ban also applies to cannabis, hemp, and e-cigarette use, involving cannabis.
- C. Smoking, including cannabis, will be permitted in a situation in which a classroom is used during a smoking or e-cigarette demonstration that is part of a medical or scientific experiment or lesson.
- D. The District will not make accommodations for an employee or be required to allow an employee to perform his/her duties while under the influence of cannabis or allow the employee to possess, use or otherwise consume cannabis while performing his/her employment duties.

IV. Notification Requirements

- A. Any staff member who is taking prescribed or over-the-counter medications will be responsible for consulting the prescribing physician and/or pharmacist to ascertain whether the medication may interfere with the safe performance of his/her job. If the use of a medication could compromise the safety of the staff member, other staff members, students or the public, it is the staff member's responsibility to use appropriate personnel procedures (e.g., use leave, request change of duty, or notify his/her supervisor of potential side effects) to avoid unsafe workplace practices. If a staff member notifies his/her supervisor that the use of medication could compromise the safe performance of his/her job, the supervisor, in conjunction with his/her superior, will determine whether the staff member can remain at work and whether any work restrictions will be necessary.
- B. As a condition of employment, each employee will notify his or her supervisor of a conviction under any criminal drug statute. Such notification will be provided no later than five (5) days after such conviction. The District will inform the federal granting agency within ten (10) days of such conviction, regardless of the source of the information.

- C. District employees are directed to report any suspected violation of this policy to an administrator or directly to the Superintendent of Schools or his/her designee. The Superintendent or designee will investigate the allegation and meet with the alleged violator.

IV. Notification Requirements (continued)

- D. All employees will be notified of this policy on a yearly basis and instructed to recognize that compliance is mandated.
- E. This policy shall be made known to prospective employees prior to employment.

V. Disciplinary Action Upon Violation of Policy

- A. An employee who violates this policy may be subject to disciplinary action, consistent with applicable state and federal laws, up to and including termination. Enrollment and successful completion of an appropriate drug-or alcohol-abuse, employee-assistance rehabilitation program may be required at the discretion of the administration, at the employee's expense. Nothing in this policy will be construed to guarantee reinstatement of any employee who violates this policy, nor does the District incur any financial obligation for treatment or rehabilitation required as a condition of eligibility for reinstatement.
- B. Disciplinary action will include, at a minimum, a letter of reprimand and may include, but is not limited to suspension or termination from employment.
- C. The Board shall take disciplinary action with respect to an employee convicted of a drug offense in the workplace within thirty (30) days after receiving notice of the conviction.
- D. Should District employees be engaged in the performance of work under a federal contract or grant, or under a State contract or grant of \$5,000 or more, the Superintendent shall notify the appropriate State or Federal agency from which the District receives contract or grant monies of the employee's conviction within ten (10) days after receiving notice of the conviction.
- E. The District may notify law enforcement agencies regarding a staff member's violation of this policy at the District's discretion or take other actions as the District deems appropriate.

VI. Employee Assistance

In order to make employees aware of dangers of drug and alcohol abuse, and to provide an employee with the opportunity for rehabilitation in overcoming addiction to, dependence upon or other problem with alcohol or drugs, the District will:

- A. provide each employee with a copy of this District Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace policy;

Alcohol, Drugs and Tobacco

VII. Employee Assistance (continued)

- B. post notice of the Drug- and Alcohol-Free Workplace policy in a place where other information for employees is posted;
- C. make available materials from local, state, and national anti-drug and alcohol-abuse organizations;
- D. enlist the aid of community and state agencies with drug and alcohol informational and rehabilitation programs to provide information to District employees;
- E. provide information about benefits available under the Board's group medical plan for treatment;
- F. establish a drug-free awareness program to inform employees about:
 - the dangers of drug abuse in the workplace,
 - available drug and alcohol counseling, rehabilitation, re-entry, and any employee assistance programs, and
 - the penalties that the District may impose upon employees for violations of this policy.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
P.A. 21-1 (June Spec. Session) An Act Concerning Responsible and Equitable Regulation of Adult-Use Cannabis
Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. §812; 21 C.F.R. 1308.11-1308.15
Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 U.S.C. §701 et. seq.
Drug-Free Schools and Community Act, P.L. 99-570, as amended by P.L. 101-226
Safe and Drug-Free School and Communities Act of 1994, 20 U.S.C. §7101-71187 (as amended by Title IV – 21st Century Schools)
Drug-Free Workplace Act, 30 ILCS 580/1 et. seq.
Drug-Free Workplace Requirements for Federal Grant and Recipients 41 U.S.C. 8103

Board Adopted: October 4, 2022

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4118.233

4218.233

Possession of Firearms or Deadly Weapons on School Grounds

The Board is responsible for maintaining a safe environment for learning. The Board prohibits the possession of any firearm or deadly weapon, including a pistol or revolver, on school grounds or at a school sponsored activity. A violation of this prohibition constitutes a felony. Any employee who violates this policy will be subject to termination.

Legal References: Connecticut General Statutes
53a-217b
29-28
10-233d
Public Act 98-129

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Substitute Teachers

The Superintendent will recruit and appoint substitute teachers and develop and maintain a list of available substitutes. Appropriate reference checks will be made for substitute teaching applicants and only the best available substitutes will be approved. Substitutes will be subject to a fingerprint check paid for at their expense.

The Board will annually set a daily pay rate for substitute teachers and extended daily rate for substitutes employed in the same classroom or position for more than ten consecutive days.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
10-183v Reemployment of teachers
10-145a Certificates of qualification for teachers

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Student Teachers

The Superintendent will cooperate with teacher preparatory institutions in placement of student teachers within the school system. In accepting and placing student teachers, the Superintendent and Principal will consider local school needs including the best interests of students and the qualifications of available cooperating teachers.

The Superintendent will report assignment of student teachers to the Board.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
10-220a In-service training. Professional development. Cooperating and beginning teacher programs, regulations.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED

"Staff development" is viewed by the Board of Education (Board) as a continuous systematic effort to improve educational programs in this school district through (1) staff involvement in organized program planning, implementation and evaluation efforts, and (2) activities to upgrade the skills, knowledge and ability of educators to improve student learning.

Each certified employee, beginning July 1, 2013, shall annually participate in a program of professional development, of not fewer than eighteen hours in length, of which a preponderance is in a small group or individual group settings. The professional development program shall:

1. be a comprehensive, sustained and intensive approach to improving teacher and administrator effectiveness in increasing student knowledge achievement;
2. focus on refining and improving various effective teaching methods that are shared between and among educators;
3. foster collective responsibility for improved student performance, and
4. be comprised of professional learning that is aligned with state student academic achievement standards, conducted at the school among educators and facilitated by principals, coaches, mentors and distinguished educators or other appropriate teachers, occurs frequently on an individual basis or among groups of teachers and includes a repository or best practices for teaching methods developed by educators within each school.

Staff development experiences, made available by the Board directly, or through a RESC, with another Board of Education or through a provider approved by the Commissioner, shall be guided by activities designed to:

- improve the integration of reading instruction, literacy and numeracy enhancement and cultural awareness into instructional practice,
- include strategies to improve English language learner instruction into instructional practice,
- improve teacher and administrator practice based on general results and findings from teacher evaluations reported by the Superintendent or his/her designee,
- be comprehensive, sustained, and intensive enough to improve teacher and administrator effectiveness in raising student performance,
- be aligned with state student academic achievement standards,

- foster collective responsibility for improved student performance.

Teachers must constantly review curricular content, teaching methods and materials, educational philosophy and goals, social change and other topics related to education to enhance the capabilities of educators to improve student learning. The Board of Education recognizes that it shares with its certified staff responsibility for the upgrading and updating of teacher performance and attitudes. The Board of Education and teachers' organizations support the principle of continuing training of teachers and the improvement of instruction.

All employees shall be provided opportunities for the development of increased competence beyond that which they may attain through the performance of their assigned duties.

The Board, in order to determine its professional development program seeking the advice and assistance of teachers, shall establish a professional development committee, consisting of certified employees, including their union representatives, and other school personnel the Board deems appropriate. The duties of the committee shall include, but not be limited to, the development, evaluation and annual updating of a comprehensive local professional development plan, in fulfillment of the statutes, for certified employees of the District. Such plan shall (1) be directly related to the educational goals proposed by the Board pursuant to C.G.S. 10-220(b), and (2) on or after July 1, 2012, be developed in full consideration of the priorities and needs related to student outcomes as determined by the State Board of Education.

The members chosen by the Board to be on the Professional Development Committee shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.

Special effort shall be made to prepare teachers and other school personnel to meet the needs of students of diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Planning and implementation of such programs shall be done cooperatively by administration, teachers and parent advisory groups. Special effort shall also be given to administrators and/or supervisors in training pursuant to their obligations in the evaluation of the teacher.

Staff development activities should respond directly to the educational needs of the student body, including, (a) content areas such as language arts, including reading, writing, speaking, listening, viewing and enacting; math, social studies and science; (b) methodological areas such as motivation, teaching techniques, including the use of computers in the classroom and classroom management; and second language acquisition and (c) affective areas of interpersonal relations of students and faculty, student growth and development and staff communication, problem solving, and decision making. The in-service program shall fulfill all applicable statutory requirements, especially those delineated in CGS 10-220a.

The Board will allow any paraprofessional or noncertified employee of the District to participate, on a voluntary basis, in any in-service training program provided to certified staff on those topics mandated per C.G.S. 10-220a, subsection (a).

The District, as required, will participate in compliance audits of the professional development program, as required and conducted to the State Department of Education.

The Superintendent is to report annually to the Board of Education on the professional development program and its effect with recommendations for changes as needed.

Professional Development Pertaining to Teacher Evaluation and Support Program

The Board, prior to implementing the teacher evaluation and support program contained within P.A. 12-116, An Act Concerning Educational Reform, but not later than July 1, 2014, shall provide training for all evaluators and orientation to all certified District employees relating to the provisions of such teacher evaluation and support program. Such training shall provide instruction to evaluators in how to conduct proper performance evaluations prior to the use of the new evaluation and support program. Such orientation shall be completed by all certified personnel, below the rank of Superintendent, before the certified employee receives an evaluation under the teacher evaluation and support program.

(cf. 4115 - Evaluation)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

- 10-27 Exchange of professional personnel and students.
- 10-220a In-service training. (amended by PA 04-227, PA 08-160, June 19 Special Session, Public Act No. 09-1 and PA 10-91 and PA 12-116, An Act Concerning Educational Reform)
- 10-153b Selection of teachers' representatives
- 10-226f Coordinator of intergroup relations.
- 10-226g Intergroup relations training for teachers.
- 10-145b Teaching certificates (as amended by PA 01-173)
- 10-151(b) Employment of teachers. Definitions. Tenure, etc. (as amended by P.A. 12-116, An Act Concerning Educational Reform)

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Personnel — Certified**Continuing Education Units (CEUs)**

The Board of Education believes in the importance of teachers holding a professional certificate participating in continuing educational units (CEUs) as part of their professional and educational development on a regular basis. This belief is based upon the knowledge that student learning is directly affected by teacher competence and that teacher competence is enhanced by ongoing professional development and continuous learning. Teachers, like students, must be continual learners.

State law requires the successful completion of 9 CEUs every five years in order for a holder to maintain a professional educator certificate. A certified staff member providing documented completion of a national board certification assessment in the appropriate endorsement area during each 5 year period shall be exempt from this requirement. In order to achieve this goal, the Board will make available annually at no cost to its certified employees, not fewer than eighteen, 60-minute instructional contact hours of professional development activities for CEUs. Only CEUs awarded by providers approved by the State Department of Education may be used to fulfill the CEU requirements.

The specific professional development activities to be made available will be determined with the advice and assistance of the professional development council which will include a representative of the teachers' union. The time, location and substance of these professional development activities shall be approved by the Board.

All professional development for which CEUs are issued must focus on improved student learning. All learning experiences for which CEUs are awarded should enrich or improve the skills, knowledge and abilities of educators to improve student learning. Professional development, for which CEUs can be offered include workshop presentations, time spent in learning, problem solving, experimenting, interacting with colleagues, developing curriculum and writing professional journal articles. The focus for professional development activities in establishing a link between effective teaching and increased learning shall be *Connecticut's Common Core of Learning, Connecticut Framework: K-12 Curriculum Goals and Standards, Connecticut's Common Core of Teaching and Connecticut Guidelines for Teacher Evaluation and Professional Development*.

The Board of Education may award a CEU equivalent to any of its employees for the successful completion of professional development activities which are not necessarily offered by an approved CEU provider. Any combination of CEUs and CEU equivalents can be used toward the 18 CEU requirement. All 18 CEUs may be earned as CEU equivalents.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

10-145b Teaching certificates (as amended by PA 01-173)

10-220a In-service training

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4133

4233

Travel Reimbursement

At a mileage rate established annually as part of budget development, the Board will reimburse employees of the district for approved use of private vehicles in the course of performing job related responsibilities at the current IRS rate of reimbursement.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4135.1

4235.1

Agreement

All articles in negotiated agreements and/or contracts with teachers', administrators' and custodians' bargaining representatives will have the effect of the Board's policy. In cases of conflict between negotiated agreements and Board policies or administrative regulations, the agreements shall take precedence.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

PERSONNEL: CERTIFIED/NON-CERTIFIED

4135.4

4235.4

Staff Complaints and Concerns

Procedures to settle personnel differences shall provide for prompt and equitable resolution of disagreements at the lowest possible administrative levels and each employee shall be assured opportunity for an orderly presentation and review of complaints and concerns without fear of reprisal.

(cf. 4112.1/4212.1 Provisions of Negotiated Agreements)

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Organizations and Units

Teacher-Administrator-Board Relationships - Providing a high quality education for children is the paramount aim of the school system and good morale in the teaching staff is necessary for the best education of the children. Therefore, the Board encourages participation of staff members in activities of their professional organizations and encourages organizations to exercise their rights and responsibilities clearly established by law:

1. The Board, under law, has the final responsibility of establishing policies for the school system.
2. The Superintendent and staff have the responsibility for carrying out the policies established.
3. The certified teaching personnel have the ultimate responsibility for providing excellent education in the classroom.

Teachers and Teachers' Organization - Teachers have the right to join, or to refrain from joining, any organization for their professional or economic improvement and for the advancement of public education, but membership in any organization shall not be required as a condition of employment of a teacher in the school.

Employee Organizations - All employees are free to join or not to join employee organizations. Decisions affecting the individual employee are made without regard to membership or on membership in such organizations. Each employee is entitled to his/her individual legal or ethical rights and privileges.

Employees shall not be interfered with, intimidated, restrained, coerced or discriminated against, either by the school district or by employee organizations. They shall have the right to participate through representatives of their own choosing in the presentation of their views to the Board.

Bargaining Units - Unit clarification petitions concerning the appropriate composition of an existing bargaining unit shall be filed with the Commissioner of Education.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
10-153a Rights concerning professional organization and negotiations.
10-153b Selection of teachers' representatives.
10-153c Disputes as to elections.
10-153e Strikes prohibited. Interference with the exercise of employees' rights prohibited.
46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Exposure Control Plan: The OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens Standard (29CFR1910.1030) covers all employees who could be "reasonably anticipated" to face contact with bloodborne pathogens and other potentially infectious materials as the result of performing their job duties. In accordance with this standard, the Board has developed an Exposure Control Plan that contains the following information:

1. General Program Management
2. Exposure Determination
3. Compliance Methods
4. Work Area Restrictions
5. Personal protective Equipment
6. Hepatitis B. Vaccine Program
7. Post-Exposure Evaluation and Follow-up
8. Training

Availability of the Exposure Control Plan: A copy of the Exposure Control Plan is readily available for inspection by request during regular school hours in the school health office.

REGULATIONS:

Review and Update of the Plan: It is important to keep this Exposure Control Plan up to date. To ensure this, the plan will be reviewed and updated under the following circumstances:

1. Annually
2. Whenever new or modified tasks and procedures are implemented which affect opportunities for occupational exposure.
3. Whenever employees' jobs or responsibilities are modified or altered so that a new potential of occupational exposure may exist.
4. Whenever new or revised positions are established that may involve occupational exposure.

Exposure Determination: CFR 1910.1030, paragraph (b) defines "occupational exposure" to mean "reasonably anticipated skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral (i.e. intravenous subcutaneous) contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials that may result from the performance of an employee's duties. Other potentially infectious materials include the following: human body fluids (semen, vaginal secretions, cerebrospinal fluid, synovial fluid, pleural fluid, pericardial fluid, peritoneal fluid, saliva in dental procedures, any body fluids visibly contaminated with blood, and all body fluids in situations where it is difficult or impossible to differentiate between body fluids).

OSHA requires employers to perform an exposure determination concerning which employees may incur occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. The exposure determination is

Communicable and Infectious Diseases/Bloodborne Pathogens

made without regard to the use of personal protective equipment (i.e. employees are considered to be exposed even if they wear personal protective equipment). This exposure determination is required to list all job classifications in which employees may be expected to incur such occupational exposure, regardless of frequency. The following job classifications are in this category:

1. School Nurses
2. First Responders - First Aid Certified
3. Pre School Staff
4. Any staff member determined by medical advisor to be at risk due to unique circumstances

OSHA requires a listing of job classifications in which some employees may be anticipated to have occupational exposure. Since not all the employees in these categories would be expected to incur exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials, tasks or procedures that would cause these employees to have occupational exposure are also required to be listed in order to clearly understand which employees in these categories may be considered to have occupational exposure. The following job classifications are in this category:

1. Teachers and aides not specifically listed above
2. Principals
3. Tutors
4. Cafeteria workers
5. Custodians
6. Coaches

Compliance Methods: Universal precautions will be observed in order to prevent contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials. All blood or other potentially infectious materials will be considered infectious regardless of the perceived status of the source individual.

Engineering and work practice controls will be utilized to eliminate or minimize exposure to employees. Where occupational exposure remains after institution of these controls, personal protective equipment shall also be utilized. At these sites, the following engineering controls will be utilized:

1. Sharps container in school health offices
2. Bio hazard bags in school health offices
3. Gloves available to all staff
4. Double-bagging (custodians)
5. Eye protection, plastic apron as needed in Special Needs and Developmentally Delayed classrooms
6. Gloves, plastic bags, proper clean up solution in all sport first aid kits

It is the responsibility of the teacher and nurse in each site to monitor the storage and need for replacement of personal protective equipment.

Hand washing facilities are also available to the employees who incur exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. OSHA requires that these facilities be readily accessible after incurring exposure. Hand washing facilities are located in:

Some Classrooms	Health Office	Gym locker rooms	Custodial Closets
All Bathrooms	Some Staff Lounges	Some Administrative Offices	

Work Area Restrictions: In work areas where there is a reasonable likelihood of exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials, employees are not to eat, drink, apply cosmetics, or lip balm, smoke, or handle contact lenses. Food or beverages are not to be kept in refrigerators, freezers, shelves, cabinets, counter tops or bench tops where blood or other potentially infectious materials are present.

Mouth pipetting/suction of blood or other potentially infectious materials is prohibited.

After removal of personal protective gloves, employees shall wash hands and any other potentially contaminated skin area immediately or as soon as feasible with soap and water.

If employees incur exposure to their skin or mucous membranes, then those areas shall be washed or flushed with water as appropriate as soon as feasible following contact.

All procedures will be conducted in a manner which will minimize splashing, spraying, splattering, and generation of droplets of blood or other potentially infectious materials.

Equipment which has become contaminated with blood or other potentially infectious materials shall be examined prior to servicing or shipping and shall be decontaminated.

Personal Protective Equipment: All personal protective equipment used at the sites will be provided without cost to employees. Personal protective equipment will be chosen based on the anticipated exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials. The protective equipment will be considered appropriate only if it does not permit blood or other potentially infectious materials to pass through or reach the employees' clothing, skin, eyes, mouth, or other mucous membranes under normal conditions of use and for the duration of time which the protective equipment will be used.

All personal protective equipment will be cleaned, laundered, and disposed of by the employer at no cost to employees. All repairs and replacement will be made by the employer at no cost to employees.

All garments which are penetrated by blood shall be removed immediately or as soon as feasible. All personal protective equipment will be removed prior to leaving the work area. All personal protective equipment shall be disposable. After use such shall be rinsed with water or bleach/water solutions if contaminated, then disposed of in plastic bag lined container in classroom or health office. This will be

disposed of by the custodian wearing gloves.

Gloves shall be worn where it is reasonably anticipated that employees will have hand contact with blood, other potentially infectious materials, non-intact skin, and mucous membranes. Gloves will be used when contact with blood or body secretion occurs or is suspected.

Disposable gloves used at sites are not to be washed or decontaminated for re-use and are to be replaced as soon as practical when they become contaminated or as soon as feasible if they are torn, punctured, or when their ability to function as a barrier is compromised. Utility gloves may be decontaminated for re-use provided that the integrity of the glove is not compromised. Utility gloves will be discarded if they are cracked, peeling, torn, punctured, or exhibit other signs of deterioration or when their ability to function as a barrier is compromised.

Masks in combination with eye protection devices, such as goggles or glasses with solid side shield, or chin length face shields, are required to be worn whenever splashes, spray, splatter, or droplets of blood or other potentially infectious materials may be generated and eye, nose, or mouth contamination can reasonably be anticipated. No situations at sites should require such protection.

OSHA standard also requires appropriate protective clothing to be used under certain conditions. The clothing could be lab coats, gowns, aprons, clinic jackets, or similar outer garments. No situations should require that such protective clothing be utilized.

Any contaminated surfaces will be cleaned and decontaminated immediately.

Decontamination will be performed by utilizing a department issued/approved agent with a 1:10 solution of bleach in water. All disinfectants will be Tuberculocidal.

All contaminated work surfaces will be decontaminated after completion of procedures and immediately or as soon as feasible after any spill of blood or other potentially infectious materials, as well as the end of the work shift of the surface may have become contaminated since the last cleaning.

All bins, pails, cans and similar receptacles shall be inspected and decontaminated on a regularly scheduled basis by health office and custodial staff.

Any broken glassware which may be contaminated will not be picked up directly with the hands. The following procedures will be used:

Staff will stay at area to prevent further injury/contamination. Custodians will be called to sweep up glass fragments using gloves. Equipment will be immediately decontaminated.

All contaminated sharps shall be discarded as soon as feasible in sharps containers which are located in

each school health office.

Hepatitis B Vaccine Program: All employees who have been identified as having exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials will be offered the hepatitis B vaccine, at no cost to the employee. The vaccine will be offered within 10 working days of their initial assignment to work involving the potential for occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials unless the employee has previously had the vaccine or who wishes to submit to antibody testing which shows the employee to have sufficient immunity.

Employees who decline the Hepatitis B vaccine will sign a waiver. Employees who initially decline the vaccine but who later wish to have it may have the vaccine provided at no cost.

The school nurse will assist employees to get the vaccine. The school medical advisor will supervise the administration of the vaccine.

Post-Exposure Evaluation and Follow-up: Employees will immediately report a possible exposure incident to the school nurse where available or to the Principal and will make out an incident report. The nurse or administrator will contact the school medical advisor or the Connecticut Department of Health Services to determine if an incident has occurred.

When an incident is confirmed, the school medical advisor will arrange for a confidential medical evaluation and follow-up including:

1. Documentation of the route of exposure and the circumstances related to the incident.
2. Identification and documentation of the source individual if feasible unless school medical advisor can establish that identification is not feasible or prohibited by state law.
 - a. Source individual's blood will be tested as soon as feasible after consent is obtained, for HIV/HBV infectivity, unless source is a known carrier. If consent is not obtained, the school medical advisor shall establish that legally obtained consent cannot be obtained.
 - b. Results of the source individual's testing shall be made available to the exposed employee, and the employee shall be informed of applicable laws and regulations concerning disclosure of the identity and infectious state of the source individual.
 - c. Minor students/clients' parents/guardians must be contacted and advised of the incident and their options. They should be encouraged to contact their own primary health care provider prior to giving consent for testing or disclosure.

3. Blood Collection

- a. The exposed employee's blood shall be collected as soon as feasible by an accredited laboratory and tested after consent is obtained.
- b. If the employee consents to collection but does not give consent for HIV serological testing, the sample shall be preserved for at least 90 days by the laboratory. If within the 90 days the employee elects to have the baseline sample tested, such testing will be done as soon as feasible.
- c. Post exposure prophylaxis, when medically indicated, as recommended by the U.S. Public Health Service.
- d. Appropriate counseling concerning precautions to take place during the period after the exposure incident.
- e. Information for the employee on what potential illnesses to be alert for and to report any related experiences to appropriate personnel.

Information for Health Care Professionals: Employees will insure that the health care professional evaluating an employee after an exposure incident is provided the following information:

- A copy of the regulations.
- A description of the exposed employee's duties as they relate to the exposure incident.
- Documentation of the route(s) of exposure and circumstances under which exposure occurred.
- Results of the source individual's blood testing, if available.
- All medical records relevant to the appropriate treatment of the employee including vaccination status which is the district's responsibility to maintain.

Health Care Professional's Written Opinion: Employees will obtain a copy of the health care professional's written opinion when an employee goes for hepatitis B vaccination or following an exposure incident. If the latter occurs, the district will provide the employee with a copy of the evaluating health care professional's written opinion within 15 days of the completion of the evaluation. Written opinion will be limited to:

- Is hepatitis B vaccine indicated and has it been given to the employee?

- Has the employee been informed of the results of the evaluation?
- Has the employee been told about any medical condition resulting from exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials which require further evaluation or treatment?

All other findings or diagnosis shall remain confidential between the health care professional and employee and shall not be included in the written report.

Record Keeping:

The Superintendent will establish and maintain an accurate separate record for each employee with occupational exposure in accordance with 29CFR1920.20. This record will include:

- The name and social security number of the employee.
- Hepatitis B Vaccine Declination.
- A copy of the employee's hepatitis B vaccine status including the dates of all of the hepatitis B vaccinations and any medical records relative to the employee's ability to receive vaccination.
- A copy of all results of examinations, medical testing and follow-up procedures required by these guidelines.
- A copy of the information provided to the health care professional as required in these guidelines.

Confidentiality: Administrators and health personnel will ensure that the above medical records are:

- Kept confidential.
- Not disclosed or reported without the employee's expressed written consent to any person within or outside the workplace except as required by this standard or as may be required by law.
- Kept separate from the personnel record.
- Provided upon request for examination and copying to the subject employee, to anyone having written consent of the subject employee or to OSHA designees.

- Maintained for at least the duration of employment plus 30 years.

Training: All employees with occupational exposure must participate in a training program at the time of initial assignment to tasks where occupational exposure may take place; when changes such as modification of tasks or procedures are implemented or institution of new tasks or procedures affect the employee's occupational exposure, and updated annually thereafter. A record of each training session will be filed in the Superintendent's office.

Employees occupationally at risk will receive a training program which will include:

- The modes of transmission of AIDS and Hepatitis B viruses.
- Instructions on types of protective clothing and equipment generally appropriate for employees, as well as instructions on the basis for selecting the clothing and equipment.
- Instructions on the actions to take and persons to contact if exposure has occurred.
- Instructions on the requirements for work practices and protective equipment for each task they may perform.
- Instructions on where protective clothing and equipment is kept; how to use it; and how to remove, handle, decontaminate, and dispose of contaminated clothing or equipment.
- Instructions on the limitation of protective clothing and equipment.

Legal Reference: "Education for Children with Disabilities", 20 U.S.C. 1400, et seq.
Section 505 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C.706(7)(b)
"Americans with Disabilities Act"
The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, (FERPA), 20 U.S.C.
1232g. 45 C.F.R.99
Connecticut General Statutes
10-76(d)(15) Duties and powers of boards of education to provide special
education programs and services.

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An employee may use reasonable force as is necessary to protect himself/herself from attack, to protect another person or property, to quell a disturbance threatening physical injury to others, or to obtain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects upon the person or in the control of a student.

Employees shall immediately report cases of assault suffered by them in connection with their employment to their Principal or other immediate superior, and to local law enforcement agencies. Such notification shall be forwarded immediately to the Superintendent who shall comply with any reasonable request from the employee for information in the possession of the Superintendent relating to incident or the persons involved, and shall act as liaison between the employee, the police and the courts.

No school administrator shall interfere with the right of a teacher or other school employee to file a complaint with the local police authority in cases of threats of physical violence or actual physical violence against such teacher or employee.

As required by law, the Board of Education will file a report annually with the State Board of Education indicating the number of threats and physical assaults made by students upon teachers, administrators, and other school personnel and the number of physical assaults involving dangerous weapons made by students upon other students.

If criminal or civil proceedings are brought against an employee alleging that the employee committed an assault in connection with his/her employment, such employee may request the Board of Education to furnish legal counsel to defend the employee in any civil action or proceeding brought against the employee, within the limits set by law.

The Board of Education shall reimburse an employee for the cost of medical, surgical or hospital services (less the amount of any insurance reimbursement) incurred as the result of any injury sustained in the course of his/her employment.

Section 52-557b of the General Statutes grants immunity from liability for emergency medical assistance to a person in need of it when the assistance is given by a teacher or other school personnel on the school grounds, in a school building, or at a school function, provided that the teacher or other staff member has completed a course in first aid offered by the American Red Cross, the American Heart Association, the State Department of Health Services, or any municipal health department, as certified by that agency, has such immunity that extends to civil damages for any personal injuries which result from acts or omissions by the person giving the emergency care or first aid, which might constitute ordinary negligence. Such immunity does not apply to acts or omissions constituting gross, willful or wanton negligence.

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Employee Protection

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Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
10-233b Removal of pupils from class.
10-233c Suspension of pupils.
10-233g Boards to report school violence. Reports of principals to police authority.
10-235 Indemnification of teachers, Board and commission members and employees in damage suits; expenses of litigation.
10-236 Liability insurance.
10-236a Indemnification of educational personnel assaulted in the line of duty.
52-557b Immunity from liability for emergency medical assistance, first aid or medication by injection. School personnel not required to administer or render.
53a-18 Use of reasonable physical force or deadly physical force generally.
53a-19 Use of physical force in defense of person.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

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Leaves and Vacations

General Employed personnel of the school district may need to be absent for several reasons each of which are addressed in individual group contracts or policy statements referencing absences such as:

1. Those beyond their control, such as personal sickness or injury, military service or emergencies.
2. Those governed by compassion or conviction, such as family illness, bereavement, and other personal reasons.
3. Those stemming from occupational status such as attendance at meetings, conventions, inservice courses and seminars, and other patterns of additional study.

Military Leave **Military** leave shall be provided in accordance with state and federal law.

Jury Duty If an employee is called for jury duty, leave for jury duty will be granted in accordance with state law.

The Board recognizes that absences for such reasons are justifiable and will provide for employee absences as authorized by law and negotiated agreements with bargaining units.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
10-156 Sick Leave
10-156c Military Leave
10-156b Tenure and sick leave rights of teacher
10-156d Reemployment after military leave

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

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The Board will provide leave to eligible employees consistent with the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA) as amended and the Family Medical Leave Act as part of the National Defense Authorization Acts of 2008 and for Fiscal Year 2010 (which expanded certain leave to military families and veterans for specific circumstances) and 2013 Final Rules. Eligible employees (employment for at least one-year and at least 1,250 hours actually worked in the twelve month period immediately preceding the commencement of the leave) are entitled to up to 12 work weeks of unpaid family and medical leave in any 12-month period. The District will continue to pay the district's share of the employee's health benefits during the leave. In addition, the District will restore the employee to the same or an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay and other conditions of employment after the termination of the leave in accordance with Board policy and collective bargaining agreements.

Eligible employees are entitled to take unpaid leave for a covered family member's service in the Armed Forces, for any one or for a combination of the following reasons:

- A "qualifying exigency" as defined by Department of Labor regulations arising out of a covered family member's covered active duty or Federal call to covered active duty (including as a member of the National Guard or Reserves) in the Armed Forces including deployment to a foreign country or to international waters;
- To care for a covered family member who has incurred a serious injury or illness in the line of duty while on covered active duty in the Armed Forces (includes National Guard and Reserves) provided that such duty or illness may render the family member medically unfit to perform duties of the member's office, grade, rank or rating; and/or
- To care for a covered family member who is a veteran who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation or therapy for a service related illness or injury that was incurred or aggravated while on active duty and manifested itself before or after the member became a veteran, within five years after a veteran leaves service.
- To care for a parent of a military member called to active duty provided the military member is the spouse, parent or child of the employee.

When leave is due to a "qualifying exigency" of a service member, an eligible employee may take up to 12 work weeks of leave during any 12 month period. When such leave is to care for an injured or ill service member, an eligible employee may take up to 26 work weeks of leave during a single 12 month period to care for the service member. Leave to care for an injured or ill service member, when combined with other FMLA-qualifying leave, may not exceed 26 weeks in a single 12 month period.

Employees will not be deprived of any employment benefits accrued before taking FMLA leave.

The District will maintain health insurance benefits at the same basis as is provided to other similarly

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situated employees. Conversely, employees on FMLA leave are not entitled to accrue any seniority or benefits during the leave unless determined otherwise due to a collective bargaining agreement. When an employee returns from FMLA leave, benefits will be resumed in the same manner as provided prior to taking the leave, subject to any changes in benefit levels that may have occurred during the FMLA leave period and which affect the entire work force. Leave available for eligible employees under FMLA is not intended to supplement leave otherwise provided to such employees. The District may require the eligible employee substitute any accrued vacation or sick leave for any part of the twelve week period that may be taken for the serious health condition of a spouse, child or parent, or for the employee's own serious health condition.

In complying with the FMLA, the District will adhere to the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act as well as other applicable federal and state laws.

The Board, in compliance with state statute, shall provide to its employees who are a party to a civil union with the same family and medical leave benefits under the federal Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) as are provided to employees who are party to a marriage. In addition, the Board shall allow its employees leave time under this policy to serve as organ or bone marrow donors.

The District, in compliance with FMLA's regulations, will post and keep posted on its premises, in conspicuous places where employees are employed, a notice explaining the provisions of the FMLA and providing information concerning the procedures for filing complaints of violations of the Act. Electronic posting may be utilized.

(cf. 4118.14 - Disabilities)

(cf. 4151.2 - Family Illness)

(cf. 4152.3 - Maternity; Adoptive; Child Care)

Legal Reference: P.L. 103-3 and 29 CFR Part 825 - The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended by H.R. 4986, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008, Section 585. 29 U.S.C. §2601 et seq. and the National Defense Authorization act for Fiscal Year 2010, Public Law 111-84, section 565, Title V

Final Rule - published in Federal Register, Vol. 60, Nov. 4, Friday, January 6, 1995, as amended on February 3, 1995, March 30, 1995, and on November 17, 2008. Rules and Regulations (29 CFR Part 825).

Final Rule - published in Federal Register, Vol. 78, Wed. February 6, 2013

Connecticut General Statutes

46b-3800 Applicability of statutes to civil unions and parties to a civil union.

PA 07-245 An Act Concerning Family and Medical Leave for Municipal Employees.

PA 07-245 An Act Concerning Family and Medical Leave for Municipal Employees

Policy Adopted: November 13, 2013

The following administrative regulations apply only to the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA).

Eligibility

An employee who has worked for the District for at least 12 months is eligible for 12 work weeks of FMLA leave during a 12-month period provided the employee worked at least 1,250 hours in the 12 months preceding the beginning of the leave. The 12 months of employment need not be consecutive months. Hours worked includes all hours, including overtime, an employee works but does not include paid leave time such as vacations, sick or personal leave, holidays etc. Full time professional instructional employees who are exempt from the wage and hour law may be presumed to have worked the minimum hour requirement. Pursuant to USERRA, an employee returning from fulfilling his/her National Guard or Reserve military obligation shall be credited with the hours of service that would have been performed but for the period of military service in determining whether he/she worked the 1,250 hours of service in the District. (§825.110)

For purposes of FMLA leave a 12-month period is the district's fiscal year, July 1 through June 30. (Note: the district has the option of designating another 12-month period based on calendar year or other criteria set out in the act. The other options include calendar year; the 12-month period measured forward from the date of an employee's first FMLA leave date; 12 month period measured backward from the date the employee takes any FMLA leave.) The 12 months of employment need not be consecutive months.

Serious Health Condition

A "serious health condition" that would entitle an employee to FMLA leave is one involving continuing treatment by a health care provider that results in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days and involves either treatment two or more times by a health care provider or treatment by a health care provider on at least one occasion followed by a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care provider.

Over the counter medication, bed rest, taking of fluids, exercise and other activities that can be initiated without a visit to a health care provider do not constitute continuing treatment.

Chronic conditions such as asthma and diabetes are considered a serious health condition even if individual episodes of incapacity do not last more than three days. Furthermore, conditions need not be chronic or long term when the condition is one which is not ordinarily incapacitating but for which multiple treatments are given because the condition would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three calendar days in the absence of medical intervention. Regarding long-term chronic conditions, the condition need not be incurable. The condition may involve a permanent or long-term incapacity and be one for which treatment may not be effective. (29 C.F.R. 825.114.)

Health Care Provider

The definition of "health care provider" includes any health care provider recognized by the employer or accepted by the group health plan of the employer. It also includes clinical social workers. (29 C.F.R. 825.118.)

Types of Leave

An eligible employee may take FMLA leave for: (§825.200)

- the birth and first-year care of a child; (§825.120)
- the adoption or foster placement of a child; (§825.121)
- the serious illness of an employee's spouse, parent or child; (§825.113, §825.122)
- the employee's own serious health condition that keeps the employee from performing the essential functions of his/her job; (§825.113, §825.123)
- to care for an eligible member* of the Armed Forces who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, or is otherwise on the temporary disability list for a serious injury or illness; (§825.122, §825.123);
- a qualifying exigency (such as making legal, financial, and child care arrangements and taking care of family obligations), as defined by Department of Labor regulations of a spouse, child, or parent of the employee who is on covered active duty in the Armed Forces or has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty status in the Armed Forces including deployment to a foreign country or to international waters; and
- a veteran suffering a service related illness or injury that was incurred or aggravated while on active duty (or existed before the beginning of the service member's active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty on active service) within five years after a veteran leaves service.

*spouse, son, daughter, parent or next of kin

An employee may elect, or the District may require, an employee to use accrued paid vacation, personal or family leave for purposes of a family leave. An employee may elect, or the District may require, an employee to use accrued vacation, personal or medical/sick leave for purposes of a medical leave. An employee cannot compel the District to permit the employee to use accrued medical/sick leave in any

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situation which the leave could not normally be used.

All FMLA absences for the same qualifying reason are considered a single leave and the employee maintains eligibility as to that reason for leave throughout the applicable 12-month period.

An eligible employee for FMLA leave must receive at the time of their eligibility notice a written notice of "Rights and Responsibilities" detailing their specific expectations and obligations and explaining the consequences of their failure to meet these obligations. This notice shall include any requirement to provide medical certification, the right to substitute paid leave, payment for benefits and job restoration rights upon expiration of the leave.

Spouses Employed by the School District

If a husband and wife eligible for leave are employed by this school district, their combined amount of leave for birth, adoption, foster care placement and parental illness may be limited to 12 weeks. An employee may not take FMLA leave to care for a parent-in-law.

Unforeseeable, Continuous, Intermittent and Reduced Leave

Unforeseeable leave involves situations such as emergency medical treatment or premature birth. Continuous leave is taken for a set number of days or weeks.

Intermittent leave is leave taken in separate blocks of time due to a single illness or injury rather than one continuous period of time.

Reduced leave is a leave schedule that reduces employee's usual number of hours per work week, or hours per work day.

Intermittent or reduced leave is available only for the employee's own serious health condition or to care for a seriously ill spouse, child or parent. Such leave may not be used for the birth or adoption/placement of a child or to care for a newborn or recently adopted child. In the case of foreseeable intermittent or reduced leave, the employee must schedule the leave to minimize disruption to the district's operation.

The employee who wishes to use intermittent or reduced leave shall, whenever possible, give prior notification to the District. Although the District and employee may agree to an intermittent or reduced leave plan, the employee who uses family leave is not automatically entitled to use such leave on an intermittent basis or on a reduced leave schedule. The district may provide such leave for medical leave but the district may transfer the employee to a position which is equivalent, but more suitable for intermittent periods of leave provided said leave amounts to more than twenty (20) percent of the total number of working days in the period during which the leave would extend. The employee must furnish the District with the expected dates of the planned medical treatment and the duration of the treatment.

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The Superintendent must authorize such leave in writing.

Employee Entitlement to Service Member FMLA

The federal FMLA entitles eligible employees to take leave for a covered family (spouse, son, daughter, parent) member's service in the Armed Forces. Except as listed in this section, an employee's rights and obligations to service member FMLA leave are governed by existing FMLA policy and regulations.

Service member FMLA provides eligible employees unpaid leave for a covered family member's service in the Armed Forces, for any one or for a combination of the following reasons:

- A "qualifying exigency" arising out of a covered family member's active duty or call to covered active duty in the Armed Forces including deployment to a foreign country or to international waters may include issues arising from short notice deployment, attending certain military events, arranging for alternate childcare, attending school activities, addressing certain financial and legal arrangements, attending certain counseling sessions, engaging in rest and recuperation, parental care and attending post-deployment reintegration briefings as well as participating in additional activities arising out of the active duty or call to active duty. In order to secure leave for a qualifying exigency, employees must submit a completed DOL Form WH-384 along with a copy of the military member's active duty orders or other documentation issued by the military which indicates that the military member is on covered active duty or call to covered active duty status, and the dates of the military member's covered active duty service. DOL Form WH 384 must be completed and returned within 15 calendar days of the date the District distributes the Form to the employee;
- To care for a covered family member who has incurred a serious injury or illness in the line of duty while on covered active duty in the Armed Forces including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, provided that such duty or illness may render the family member medically unfit to perform duties of the member's office, grade, rank or rating; and/or
- To care for a veteran suffering a service related illness or injury, as long as the veteran was a member of the Armed Forces, National Guard, or Reserves within five years of requiring care.

When leave is due to a "qualifying exigency" of a service member, an eligible employee may take up to 12 work weeks of leave during any 12 month period. Eligible employees can take more than one period of leave if the leave is to care for different covered service members or to care for the same service member with a subsequent serious injury or illness, except that no more than 26 work weeks of leave may be taken within any single 12-month period.

Leave that qualifies both as leave to care for a covered service member and leave taken to care for a

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family member with a serious health condition during the "single 12-month period" cannot be designated and counted as both leave to care for a covered service member and leave to care for a family member with a serious health condition.

Employees are not obligated to provide notice to the District when they first become aware of a covered family member's active duty or call to active duty status. An employee's obligation to provide notice of leave due to a qualifying exigency is triggered when the employee first seeks to take such leave. Where this leave is foreseeable, eligible employees must provide notice to the District that is "reasonable and practicable."

In compliance with the final FMLA rule, §825.310, separate certification requirements shall be utilized for military caregiver leave. The District shall use the DOL WH-385 (Revised February 2013) form in obtaining medical certifications of Military Caregiver Leave.

When such leave is to care for an injured or ill service member, an eligible employee may take up to 26 work weeks of leave during a single 12-month period to care for the covered service member (either currently serving service member or covered veteran). Leave to care for an injured or ill service member, when combined with other FMLA-qualifying leave, may not exceed 26 weeks in a single 12-month period. In order to care for a covered service member, an eligible employee must be the spouse, son, daughter, or parent or next of kin of a covered service member.

Service member FMLA runs concurrent with any other leave entitlements provided under federal, state or local law.

In order to secure this extended leave, employees must submit a completed DOL Form WH-385 (current service member) or WH-385 (veteran). This Form must be completed and returned within 15 days of the date the district distributes the Form to the employee.

Definitions

Covered Service Member: A member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness; or a covered veteran who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury or illness and who was a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, at any time during the period five (5) years preceding the date on which the veteran undergoes that medical treatment, recuperation or therapy, and was discharged or released under conditions other than dishonorable at any time during the five year period prior to the first date the eligible employee takes FMLA leave to care for the covered veteran.

Covered Active Duty: In the case of a member of a regular component of the Armed Forces, duty during deployment of the member of the Armed Forces to a foreign country; and in the case of a reserve

component of the Armed Forces to a foreign country under a call or order to active duty under a provision of law referred to in 10 U.S.C. §101(a)(13)(B)

Next of Kin: The nearest blood relative of an individual. (In this order: brother, sister, grandparents, aunts, uncles, first cousins) Excluded are the covered service members' spouse, parent, son or daughter, as they already are entitled to leave for this purpose. A covered service member may designate, in writing, another blood relative as his or her nearest blood relative for purposes of military caregiver FMLA leave. When no such designation is made, and there are multiple family members with the same level of relationship to the covered service member, all such family members shall be considered the covered service member's next of kin and may take FMLA leave to care for the covered service member either consecutively or simultaneously. When a designation has been made, the designated individual shall be deemed to be the covered service member's only next of kin.

Outpatient Status: With respect to a covered service member, this means the status of a member of the Armed Forces assigned to:

- (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or
- (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.

Qualifying Exigency: The U.S. Department of Labor's definition of this term includes the following eight (8) situations: (1) short-notice deployment, (2) military events and related activities, (3) childcare and school activities, (4) financial and legal arrangements, (5) counseling, (6) rest and recuperation, (7) post deployment activities, and (8) additional activities to address other events which arise out of the covered military member's active duty or call to active duty status, provided the employer and employee agree that such leave shall qualify as an exigency and agree to both the timing and duration of such leave. (See form WH-384)

Single 12-Month Period: The U. S. Department of Labor has determined that for purposes of military caretaker leave is a period that commences on the date an employee first takes leave to care for a covered service member with a serious injury or illness.

Serious Injury or Illness: In the case of a current member of the Armed Services, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, means an injury or illness incurred by the member in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces or existed before the beginning of the member's active duty and was aggravated by service in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces and that may render the member medically unfit to perform the duties of the member's office, grade, rank or rating.

In the case of a covered veteran who was a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the

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National Guard or Reserves, at any time during a period of five (5) years preceding the date on which the veteran undergoes medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, means a qualifying (as defined by the Secretary of Labor) injury or illness that was incurred by the member in line of duty on active duty on the Armed Forces or existed before the member's active duty and was aggravated by service in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces and that manifested itself or after the member became a veteran, and is

- (i) a continuation of a serious injury or illness that was incurred or aggravated when the covered veteran was a member of the Armed Forces and rendered the service member unable to perform the duties of the service member's office, grade, rank, or rating; or
- (ii) a physical or mental condition for which the covered veteran has received a U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Service-Related Disability Rating (VASRD) of 50 percent or greater, and such VASRD rating is based, in whole or in part, on the condition precipitating the need for military caregiver leave; or
- (iii) a physical or mental condition that substantially impairs the covered veteran's ability to secure or follow a substantially gainful occupation by reason of a disability or disabilities related to military service, or would do so absent treatment; or
- (iv) an injury, including a psychological injury, on the basis of which the covered veteran has been enrolled in the Department of Veterans Affairs Program of Comprehensive Assistance for Family Caregivers.

In order to secure this extended leave, employees must submit a completed DOL Form WH-385 (current service member) or WH-385V (veteran). This Form must be completed and returned within 15 calendar days of the date the District distributes the Form to the employee.

Leave to Care for a Covered Service Member

If the necessity for leave is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the employee shall:

1. make a reasonable effort to schedule the treatment so as not to disrupt unduly the operations of the District; and
2. provide the District with at least 30 days' notice, before the date the leave is to begin, of the employee's intention to take leave. If the date of the treatment requires leave to begin in less than 30 days, the employee shall provide such notice as is practicable.

The Board of Education may require that a request for leave to care for a covered service member be supported by a certification issued by the health care provider of the person in need of care. The employee shall provide, in a timely manner, a copy of such certification to the district.

Certification will be sufficient if it states:

1. the date on which the serious health condition or serious injury or illness commenced;
2. the probable duration of the condition; and
3. the appropriate medical facts within the knowledge of the health care provider regarding the condition.

If leave is to be taken on an intermittent or reduced leave schedule for planned medical treatment, the certification must contain the dates on which such treatment is expected to be given and the duration of such treatment.

Leave Related to Active Duty or a Call to Active Duty

If the necessity for leave because of a qualifying exigency arising from the fact that a family member is on covered active duty or has been notified of an impending call to active duty is foreseeable, the employee shall give such notice to the District as is reasonable and practicable.

The Board may require that a request for leave because of a qualified exigency arising from the fact that the employee's spouse, son, daughter, or parent or covered service member is on covered active duty or has been notified of an impending call to active duty be supported by a certification issued in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor. If the Secretary issues a regulation requiring such certification, the employee shall provide, in a timely manner, a copy of such certification to the school district.

Benefits

The District will maintain the employee's health coverage under the District's group health insurance plan during the period of FMLA leave. The employee should make arrangements with the District to pay the employee's share of health insurance (e.g. family coverage) prior to the beginning of the FMLA leave.

The employee will not lose any other employment benefit accrued prior to the date on which leave began but is not entitled to accrue seniority or employment benefits during the leave period. Employment benefits could include group life insurance, sick leave, annual leave, educational benefits and pensions.

Notice

When the FMLA leave is foreseeable, the employee must notify the District in writing of his/her request for leave at least 30 days prior to the date when the leave is to begin. The employee must explain the

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reasons for the needed leave so as to allow the District to determine whether the leave qualifies under FMLA. Failure to give notice may result in the leave beginning thirty days after notice was received. If the leave is not foreseeable, the employee must give notice as early as is practical under the facts and circumstances of the particular case, but no later than one to two work days after learning that leave will be necessary. A spouse or family member or other responsible party may give the notice if the employee is unable to personally give notice. When the employee requests medical leave, the employee must make reasonable attempts to schedule treatment so as not to disrupt the District's operations.

The District, as required, will post and keep posted on its premises, a notice explaining the provisions of FMLA and with information concerning the procedures for filing complaints of violations of the Act. Electronic posting is sufficient to meet this posting requirement. The notice must be posted even if the District has no FMLA-eligible employees. The FMLA notice, in the absence of an employee handbook, shall be given to each employee when hired.

The District, when a request for FMLA leave is received, will provide the employee the following information, listing the employee's obligations and requirements:

1. A statement clarifying whether the leave qualifies as family and medical leave and will, therefore, be credited to the employee's annual 12-week entitlement.
2. A reminder that employees requesting family and medical leave for a serious health condition or for that of an immediate family member must furnish medical certification of the serious health condition and the consequences for failing to do so.
3. An explanation of the employee's right to substitute paid leave for family and medical leave including a description of when the school district requires substitution of paid leave and the conditions related to the substitution.
4. A statement notifying employees for paying any premium or other payments to maintain health or other benefits.

(This notice may be accompanied by the FMLA medical certification form if the District requests its employees to complete such form. The notice of rights and responsibilities may be distributed electronically.)

The District must notify the employee, in writing, of his/her eligibility to take FMLA leave within five (5) business days of receiving said request, with medical certification(s) and any other required information, absent extenuating circumstances. The District may provide the "Eligibility" and "Designation" notices at the same time if there is sufficient information to do so.

In situations where the District has failed to provide timely notice and the delay does not cause the employee harm or injury, retroactive notice may be provided. In all cases where leave would qualify for

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FMLA leave protection, the District and the employee can mutually agree that the leave be retroactively designated as FMLA leave.

District failure to provide required notice can be considered "interference" with an employee's FMLA rights.

The District may deny the leave if the employee does not meet the notice requirements.

Certification

The District shall require the employee to provide certification of the employee's serious health condition from a health care provider containing specific information required under the law if he/she requests a medical leave. If there is a question concerning the validity of such certification a second, and, if necessary, a third opinion can be required both at the expense of the District. The health care provider designated or approved by the District may not be employed by the school system on a regular basis. In the case of a third opinion, the opinion of the third health provider will be binding on both the school district and the employee. The District shall also require the employee to present medical certification of the family member's serious health condition and that it is medically necessary for the employee to take leave to care for the family member.

If the leave was for reasons related to the employee's serious health condition, upon the employee's return to work, the District will require that the employee present a fitness statement from the employee's health care provider certifying that the employee is able to return to work.

The required certifications must be obtained from the health care provider who is treating the individual with the serious health condition.

Medical certification must be provided fifteen days after the request for medical certification unless it is impracticable to do so. Employees taking family and medical leave for the birth, adoption or foster care of a son or daughter are not required to obtain a medical certification. The District may request recertification every thirty days. Recertification must be submitted within fifteen days of the District's request.

The District will utilize separate medical certificates forms when employees request leave to care for a family member with a serious health condition and for those situations when the medical need for leave is prompted by the employee's own serious health condition.

The District will notify employees, in writing, of any additional information that is necessary to complete the medical certificate and allow employees seven (7) calendar days to provide said additional information. If the employee fails to submit a complete and sufficient certification despite the opportunity to cure the deficiency, the District may deny FMLA leave.

Family and medical leave requested for the serious health condition of the employee or to care for a

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family member with a serious health condition which is not supported by medical certification shall be denied until such certification is provided. The District requires sufficient FMLA certification in support of any request for FMLA leave for either the employee's own or a covered family member's serious health condition.

Verification must also be presented when requesting FMLA leave to care for the employee's spouse, son, daughter or parent with a serious health condition.

Upon request by the District, employees must provide FMLA certification even when substituting paid leave.

The District may request medical recertification for continuing, open-ended conditions, every six months. Medical recertification may be requested on a more frequent basis if there are other changed circumstances or for other reasons as outlined in the FMLA regulations.

The District may require annual medical certifications in cases where serious health conditions extend beyond a single leave year. This does not apply to certificates to support a request for injured service member leave.

Restoration

An employee's right to return to the same or an equivalent position is contingent upon the employee's continued ability to perform all the essential functions of the position. The District may demand more than a "simple statement" of the ability to return to work. Fitness for duty certification for intermittent leave may be requested by the District if reasonable safety concerns exist.

When the employee returns from leave, the District will restore the employee to the same or an equivalent position with equivalent benefits, pay, terms and conditions of employment shift, and geographically proximate workplace in accordance with Board policy, practices and applicable collective bargaining unit agreements. Employees are entitled to any unconditional pay increase, such as cost of living increases, that occur during the period to their FMLA leave.

Under certain circumstances, the District may deny restoration to a key employee. The District will comply with the notice requirements of the FMLA in denying restoration. A key employee is one who is among the highest paid 10% of the employees and whose absence would cause the District to experience a substantial and grievous economic injury.

Further, the District may deny restoration to an employee if the District shows that the employee would not otherwise be employed at time of reinstatement for reasons such as layoff, shift or special project elimination. In addition, collective bargaining agreements between the Board and employee groups will not diminish the rights of the employee established by FMLA.

A returning employee cannot be restored to a position that requires additional licensure of certification. Employees are not entitled to accrue seniority during any FMLA leave, but taking the leave may not result in the loss of any benefits that were accrued prior to the leave.

Instructional Employees

Special rules apply to instructional employees. Instructional employees are those employees whose principal function is to teach and instruct students in a class, a small group, or an individual setting. This term includes teachers, athletic coaches, driving instructors and special education assistants such as signers for the hearing impaired. It does not include teacher assistants or aides who do not have as their principal job actual teaching or instructing, nor does it include auxiliary personnel such as counselors, psychologists or curriculum specialists. It also does not include cafeteria workers, maintenance workers or bus drivers.

Limitations apply to instructional employees who take intermittent or reduced leave. If the leave requested is

1. to care for a family member, or
2. for the employees own serious health condition and
3. is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment (i.e. chemotherapy, prenatal visits, physical therapy etc.) and
4. the employee would be on leave for more than 20% of the total number of working days over the period the leave would extend,

then the District may require the employee to choose either to:

1. take the leave for a period of a particular duration, not greater than the duration of the planned treatment; or
2. transfer temporarily to an available alternative position for which the employee is qualified, which has equivalent pay and benefits, and which better accommodates recurring periods of leave than does the employee's regular position. However, an instructional employee cannot be transferred to an alternative position when the employee takes intermittent leave that amounts to twenty (20) percent or less of the total number of working days in the period during which the leave would extend.

Intermittent leave is not available to take care of a newborn or recently adopted child.

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Limitations also apply to instructional employees who take leave near the end of a semester. When an instructional employee begins leave more than five weeks before the end of a semester the District may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of the semester if:

1. the leave will last at least three weeks, and
2. the employee would return to work during the three-week period before the end of the semester.

An instructional employee, required to extend his/her leave by the District, shall not have the "extra" leave counted against the employee's 12 work week entitlement unless the employee requests said additional leave be counted against the FMLA entitlement.

When an instructional employee begins leave for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition during the five-week period before the end of the semester, the District may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of the semester if

- (1) the leave will last more than two weeks, and
- (2) the employee would return to work during the two-week period before the end of the semester.

When an instructional employee begins leave for a purpose other than the employee's own serious health condition during the three-week period before the end of a semester, and the leave will last more than five working days, the district may require the employee to continue taking leave until the end of the semester.

Leave may not be counted against an employee during times (vacation periods) when they are not normally required to work.

When the employee is required to take leave until the end of the semester, only the time until the employee is "ready and able" to work shall be charged to FMLA leave.

Failure to Return

The District is entitled to recover health care premiums paid during the leave if the employee fails to return from leave. However, recovery cannot occur if the employee fails to return because of the continuation, recurrence, or onset of a serious health condition or due to circumstances beyond the control of the employee.

Miscellaneous

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1. An employee's serious health condition may also be a disability within the meaning of the Americans with Disability Act (ADA) which may also trigger requests for paid leave or workers' compensation benefits. The District may follow procedures for requesting medical information under the ADA or paid leave or worker's compensation programs without violating the FMLA. The District may also consider any information received pursuant to such procedures or benefit programs in determining an employee's entitlement to FMLA-protected leave.
2. When employees seek leave due to an FMLA-qualifying reason for which the District has previously provided FMLA protected leave, the employee must specifically reference the qualifying reason for leave or the need for FMLA leave.
3. The District requires employees to comply with all usual and customary notice and procedural requirements for requesting leave, absent unusual circumstances. The requirements include providing written notice of the reasons and anticipated start and duration of the leave or requirement that employees contact a specific individual of the District to request leave.
4. If there is a dispute between the District and an employee as to whether leave qualifies as FMLA leave, it shall be resolved through discussions between the District and the employee. The discussions and decisions must be documented in writing.

Board Approved: November 13, 2013

DEFINITION:

All personnel other than those employed certified, licensed professional educators are considered to be non-certified personnel. A full-time person is one who works thirty (30) or more hours per week.

RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION

Recruitment, if determined to be necessary, for all non-professional positions will be done upon the basis of job descriptions which set forth the general qualifications needed, including the skills, level of maturity, ability to work with others, and role within the total school. This job description will also set forth the duties, and line of responsibility. Such job description will be drawn up by the Superintendent, assisted by the Principal, subject to the approval of the Board's Committee concerned with this activity.

Following the development of the job description, candidates may be attracted by advertising or may be drawn from qualified substitutes or applicants already on hand. All vacancies shall be posted on the bulletin board located in the school office. The Superintendent shall make the determination as to which process will be utilized.

Selection will be based upon the submission of a formal application, checking references, possible testing for general ability or specific skills, and a personal interview. Applications will be directed to the Superintendent or the Principal and screening will be done by the Superintendent, the School Principal, and may include a member of the Board's Personnel Committee.

The Superintendent shall insure that the District is in compliance with the provisions of Title I, the No Child Left Behind Act. Manuals and handbooks shall comply with federal law as to the qualifications for instructional personnel. Notice of professional qualifications shall be provided to parents/guardians of students in Title I schools and staffing pattern reviews as required by law shall be conducted annually.

APPOINTMENT

The Board may appoint employees upon recommendation by the Superintendent.

ASSIGNMENT

Following appointment, assignment to duties and duty schedules become the responsibility of the Principal.

RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

Where duty lists and schedules are required beyond those included in general job descriptions, the Principal will be responsible for preparation of such lists. These will be required specifically in the case

of the secretary.

PROBATION AND EVALUATION

All non-certified positions are probationary for a six month period, during which appointments may be terminated by Board action, upon the recommendation of the Superintendent, with one week's notice.

Non-certified personnel will be evaluated in writing annually, according to job descriptions.

(cf. 4111.1 - Affirmative Action)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
46a-60 Discriminatory employment practices prohibited.
46a-81c Sexual orientation discrimination: Employment.
Title VII, Civil Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. 2000e et seq.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Supervision and Evaluation

The Board of Education endorses an annual written and oral evaluation with all employees of the school system. To this end, the Board of Education directs the Superintendent of Schools to use employee evaluation to ensure a high quality of services by employees.

It is also the intention of the Board of Education that all employees receive supervision so all aspects of their assignments are performed properly and competently.

(cf. 4112.1/4212.1 Provisions of Negotiated Agreements)

(cf. 4112.6/4212.6 Personnel Records)

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Dismissal/Suspension

Support staff dismissal procedures and employee terminations or suspensions are the responsibility of the Superintendent, or designee, and shall be in accordance with current state statutes and negotiated employee contracts and with appropriate consideration of an affected employee's constitutional and due process rights and protections.

Legal Counsel. Prior to recommending dismissal or suspension of any employee, the Superintendent will review the issues involved with the Board attorney.

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes
10-151(c) Employment of teachers
(cf. 4212.1 Provisions of Negotiated Agreements)
(cf. 4212.6 Personnel Records)
(cf. 4214 Assignment/Transfer/Reassignment)
(cf. 4218.11 Nondiscrimination)
(cf. 4218.112 Sexual Harassment)
(cf. 4218.14 Disabilities)
(cf. 4218.231 Smoking, Drinking, and Use of Drugs on School Premises)

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Leave of Absence/Benefits

FULL-TIME NON-CERTIFIED PERSONNEL (30 Hours or more)

General Definitions:

Immediate family: is defined as “spouse, parents, grandparents, children, grandchildren, sister, brother or other relative residing in the employee’s household

PERSONAL LEAVE

All full-time non-certified employees are entitled to two (2) personal days per year with full pay for personal business. Personal business defined as business which cannot be conducted during periods when school is in session. Except for an emergency, permission must be obtained from the Principal at least 48 hours in advance. Days may not be taken immediately preceding or following a vacation period or school holiday without the Superintendent’s approval.

VACATION

All full-time non-certified employees will have the same vacation periods as students. There will be no paid vacation period for any full-time non-certified employee.

FAMILY ILLNESS LEAVE

All full-time non-certified employees are entitled to three (3) family illness days per year with full pay for critical illness in the immediate family.

SICK LEAVE

All full-time non-certified employees will receive ten (10) sick days per school year effective each July 1st. Unused sick leave shall be accumulated from year to year, to a total of eighty (80) maximum days.

HOLIDAYS

All full-time non-certified employees are entitled to the following holidays at a full-time rate of pay:

New Year's Day	Labor Day
Martin Luther King Day	Columbus Day
Presidents' Day	Thanksgiving
Good Friday	Christmas
Memorial Day	

Two "Floating Holiday" on a non-school day with prior approval by the principal.

Leave of Absence/Benefits

FULL-TIME NON-CERTIFIED PERSONNEL (30 Hours or more)

BEREAVEMENT

All non-certified personnel shall be entitled to up to five (5) days with pay per occurrence for absence due to death in the immediate family. In the event of the death of an employee's mother-in-law, father-in-law, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, stepmother, stepfather, stepbrother, stepsister, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, aunt or uncle, bereavement leave with pay shall not exceed one (1) day.

MEDICAL BENEFITS

Health coverage is offered for a plan that is similar to the one the Custodian's of Botelle have. Coverage is only offered for an Individual policy. Employee co-pay will be established on a yearly basis. An insurance waiver reimbursement will be offered to those employees not enrolling in the medical insurance program. The reimbursement will be 7% of the total yearly premium.

LIFE INSURANCE

The Board offers all full-time non-certified employees life insurance coverage in the amount of \$10,000. There is no co-pay by the employees.

PENSION PLAN

All full-time non-certified employees will be covered under the Town of Norfolk Pension Plan. Coverage will fall under the rules established by the Town's Pension Committee.

LONGEVITY

A longevity payment of \$150.00 (one hundred fifty dollars) will be made after ten (10) years of continuous employment to all non-certified staff working a minimum of thirty (30) hours per week.

Board Adopted: November 13, 2013

Leave of Absence

PART-TIME NON-CERTIFIED PERSONNEL (Less than 30 Hours)

General Definitions:

Pro-rated day: is defined by the number of hours per day worked by each individual part-time employee.

Immediate family: is defined as “spouse, parents, grandparents, grandchildren, children, sister, brother or other relative residing in the employee’s household

PERSONAL LEAVE

All part-time non-certified employees are entitled to two (2) pro-rated personal days per year with full pay for personal business. Personal business defined as business which cannot be conducted during periods when school is in session. Except for an emergency, permission must be obtained from the Principal at least 48 hours in advance. Days may not be taken immediately preceding or following a vacation period or school holiday without the Superintendent’s approval.

VACATION

All part-time non-certified employees will have the same vacation periods as students. There will be no paid vacation period for any part-time non-certified employee.

FAMILY ILLNESS LEAVE

All part-time non-certified employees are entitled to three (3) pro rated family illness days per year with full pay for critical illness in the immediate family.

SICK LEAVE

All part-time non-certified employees will receive ten (10) pro-rated sick days per school year effective each July 1st. Unused sick leave shall be accumulated from year to year, to a total of eighty (80) maximum days.

BEREAVEMENT

All part-time non-certified personnel shall be entitled to up to five (5) pro-rated days with pay per occurrence for absence due to death in the immediate family. In the event of the death of an employee’s mother-in-law, father-in-law, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, stepmother, stepfather, stepbrother, stepsister, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, aunt or uncle, bereavement leave with pay shall not exceed one (1) pro-rated day

Leave of Absence

PART-TIME NON-CERTIFIED PERSONNEL (Less than 30 Hours)

General Definitions:

Pro-rated day: is defined by the number of hours per day worked by each individual part-time employee.

Immediate family: is defined as “spouse, parents, grandparents, grandchildren, children, sister, brother or other relative residing in the employee’s household

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